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THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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WINCHESTERS IN HAND SEVEN UNMASKED MEN ROB SOUTHERN TRAIN

Robbery Took Place Between Charleston and Augusta, Near Branchville, S. C.

ROBBERS USED WAGON TO CARRY OFF THE SAFE

Engineer Forced To Pull Express, Mail and Baggage Cars to a Lonely Spot Where a Wagon Was in Waiting.

Branchville, S. C., January 27.—A carefully planned and audacious express robbery took place about 7 o'clock on the Southern railway this evening when the passenger train from Charleston reached nearly the exact site of the successful robbery of two years ago, near Fifty-Eight station, 5 miles from Branchville.

Seven men, or probably eight, were riding on the platform between the engine and baggage car, concealed by the darkness. None were masked. At the 55-mile board two men crawled over the tender and covered the engineer, John Reynolds, with winchesters. They fired two shots, one ball passing through Reynolds' cap. Fireman Cobb escaped by jumping off. Conductor Black, who ran out, was also covered and ordered back.

By order of these men a brakeman uncoupled the express, mail and baggage cars, which were taken to Fifty-Eight station, leaving the rest of the train on the main line.

Loaded Safe on Wagon.

Here several shots were fired into the express car and one man, climbing up, covered Express Messenger Hall with a winchester, compelling him to open the door. Three men entered the car and stripped the local safe. After threatening Hall with instant death if he did not open the through safe, and finding he knew nothing of the combination, the safe was rolled out on the platform and placed on a two-horse wagon, which was driven away. Then the engineer was ordered to return to the rest of the train, and he obeyed, bringing the train, with no further incidents, to Branchville. Nothing was seen of the men or the safe on passing Fifty-Eight.

There was only a small amount of booty in the local safe and no one here knows the contents of the through safe. No mail or baggage was touched and no passenger was molested. The robbers took the pistols from the only employees who were armed, and resistance was out of the question. No measures have been made to follow the robbers. It is hoped that the bloodhounds will be on hand in the morning.

Leader Supposed To Be Warren.

The leader is supposed to be the notorious Barton Warren. Warren was arrested charged with having robbed the Southern express car just below Branchville in the fall of 1899. He was tried in 1901, and owing to popular feeling in his favor and his able counsel, the case resulted in a mistrial. His bail was furnished, but there came a revulsion in popular feeling and, fearing conviction, a few days before the next session of the court—five months ago—he brutally murdered Thomas Watson, his former friend, but one of the principal witnesses against him.

Warren has since been at large and some say that he has been seen in Branchville at night several times since, though $800 reward had been offered for his capture. Since the murder it is said there has been another attempt before the daring performance of this afternoon to rob the express train between Branchville and Orangeburg, and this, too, has been attributed to Warren.

Bloodhounds Are Wanted.

Columbia, S. C., January 27.—(Special.) A telegram has been received here asking bloodhounds to pursue the robbers. The postoffice at Walterboro, 20 miles from Branchville, was blown up with dynamite last night and robbed of several hundred dollars. It is believed the same robbers held up the train.

NEW YORK SHROUDED IN FOG.

Business Along the Water Fronts at Standstill.

New York, January 27.—This city and harbor were enveloped in a heavy fog today. All shipping was delayed, ferry boats were run slowly without regard to schedules, and on land all trains were late. Business along the water fronts was at a standstill, no attempt being made to move freight.

The Norfolk and Western Coal Companys' ocean going t W&.N,ug. ooolat pany's ocean-going tug, N. & W., No. 2, crashed into the ferry boat Vermont at 1:15 o'clock this afternoon. The Vermont was in the stream and the tug ran into her forward, smashing part of the women's cabin. The passengers were warned of the approaching danger before the collision and retreated to the stern, and therefore no one was injured.

The tug Dalzell took some of the passengers from the Vermont. The ferry boat was not seriously damaged.

GUILTY LOVERS SOUGHT DEATH

Dr. Zeigler Fatally Wounded Sweetheart in Chicago Hotel and Suicided.

ERRING GIRL TO SHOOT, BUT HER NERVES GAVE WAY

Zeigler's Nerves Also Failed, but He Finally Mustered Enough Courage to Speed the Bullets. Zeigler Had Deserted His Wife.

Chicago, January 27.—Dr. Harry J. Zeigler, of Lancaster, Pa., fatally wounded his wife, Anna, and then killed himself at the Wellington hotel. A note left by the physician declared that he and his wife had decided to die and that as he lacked the nerve, Mrs. Zeigler had promised to commit the act.

The physician and his wife arrived at the Wellington hotel this morning. The two were young and apparently recently married. They retired to their room and about 3 o'clock a call came to the clerk's office. When the bell boy arrived at the room he found the woman tugging at the door. Blood was flowing from a wound in the back of her head.

Young Woman Moaning.

"Oh, my husband has shot himself," she cried, forgetting in her fear for him the pain of her own wound. Dr. B. L. Riese, the house physician, was called. When he arrived the husband was dead and the wife was barely conscious.

A note addressed to a morning newspaper was found in the room; it read:

"My photograph belongs to your paper. We decided to die, but I lack the nerve to shoot, so my wife, Anna, will do it. Send my body home to 316 West King street, Lancaster. Goodby."

Mrs. Zeigler confirmed the contents of the note, which showed that the husband lacked at first the determination to carry out their plans. But she, too, failed, and eventually, she said, her husband shot her and then, thinking she was dead, turned the weapon on himself. Mrs. Zeigler was removed to the Samaritan hospital. When taken to the hospital it was thought Mrs. Zeigler could not recover. After an operation, however, she showed more signs of life, and although the chances are slim, some hope is entertained for her.

A letter to Zeigler questioned him about a divorce he was to secure from a "Miss Baker" at Lancaster.

Mrs. Zeigler's father is Samuel P. Adam, of this city, who is said to be wealthy.

Had Abandoned His Wife.

Lancaster, Pa., January 27.—Harry J. Zeigler, who fatally shot a woman purporting to be his wife and then committed suicide at Chicago today, was a native of this city and lived here until three years ago. He was 26 years old and a son of William J. Zeigler, station master of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company. When a boy Zeigler was wayward and unmanageable. When drinking he frequently got into serious trouble. He served a term on the school ship Saratoga and three years ago enlisted in the regular army and was sent to the Philippines. The last heard from him was a year ago, when his father received a letter dated "Luzon," in which he said he had entered the hospital service, a circumstance that accounts for his title of "doctor."

Zeigler was married about five years ago to Miss Harriet Baker, of this city, who is at her home here and from whom he had not been divorced. When seen tonight Mrs. Zeigler said she had last heard from her husband at Chicago in November and that he then wrote her that he would never return to Lancaster. Since then she had learned that he had been married.

"I don't pity him," she said, "but I feel sorry for the girl."

GORMAN FORMALLY NOTIFIED.

He Says He Proposes To Represent All the People.

Baltimore, January 27.—United States Senator Arthur P. Gorman was officially notified of his election here today. A joint committee from the house and senate conveyed the information, which was officially announced in brief addresses. Mr. Gorman responded briefly. He said in part:

"Governed always by the cardinal principles of the party to which I belong, it will be a pleasure as well as a duty for me on all occasions to represent the whole people—and our honorable opponents in party contests must always feel that they have the right to come to me as freely as if we were members of the same party and they will find in the future as in the past an earnest desire on my part to give them as cordial a reception and accord their suggestions as careful consideration as those coming from members of my own political household."

MONEY PAID FOR MISS STONE.

Release of the Missionary and Her Companion Assured.

London, January 27.—A dispatch from Sofia, Bulgaria, today says that the ransom of Miss Ellen M. Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka, had been paid to the brigands and that the captives are expected to be released today.

CHINESE CHRISTIANS WANTED.

Livernash Says He Favors Their Admission to America.

Washington, January 27.—The senate committee on immigration today continued its hearings on the subject of Chinese exclusion. E. J. Livernash, of California, declared that Chinese exclusion is necessary for the preservation of the welfare of our laboring classes and the promotion of Occidental rather than Oriental civilization. Mr. Livernash said he heartily favored the article of Senator Quay, which would not exclude Chinese Christians.

GIANT BLAST OF DYNAMITE WORKS HAVOC

Six Killed, Hundred Injured and Immense Property Loss by New York Explosion.

GRAND CENTRAL DEPOT LIKE A RUINED CASTLE

Murray Hill Hotel Also Wrecked. Debris Thrown with Force of Cannon Balls — District Attorney Jerome in Fight.

New York, January 27.—The reserve supply of high explosives stored at the Park avenue shaft of the Rapid Transit tunnel, now in course of construction, blew up shortly after noon today. The giant blast killed six persons, injured a hundred others and seriously damaged all the property reached by the flying debris and the vibration of the shock.

The irregular square formed by the Murray Hill hotel on the west, the Manhattan Eye and Ear hospital and the Grand Union hotel on the east and the Grand Central railroad station on the north was the scene of the explosion. The buildings named sustained the greatest damage, but the area affected extended for three blocks in four directions from the center.

THE KILLED:

Adams, Cyrus, a cigar man at the Murray Hill hotel.

Carr, James, 32 years, a waiter employed at the Murray Hill hotel.

Hein, ——, 28 years, of Ansonia, Conn.

Roderick, J., of Nelson, B. C., a guest at the Murray Hill hotel.

Thompson, John H., assistant engineer (all outside reports seem to agree as to this death but his body is not reported by the police or by the hospitals).

Tubbs, William (or Charles), master mechanic for contractor Ira A. Shaler.

Long List of Injured.

The list of injured is an exceedingly long one, but most of those in it have only cuts caused by flying glass. Those more seriously hurt and those from places other than New York city are:

Best, Miss, 18, Newport, R. I., Murray Hill hotel, face and head cut.

Best, Mrs., 40, Newport, R. I., Murray Hill hotel face and head cut.

Bristol, William R., 35, Meriden, Conn., Murray Hill hotel, face and head cut.

Bristol, Walter R, 50, Murray Hill hotel, concussion of brain, St. Vincents hospital.

Bunting, Mrs. James E., Boston, face and hands cut.

Cummings, Mr., Troy, N. Y., hands, face and neck cut.

Cummings, Mrs. S., Troy, N. Y., face and hands cut.

Chapin, George, Stamford, Conn., cuts.

Gaines, Charles E., New York city, shoulder dislocated and many bruises.

Gilchrist, J. C., 45, Columbus, Ohio, Murray Hill hotel, face and head cut.

Juhde, Edward, 719 South Third street, Philadelphia, cut about head.

Lewis, E. M., Lima, Ohio, head and face cut.

Nok, W. J., 31, New York city, severe scalp wounds.

Moore, Mrs. Beniamin, 35, Madison, N. J., Manhattan hospital, face and hands cut.

Ryan, the Rev. Father, New England, head, face and arms cut.

Scott, Mrs. H. C., 40, Kingston, N. Y., face and head cut.

Stanton, Jefferson, Bridgeport, Conn., shock and slight cuts on face.

Weiss, John, New York city, scalp wounds, concussion of brain, internal injuries.

Debris Came Like Cannon Balls.

J. B. Robertson, of Nelson, British Columbia, was killed by debris thrown with the force of artillery into his room at the Murray Hill hotel. He was general manager in Canada for the British Columbia Gold Fields Company, limited, and a prominent citizen in the community where he lived. He was a Scotchman and left a widow and four children. He was said to have been quite wealthy.

The sunken approach to the street railway tunnel used by the Madison avenue line, cuts through Park avenue, and the shaft for the Rapid Transit subway was run down beside it at the intersection of East Fortieth street. The street railway approach was covered by a superstructure used for the operating plant of the rapid transit contractors. Temporary buildings for storage purposes were thrown up against the superstructure at the mouth of the shaft and there the explosion occurred. It tore a great gorge in the street, demolished the temporary buildings and part of the superstructure and sent a mass of earth, splintered timber and twisted iron high in the air. Much of it went battering against the front of the Murray Hill hotel, and, although the walls and main structure of that building stood the shock, nearly every room in the front of the house was wrecked.

The Manhattan Eye and Ear hospital, on the east side of the avenue, fared nearly as bad and had to be abandoned by the management.

The Grand Union hotel lost all of its windows and glass partitions and practically every front window in the Grand Central station was shattered. The great clocks on its front towers were blown from their cases. Thousands of windows, some of them seven blocks from the tunnel shaft, fell in fragments. It was the shower of broken glass and falling debris that injured the greatest number.

Grand Central Station Dismantled.

Fortunately the explosion occurred at the noon hour. Not more than a hundred

Continued on Second Page.

TO PRINCE HENRY ATLANTA EXTENDS WARM INVITATION

Governor Candler and Mayor Mims Have Sent Messages of Invitation.

COUNCIL COMMITTEE TO TAKE MATTER UP

Citizens' Meeting Was Held Yesterday and a Hearty Invitation Extended the Prince—German Societies Enthusiastic.

Governor Candler sent the following telegram to the secretary of state at Washington last night:

January 27, 1902—To the Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.—If Prince Henry accepts the invitation of the city of Atlanta to visit us, he will receive a hearty welcome from the people of Georgia, among the best of whom are some of our German citizens. A. D. CANDLER.

A similar telegram was sent to the secretary of state by Mayor Mims.

At a meeting of the city council yesterday afternoon a committee of five members of the general council was appointed to extend to Prince Henry of Prussia, through the secretary of state and Baron Von Holleben, the German ambassador, a cordial invitation to include Atlanta in his itinerary during his visit to the United States. The committee will send telegrams to this effect to Secretary Hay and Baron Von Holleben this morning. The representative citizens of Atlanta are doing all in their power to have Prince Henry come to Atlanta, and with that end in view a meeting was called at 11 o'clock yesterday morning in the council chamber.

J. K. Orr, president of the chamber of commerce, presided over the meeting, and W. G. Cooper was made secretary. H. H. Cabaniss introduced a resolution providing for a committee of citizens to wait on the city council at its meeting in the afternoon and to request that body to extend an invitation to the prince to visit Atlanta. The committee was also directed to communicate with Governor Candler and ask him to extend a similar invitation. The resolution was unanimously adopted. Mr. Cabaniss moved that Mr. Orr be appointed chairman of the committee and that he be empowered to appoint the other members of the committee, which was carried. Mr. Orr appointed H. H. Cabaniss, Paul Romare, Hoke Smith, J. Wylie Pope, Anton L. Kontz, Captain J. W. English, R. F. Maddox, Burton Smith, James R. Gray and Clark Howell. A motion by Burton Smith that the committee be authorized to call another meeting of the citizens' committee, if deemed necessary, was carried.

Council Acts.

At the meeting of the general council in the afternoon Mr. Orr read the resolution which had been passed by the citizens' committee. He said that he hoped the council would extend a cordial invitation to Prince Henry to visit Atlanta, as his trip to this country would be incomplete if he failed to visit the southern metropolis. He stated that the people of Atlanta were all desirous of having the distinguished visitor as their guest, and that while they loved liberty they liked to see nobility. Albert Orth, representing a committee appointed by the Freundschaftsbund, a prominent German society, read a set of resolutions which had been passed at a meeting of the society on Sunday. Mr. Orth stated that his committee had been appointed to wait upon the council.

The following resolution, by Councilman Beck, was read by the clerk:

Whereas, a committee from a citizens' meeting, called by the president of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce, has appeared before the council asking that the mayor and general council extend to Prince Henry of Prussia an invitation, through the state department and the German ambassador, and request him to include Atlanta in his itinerary during his visit to America; therefore, be it

Resolved, That a committee of five members from the general council be appointed by the mayor pro tem. to extend such invitation.

Alderman Welch offered an amendment that the mayor be made a member of the committee, and the resolution was unanimously adopted. The following were appointed to the committee: Mayor Mims, Councilman J. F. Beck, Councilman E. C. Kontz, Councilman C. S. Winn and Alderman M. T. LaHatte. The council committee of five will hold a meeting in the council chamber this morning, when telegrams will be dispatched to Baron Von Holleben and Secretary of State Hay.

MARTIAL COURTS ARE BUSY.

Some Interesting Cases Are Reported from the Philippines.

Washington, January 27.—The Philippine mail received at the war department brings the record of a number of courts martial of natives by American military commissioners.

The most interesting case was that of Gabino De La Cruz, a native, tried recently for a crime alleged to have been committed in June, 1899. The specifications alleged that Cruz boloed an unknown American to death while the latter was asleep in the streets of Bocaue, Bulacan, and helplessly intoxicated. General Chaffee criticised the finding of the military committee which found Cruz guilty of all the allegations of the specifications without exception, whereas no evidence was submitted to show that the soldier was killed with a bolo or was asleep and drunk and no one appeared to have seen the blow struck. General Chaffee said that a strong chain of circumstntial evidence connected Cruz with the crime and while revoking the death sentence, decreed three years' imprisonment at hard labor.

Six natives, members of a band of outlaws, to create a feeling of ill-will, bound and carried away to an isolated spot a native named Daos and shot him to death. Returning to the victim's house they seized his wife and shortly put her to death also. One of the natives was acquitted, three were sentenced to be hanged, sentence being approved, one was already serving a sentence of twenty years' imprisonment for other crime, in view of which sentence against him was remitted and the remaining one had died last August.

COUNCIL CONSENTS TO MERGING OF RAILWAYS



PRINCE HENRY OF PRUSSIA.

Adopts Report of Special Committee Which Stipulates the Terms.

ATKINSON WILL GIVE A DEFINITE ANSWER SOON

He Made a New Proposal to the Committee Yesterday Morning, but the Agreement Formulated Friday Was Unanimously Adopted.

Council has put it squarely up to Mr. Atkinson to say whether or not he will accept the terms of consolidation as agreed upon by the special committee of eleven. The committee stands by its report formulated last Friday afternoon and council has adopted the paper. It will be sent to the aldermanic board next week, and the indications are that the paper will be concurred in by that body.

Mr. Atkinson has not given the city any definite or final answer regarding the terms of the agreement, but proposes to take the matter up with the interested parties in the north, and will probably be in a position to announce a decision in the course of the next few days. Mayor Mims was present when the committee's report, which is in the shape of an ordinance, was read and adopted yesterday. When asked what he thought of the paper he said he liked some of the provisions, but would prefer not to give an opinion as to others which he desired to further consider.

Stood by the Report.

The special committee held its last meeting yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in the city attorney's office. The report, as prepared by City Attorney Mayson, was read and the committee was unanimous in adopting it. Mr. Atkinson agreed to all the terms except those calling for the payment of a percentage on gross receipts. He said he thought the committee was adopting the wrong principle in insisting upon putting a tax upon the receipts of the consolidated properties both inside and outside the city.

He declared that this provision would undoubtedly be instrumental in preventing the extension of several very important suburban lines which were now contemplated. If those who were to invest the capital in such extensions were to be subjected to this tax they would be loath to put up the money for the lines, he said. Mr. Atkinson stated that he had already had surveys made of a line to Marietta and hoped to see the plan materialize, but he considered it very doubtful if the tax on gross receipts was to apply to the entire street railway systems.

He announced that he would be willing to pay 1 per cent each year for five years on gross receipts from the property inside the city; 2 per cent each year for the five years following, and 3 per cent per year from that time on until the end of the agreement.

The committee went into executive session to consider this proposal. When the meeting was over the members announced that they had decided to stand by the original report. This provides that the gross receipt tax shall be upon the properties inside and outside the city and the franchise of all the companies shall remain as they now are. As to the gross receipt tax the committee insists that 1 per cent be paid each year for the first three years; 2 per cent each year for the next twenty years, and 3 per cent each year until the end of the agreemnt.

Consolidating Ordinance.

The report of the special committee is as follows:

An ordinance to provide for the consolidation of the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, Georgia Electric Light Company and Atlanta Steam Company, and for other purposes.

Section 1. The mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta do hereby ordain that the authority, right, permission and consent are hereby granted to the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, Georgia Electric Light Company and Atlanta Steam Company, and the successors and assigns of each, to consolidate, unite and merge the said companies, or any of them, and the properties, businesses, stations, lines, tracks, pipes, cables, wires, conduits, rights, privileges and franchises, or any part thereof, of said companies or any of them, in such form and manner, according to such plan, at such time or times, and upon such terms as the companies entering into such consolidation may desire or deem to their best interests. In order to fully and effectually accomplish such consolidation, authority, power and consent are hereby granted to each of said companies, its successors and assigns, to sell, dispose of, lease, assign, set over, transfer and convey all, or any part of its business, property, stations, lines, poles, pipes, conduits tracks, rights, privileges and franchises, and the said rights, privileges and franchises so assigned, set over, transferred or conveyed are hereby regranted and reconsented by the city of Atlanta to the persons or company to which the same are assigned, transferred or conveyed them and their heirs, successors and assigns, upon the same terms and conditions contained in said grants, except as the same may be here modified.

Sec. 2. Be it further ordained that the said consolidated company, its successors and assigns, shall have, and it and they are hereby granted the right, power, consent and permission to hold, enjoy, use, equip and operate the street railway lines, tracks, rights and privileges so acquired upon the terms and conditions as to each of said lines contained in the grant under which the said line was constructed, the terms and conditions of each remaining the same as to the line constructed under it, except as such terms and conditions may be herein modified.

Sec. 3. Be it further ordained. That the said consolidated company, its successors and assigns, shall have, and it and they are hereby granted the right, power, consent and permission to hold, enjoy, use, equip and operate the electric light, [illegible] and p[illegible], Paducah, Ky. [illegible] wires,

HE WAS TORTURED AT STAKE.

Indians Visit Fearful Vengeance on Assailant of Women.

Guthrie, Okla., January 27.—Fred Tiner, a full blood Shawnee Indian, alleged to have criminally assaulted three Shawnee squaws on last Thursday, was tied to a stake to be burned to death by members of his tribe, men and women. He was first cruelly tortured. His face was beaten out of shape, his ears were torn nearly off by squaws and other horrible tortures were being applied when Deputy United States Marshal Davis arrived from Arbeka, Ind. T., held the mob back with a gun and single-handed cut the thongs, backed away from the crowd with his prisoner and safely escaped to Weweeka, where Tiner was placed in jail.

HARRY M. WELDON HAS PASSED

Famous Sporting Editor Dies at His Home in Ohio.

Cincinnati, January 27.—Harry M. Weldon, formerly sporting editor of The Cincinnati Enquirer, died at his home at Circleville, Ohio, tonight.

BRIBED TO GIVE FRANCHISE.

Former St. Louis Aldermen Taken on Bench Warrants.

St. Louis, January 27.—Emile A. Meisenburg, member of the city council; Charles Krtaz, ex-member of the city council, and John K. Murrell, ex-member of the house of delegates, were arrested tonight on bench warrants in connection with an alleged bribery case in which the Suburban City Railway Company plays an important part. All the men were released on a $5,000 bail each.

About two years ago it is alleged $135,000 was deposited in a safe deposit box by the Suburban railroad company, $75,000 of which, it is alleged, was to be paid to the house of delegates, and $60,000 to the city council in case a bill for the extension of the Suburban railway franchise was passed and became a law. The council passed the measure, but a writ of prohibition from the supreme court stopped it in the house. It is said that the grand jury has from twelve to fourteen other indictments in the same case.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS

FORECAST.

Generally fair, much colder Tuesday, with a cold wave in northwest portion and at night in southern portion; fresh to brisk northerly winds; Wednesday fair, continued cold.

Hightest temperature	60	Normal temperature	46
Lowest temperature	36	Precipitation for past 24 hours	18
Mean temperature	48	Deficiency since first of month	3.62

LOCAL.

Council yesterday adopted the report of the special tax committee, which stipulated the terms for consolidating the different public utility corporations represented by Mr. Atkinson.

An unsuccessful effort was made yesterday in council to break the January apportionment sheet. The paper was neither adopted nor rejected, but will come up for consideration again during the regular meeting of council next Monday.

Mayor and council will postpone trip to Charleston until the latter part of March.

State Treasurer Park has paid out nearly a million dollars on pensions and schools in the last two weeks.

GEORGIA

Following the recent assertion of State Chemist McCandless, by whom a test of the oil found in Marietta was made, an interesting statement comes from Lawyer Cheney, who procured the sample.

Fred Oliver, the negro who was arrested in Jefferson on suspicion of having attempted a criminal assault, yesterday confessed to Chief of Police Collins, offering as an excuse that he was drunk.

Government Inspector Haverstick yesterday examined the United States building in Macon. He complimented its condition and said the city is entitled to the new building now being sought.

SOUTHERN

The crew of the Norwegian steamer Daggery, which stranded near Gulf Shoals, Va., refused to leave the endangered vessel until after the graver danger had passed. They hoped to save salvage for the ship owners.

A train of the Southern railway between Charleston and Augusta was held up by robbers yesterday and the safe and other contents of the express car were carried away in a wagon. One suspect is under arrest.

By the overturning of a gun carriage three men of the Second field artillery were badly injured, one fatally, during a drill yesterday at Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Albert F. German, formerly individual bookkeeper for the Third national bank of Louisville, Ky., who was arrested recently on the charge of making false entries, was rearrested yesterday that his bond might be increased.

DOMESTIC.

By the explosion of dynamite in the Rapid Transit tunnel at New York, six persons were killed and over a hundred injured. The Murray Hill hotel, Grand Central station and other buildings were shattered.

There was a sharp debate in the senate on the Philippine question, many senators severely criticising General Wheaton for his remarks about President Schurman's speech. Senator Money, of Mississippi, said we ought to let the Philippines go to the devil.

The school children of Chicago were enthusiastic in their reception of Admiral Schley. When the admiral appeared the children sang "See, the Conquering Hero Comes."

FOREIGN.

The project for an international court of claims to decide all pecuniary controversies is before the Pan-American congress. It is really a plan for compulsory arbitration.

It is claimed that the ransom money has been paid to the brigands and that Miss Stone and her companion will be soon released.

In the Cuban postal frauds case at Havana, Inspector Gregory testified that Neely's shortage was $131,412.

COUNCIL CONSENTS TO MERGING OF RAILWAYS

conductors, cables, insulators, manholes, service boxes, services, poles, appliances and connections, and the rights and privileges of the constituent companies so acquired by the consolidated company, upon the terms and conditions contained in the grant to the Georgia Electric Light Company approved December 2, 1899, and those adopted April 6, 1892, and December 3, 1883, and all the terms and conditions contained in the electric light franchise granted to the Atlanta Railway and Power Company approved April 2, 1901, different from or not contained in the said grants to the Georgia Electric Light Company, be and the same are hereby repealed. And right and permission are hereby granted the said consolidated company, its successors and assigns, to open the streets, avenues, alleys and public places, or such of them as it or they may from time to time deem necessary or proper within the close or inner district of the fire limits of the city of Atlanta, and to lay, maintain and use therein conduits, ducts, wires, conductors, cables, insulators, manholes, service boxes, services, and all necessary appliances and connections, and to use the streets, alleys and public places as from time to time it may be deemed proper or necessary without the present inner fire limits, for the erection and maintenance of poles and the stringing of wires, cables, insulators, and all necessary appliances and connections for the business and purpose of conveying, using, conducting, supplying and distributing electricity for light, heat or power, for public or private use, upon the terms and conditions contained in said grants hereinbefore referred to as having been heretofore made to the Georgia Electric Light Company. And to reenter upon such streets, alleys, avenues and public places, from time to time as may be necessary for the extension, operation, repair and renewal of the same, or any portion thereof.

Conflicting Clauses Repealed.

Sec. 4. But it further ordained, That the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, its successors and assigns, are hereby relieved and released from completing the works, structures and conduits required by the ordinance approved April 22, 1901, granting it an electric light franchise, and of all liability under said ordinance, and that the bond given under said ordinance is hereby canceled, and the principal and surety thereon released and discharged from all liability.

Sec. 5. Be it further ordained, That the consolidated company, its successors and assigns, shall have, and it and they are hereby granted the right, power, consent and permission to hold, enjoy, use, equip, maintain and operate the steam pipes, branches, cut offs, manholes, connections and appliances and the rights and privileges connected with the steam business and property so acquired, upon the same terms and conditions contained in the grant made to E. Woodruff and others, their successors and assigns, approved February 26, 1900, except the provision requiring a payment to the city of a percentage or portion of the gross receipts of such business, which provision is hereby repealed.

Sec. 6 Be it further ordained, That the general ordinance on the subject of street railways and their operation and control, approved August 22, 1898, and contained in the city code, sections 1351 (a) to 1351 (m), both inclusive, be and the same are hereby repealed. It is also ordained and agreed that said consolidated company, its successors and assigns, shall be allowed to haul and convey freight and property upon and over its railways and lines in the city of Atlanta subject to such reasonable rules and regulations as may from time to time be adopted by the mayor and general council.

Sec. 7. Be it further ordained, That any and all provisions contained in any general ordinance of the city, or in any section of the city code, or in any of the grants and franchises heretofore made to or now owned by the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, the Georgia Electric Light Company or the Atlanta Steam Heat Company preventing or restricting a sale, transfer, disposition or assignment of any part of their property, or franchises, or providing for any payment upon gross receipts, or forbidding, restricting, limiting or placing penalties upon consolidation, merger or sale of or by any of said companies, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Sec. 8. The city of Atlanta hereby reserves the right to condemn such portions of the lines of the street railways now held, owned and operated by the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, whether then held and owned by the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, its successors or assigns or merged into the consolidated company, not exceeding five blocks at any one place, as may be necessary, in the judgment of the mayor and general council, for allowing other street car companies to enter the central portion of the city upon payment of just compensation to the railway company whose tracks are to be condemned, whether held by the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company or the consolidated company, its successors or assigns.

The city of Atlanta hereby further reserves the right to condemn such portions of the lines of street railway now held, owned and operated by the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, whether then held and owned by the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, its successors or assigns or merged into the consolidated company, not exceeding five blocks, as may be necessary for the allowing of other street car companies to enter the central portion of the city, upon payment of just compensation to said company, its successors and assigns.

City Reserves Rights.

The city further reserves the right to allow other railway companies to pass over Whitehall street viaduct and the tracks constructed on such street and viaduct by the city, and in the event said city shall permit any other company to use said viaduct and tracks thereon, the same shall be upon the condition that the company so using shall be required to pay at least an equal amount to that required to be paid by the Collins Park and Belt Railroad Company or the equivalent of said sum in annual rental to the city of Atlanta or 5 per centum per annum on fifty thousand. Said sums collected for the use of said viaduct to be paid to the city of Atlanta for its use.

The city further reserves the right as against the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company to allow other railway companies to pass over and use whatever rights, powers and tracks the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company has on Peachtree street from Auburn avenue south and Whitehall street from Alabama street, from Alabama street, south, to Mitchell street, this use and purpose to be used by such other companies in order to reach Whitehall street viaduct, such permission, however, to preserve to said Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, its successors and assigns, the use of said viaduct and streets, as and for the period heretofore granted, so long as it complies with terms of grant held by them, and also to preserve to said consolidated company the use of said viaduct herein granted and the rights in said street heretofore granted to Atlanta Railway and Power Company; such use, however, not to be exclusive. In the event said city shall permit any other company to use the rights, powers and tracks of the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, the same shall be upon condition that the company so using shall pay a proper sum for the use thereof, the amount to be fixed by the mayor and general council. This sum to be paid to the said Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, its successors and assigns, for its use and their use.

The reservation of the right to allow other companies to use the rights, powers and tracks of the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company on Peachtree street from Auburn avenue south and on Whitehall street from Alabama street, south, to Mitchell street, is without prejudice to the rights and interests which the Atlanta Railway and Power Company has in such tracks, whether such rights and interests are then held by the Atlanta Railway and Power Company, its successors or assigns or merged into the consolidated company, but as to such tracks the rights of each of said companies now owning or having an interest therein are to stand and be treated as they now are in the separate companies just as if they had not been consolidated, whether such rights are then held by said separate companies, or their successors or assigns, or merged in the consolidated company.

It is intended hereby that the rights of condemnation herein reserved shall not be in addition to such rights as have been heretofore reserved in the separate franchises, but in lieu thereof.

Cars Across Viaduct.

Sec. 9. Be it further ordained, that said consolidated company shall have the right to operate its entire system and all of the cars across the Whitehall street viaduct as part of its system without payment of any sum, should said consolidated company acquire the tracks and privileges of the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company, the sum of $50,000 heretofore paid by the Atlanta Rapid Transit Company for the privilege of operating cars across said viaduct being accepted as full payment for such privilege to said consolidated company, nor shall any additional sum be required to be paid by said consolidated company for the privilege of operating upon or across any other bridge or viaduct in the city now built other than the sum now being paid by the constituent company on such bridge, the payment now required of the constituent company being in full for the privilege to the consolidated company.

Sec. 10. Be it further ordained, that said consolidated company, its successors and assigns, are hereby granted the right and permission to physically connect, merge and consolidate the said properties which it may acquire, wherever it desires, and to construct and lay such double tracks, curves, switches, connection, wires, tracks, etc., as it may from time to time deem proper for this purpose, or for the purpose of rendering efficient service, and to straighten cut the kink in it track and lines; it being the intention to allow the full and complete consolidation of the companies hereinbefore referred to and their properties whereby the freest possible use and profit thereof may result to said consolidated company and so that said company may consolidate, control and operate all of said properties as it may desire, subject only to proper police laws and restrictions.

Sec. 11. Be it further ordained, that the rights, privileges and grants herein contained are made for the consideration and upon the terms and conditions following, towit:

(a). Said consolidated company shall within thirty days following the fact of such consolidation pay into the treasury of the city of Atlanta the sum of $50,000.

(b). Said consolidated company, its successors or assigns, shall also be bound to pay on or before the first day of February of each year, beginning with the year 1903, into the treasury of the city of Atlanta, the following percentages upon the gross amounts received by said company, its successors and assigns, from car fares and tolls for passengers and property, or the sale or supply of electric current for light, heat and power, and the sale or supply of steam heat, whether such receipts be carried within or without the limits of the city of Atlanta, to-wit: For the first three years beginning with 1902, 1 per cent per annum of said receipts; for the following twenty years beginning with the year 1905, 2 per cent per annum of said receipts; and thereafter, 3 per cent per annum of said receipts.

(c). The mayor and general council shall appoint or provide for a committee or board to make examinations of the books and records of said company to ascertain the amount of its said gross receipts, and make report thereof to the general council prior to February 1st of each year; and said company shall also on or before the first day of February file a statement of such gross receipts sworn to by an officer of the company. Said statement and report shall cover the calendar year; that is, from January 1st to December 31st of the year preceding each February at which said reports and statements are made.

Gross Receipt Tax.

(d). The payment of percentage of gross receipts above provided for shall be in lieu of specific, occupation, license, excise, special franchise tax not included in ad valorem taxes or charges by the city of Atlanta, and in full of all money demands or charges whatever, except ad valorem taxes, paving charges as now provided by law, and bridge rentals, and whatever shall be at any time required or exacted on any of said accounts, or any account other than ad valorem taxes, paving charges and bridge rentals, shall operate to reduce to that extent the amounts due from the percentages above provided for.

(e). The said consolidated company shall, for the purpose of giving one continuous ride inside the city of Atlanta from a point on one of its lines to a point on another of its lines, which, however, does not carry the passengers on a parallel line or in the same general direction from which he came, grant one transfer ticket on the payment of one full fare, provided such transfer is requested at the time of payment of the fare, provided the company shall have the right to make such reasonable rules and regulations as to limited time in which they are used, so that they will be available only for the first connecting car, and as to any other matters necessary or proper to protect said company from imposition or abuse or assignment of such transfers, and to avoid liability in damages from mistakes by employees in regard to said transfers.

Section 12. Be it further ordained, that the terms of this ordinance shall be accepted by said consolidated company upon its formation so as to bind it to the terms hereof, and the provisions of this ordinance shall not be effective until so accepted. It is further understood and intended hereby that wherever the name "Consolidated Company" is used herein it means that company into which the companies above named, or any two or more of them, are consolidated, merged or united, whether one of the existing companies or a new company; provided that no benefit hereunder and no repeal of any ordinance or part thereof made hereby shall accrue or apply to any of said companies not included in said consolidated company, but as to any company which does not come into the consolidation provided for hereby, the city shall and does preserve all said ordinances and all powers and rights which the city now has or may hereafter acquire.

Section 13. Be it further ordained, that should the city of Atlanta ever at any time construct, lease, purchase, acquire, hold, own, use or operate an electric lighting or power plant than the percentages hereinbefore provided to be paid by said company shall abate as

LOVE

Lives only in the present. Nature throws a glamor around youth and maiden, so that although they saw misery and marriage walking hand in hand in every home in the world they would fondly believe that they could marry and defy misery.



Young women should be taught to prepare for marriage. They should understand how to preserve their womanly health through the functional changes of maternity. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the most effective medicine for the preservation of womanly health and the cure of womanly diseases. It regulates the periods, dries enfeebling drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, and cures female weakness. It prepares the womanly organism for maternity and makes the birth hour practically painless.

"Favorite Prescription" contains no alcohol, neither opium, cocaine, nor other narcotic.

"My wife was afflicted with uterine trouble for several years," writes Mr. J. C. Day, of Little Britain, Lancaster Co., Pa., "and in November, 1898, the doctor said she had a miscarriage. He treated her for about two months or so, but there was but little improvement. I wrote you after she had commenced to take 'Favorite Prescription' and you told us to get 'Golden Medical Discovery' also. She took six or seven bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and two of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and got out of bed and was able to attend to her household work."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness.

Catarrh

Is a discharge from the mucous membrane of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels etc., when kept in a state of inflammation by an impure condition of the blood and a want of tone in the system.

Soothe the inflamed membrane, strengthen the weakened system, and the discharge will stop—to do this purify the blood.

"I was troubled with catarrh for years and tried various remedies but found nothing that would cure me. I then resolved to try Hood's Sarsaparilla and took four bottles which entirely cured me. I have never been troubled with catarrh since. As a blood purifier I can find nothing else equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla." WILLIAM SHERMAN, 1030 6th St., Milwaukee, Wis.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Cures catarrh radically and permanently—removes its cause and overcomes all its effects.

DEATH AND RUIN FROM DYNAMITE

Continued from First Page.

persons were in the main waiting room of the Grand Central station, though in the smoking room at the southwest corner, a number of men were lounging. Some of these were slightly injured by bits of glass. Four ticket sellers were injured. They stood in the pathway of this blast and were all cut about the heads and arms with the flying slivers. The clerical force in the executive offices of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, which occupy the floors above the first in the eastern wing of the depot, were thrown about by the shock. A. T. Turner, a record clerk in Superintendent Sherpard's office, was thrown from his chair and his hands were badly lacerated. In the next room to Turner's, Chief Dispatcher G. H. Wilson and his four assistants who were directing the trains of the New Haven line, having several hundred trains to look out, were scratched with flying glass, but did not leave their chairs, even when they could not see their instruments because of the smoke. One man, Foster, who was watching a single track strip in Connecticut, did not even get up to look at the ruins after the smoke cleared away.

The station tonight presented somewhat the appearance of a dismantled castle, the big windows only ragged holes.

General alarms brought firemen, police, reserves and every available ambulance to the scene and the injured were speedily cared for. A majority of the injured were treated on the spot and the ambulance surgeons worked for an hour in the debris strewn streets. Police lines were thrown across either end of Park avenue and across the intersecting streets. Several times the police cleared the streets of people in front of the Murray Hill hotel. Torrents of water from broken mains poured into the tunnel shaft while the wreckage was being cleared from the street railway subway and it was feared that the street might cave in.

Cause Is Not Known.

The cause of the explosion and the quantity of the explosives that blew up are not definitely known. Several causes have been advanced. One was that a fire started near the powder room and that Master Mechanic William Tubbs lost his life in a desperate attempt to quench it before it reached the deadly fuel. Another was that it started from a spark produced by a stray current of electricity. A third placed the blame upon a blast in the tunnel. Still another gave a gas explosion from electrical contact in the trolley conduit of the street railway subway. It will probably take an official investigation to reveal the true explanation. Several men who were very close to the shaft escaped, while others hundreds of feet away were knocked down and seriously injured.

District Attorney Jerome visited the scene and made an investigation to guide him in the official inquiry and possible criminal prosecution that will follow.

Ira A. Shaler, engineer in charge of the work at Park avenue; John Bracken, a foreman, and Martin McGrath, an assistant foreman, were placed under arrest and charged with homicide. William Barclay Parsons, an engineer of the Rapid Transit commission, said that Shaler was one of the most competent and careful engineers he ever knew.

The damage may exceed $1,000,000. The first estimate on the Murray Hill hotel placed the loss at $100,000, but later the hotel was abandoned as unsafe. If the building is condemned the loss on it alone will approach $1,000,000. The damage to the Grand Union was estimated at $40,000, and that to the Manhattan hospital at $25,000. The loss at the Grand Central station was entirely in glass as was that of the one hundred or more buildings affected by the explosion. No estimate was made of the losses sustained by the Rapid Transit contractors.

Jerome in a Free Fight.

There was a clash in court this afternoon between District Attorney Jerome and Coroner Goldenkranz, resulting in the former being struck in the face by a clerk. Mr. Jerome was in his offices examining Shaler, Bracken and McGrath, the men under arrest, when a policeman assigned to the coroner's office entered and under the coroner's instructions demanded that the prisoners appear before that official. Mr. Jerome allowed them to go, but he and his assistants followed. The district attorney told the coroner that there was no information in the patrolman's affidavit on which to hold anybody and there was a wordy wrangle between the officials. In spite of protests, the coroner gave the case to the jurymen, who returned a verdict recommending the discharge of the prisoners. The coroner then opened court as a sitting magistrate, had the men rearrested and held them without bail. More protests came from Mr. Jerome, and the coroner changed his decision, holding the men in $10,000 bonds each.

All this had worked up the feelings of everybody so much that there was a free fight. Mr. Jerome received a blow in the face from a coroner's clerk, who in turn was beaten by two of the district attorney's detectives. Then the detectives and the clerk had each other arrested, but soon better counsel prevailed and all charges were withdrawn for the present.

Candle by Dynamite.

Moses Epps, a power man in charge of the shanty where the explosion occurred, is at Flowers hospital suffering from contusions and shock. He said that on going to the shanty about noon he found a candle, which he had left lighted on a shelf, lying on the floor and some paper which was about it was on fire. Close to this burning paper were thirteen boxes of dynamite cartridges, each box containing from sixty to seventy-five cartridges. This evening Epps was practically a prisoner, a policeman having assigned to guard him.

In addition to those already mentioned as under arrest Andrew Murray was tonight locked up. Murray had charge of the dynamite. He said there were about twenty sticks of dynamite in the shanty.

YOUR FOOTSTEPS

By the depth of his footstep in the earth the Indians tell the weight of a man. Do you tread shallow or deep? Perhaps you would like to weigh more? If you are below weight and find that ordinary food does not build you up try Scott's Emulsion.

It is not a drug but a food that time has shown to have a real value in such cases as yours.

We'll send you a little to try, if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl street, New York.

MONEY SHEET REMAINS INTACT

Effort Was Made to Break Paper During Council's Session.

HAS GOT TO BE ADOPTED OR REJECTED BY THE BODY

Councilman Beck Declared That Freight Rates Committee Should Be Abolished Unless Provided with Funds To Carry on Work.

Whatever designs members of council had on the January apportionment sheet were not realized at yesterday's meeting of council. The sheet remains intact, but it has been neither adopted nor rejected. No less than six different amendments were proposed to the paper, but none of them were adopted.

A majority of these amendments were defeated, while several remain to be acted upon.

Council adjourned while a debate was going on relative to one of the amendments, and, as a consequence, further consideration of the document will be taken up next Monday afternoon when the city fathers convene in regular session. Those who attended yesterday's meeting expecting a red hot session were disappointed. There was plenty of discussion, but nothing of a sensational nature developed.

Naturally considerable interest centered about council's action in regard to the January apportionment sheet, which was prepared by the city finance committee and submitted to the general body a week ago. It was generally understood that a strong effort would be made to break the sheet, and this understanding was amply verified when the amendments were sent to the clerk's desk. Heads of departments, members of city boards and a number of clerks were in the council chamber during the discussion on the apportionment sheet, and all were drawn there by the desire to know whether the appropriations to their departments would be increased or curtailed.

Six Amendments Proposed.

The sheet was read by City Clerk Campbell, in accordance with the wishes of council, and those members who had amendments to propose, introduced them at that time. The first amendment came from Alderman Woodward. It proposed to take $27,000 from the apportionment made the water works department for pipe fund and $5,000 from the department of police, making a total of $32,000, which he desired to have reapportioned as follows: $6,750 to restore the salaries of 125 policemen, subjected to a cut of 7½ per cent in 1896; $4,500 to restore the salaries of 75 members of the fire department, exclusive of officers; $8,080 to restore the salaries of teachers in the grammar schools who were receiving $650 a year or less; $4,000 for electric lights, and the remaining $8,670 to the chert fund.

Alderman Johnson introduced two amendments. One provided that $300, to be taken from the department of contingent, be appropriated to the Tabernacle Home for Helpless Women and Children. The other provided that $2,500 be added to the apportionment made to the Technological school so that the institution should receive $5,000 in all from the city. In order to get this additional sum, he proposed taking half of the $2,500 from the apportionment made to the Grady hospital and the other half from the sanitary department. When the amendments were being discussed Mr. Johnson moved that these two be referred to the finance committee, and that action was taken.

From Councilman J. Frank Beck came an amendment providing that $1,500 be appropriated to the committee on manufacturers, statistics, freight rates and transportation, this amount to be taken from the equipment fund of the water works department. This amendment was voted down, but the discussion which it provoked was of a very interesting nature. Councilman Beck, who is chairman of the committee, declared that if council had no intention of giving the committee funds with which to carry on its work he hoped the committee would be abolished.

Councilman Kontz, chairman of the finance committee, explained that when this particular matter was being considered by his committee, it was brought out that the money asked for by the chairman would be used in advertising the city. The city attorney's opinion had been asked and he had stated that to pass it up for that purpose would be illegal. Mr. Mayson reiterated the statement before council when the point was brought up.

Paper Not in Shape.

It was also brought out that the equipment fund of the water works was from the bond issue and could not, therefore, be interefered with. Although the paper had several friends, it was voted down because it was not in proper shape.

Later Mr. Beck introduced another amendment providing that $1,000 be set aside for the use of his committee, the amount to be taken from the sanitary expense fund. This paper will be considered next Monday, when consideration of the apportionment sheet is resumed.

In advocating the adoption of his amendment, Mr. Beck said it was his purpose to make the committee one of the most important in council. He believed that it could do great good for the city, and he asserted that unless it was given some money with which to accomplish something definite there was no use in having the committee at all. Councilman Beck declared that if the committee was to remain a nonentity an injustice had been done him in appointing him chairman.

Alderman Johnson took the same position in regard to the matter as did Mr. Beck. He asserted that, with all due respect to the opinion of the city attorney, he was confident the committee was entitled to some money with which to prosecute the work which, as a matter of course, would fall to its lot to consider and take action upon.

Councilman Hill took the position that if the city was ever to take steps to regulate the matter of freight rates, the work would, of necessity, be done through Councilman Beck's committee. He declared that Atlanta was being discriminated against in the matter of freight rates, and he considered that the committee would do a great work if it took up and investigated this particular question.

Wanted Prison Enlarged.

The other two amendments proposed to the sheet were introduced by Councilman Garrett. The first of these stipulated that $2,000 be taken from the department of tax to be added to the $2,000 already appropriated to enlarge the prison building at the city stockade and build new stables at the same place. He characterized the city stockade as a "Siberian hole," and declared that something should be done to provide sufficient room there for the comfort of the prisoners. He said the fact that there was so little room at the city prison and that prisoners were herded together in large numbers was "a shame and a disgrace upon the city." The amendment was voted down.

His other amendment provided that $11,000 be taken from the pipe fund of the water works department appropriation and added to the $3,000 already passed up for the chert fund, making that fund $14,000. Adjournment was taken before this amendment was reached. It will come up again when council meets in regular session next week.

The chief discussion occurred on Alderman Woodward's amendment providing for a restoration of salaries. While the discussion was at its height Councilman Hill moved to adjourn and this received Alderman Longino's second. The yea-and-nay vote was called, and council adjourned by a vote of 10 to 9.

THE HIGHEST GRADE WEATHER-PROOF SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN IS A FRENCH ENAMEL CALF.



We have just put on sale a lot of "J. & M.'s" ..... "Johnston & Murphy's" remember!

These sold for $6.50 a pair. Few men buy such good Shoes, but THOSE men know how to live.

It's like porterhouse and pate-de-fois-gras.

$4.75 is the price now. Lace or Bluchers.



Byck Bro's. & Co.
FOOT COVERERS FOR MANKIND.

WANTS TRUNK SEWERS FIXED

Councilman Winn Says Money Is Needed To Do Work.

HOPES TO SECURE $25,000 FROM CONSOLIDATION DEAL

He Introduces Resolution Calling Attention to the Gravity of the Situation and Paper Was Unanimously Adopted by Council.

Councilman Winn, of the second ward, yesterday took the initiative in the movement looking to the extension of trunk sewers in Atlanta, by introducing, during the meeting of council, a resolution calling upon the finance committee to set aside at least $25,000 to start the work.

The resolution stipulates that the amount named be taken from the $50,000 which the public utility corporations will pay into the city treasury for the privilege of consolidating, provided, of course, Mr. Atkinson agrees to the terms outlined by the special tax committee.

In introducing the resolution Mr. Winn called attention to the fact that the apportionment sheet only gave the committee on sewers and drains $5,000 to spend in extending trunk sewers. This sum, he asserted, was too small to be of any practical use for the purpose for which it was intended.

He said many of the sewers were a great menace to the lives of the people living near their mouths, and he urged upon council the necessity for taking steps at once to relieve the situation.

"This particular matter," said he, "is of the gravest importance, and challenges the attention of every man who is interested in the health of the people and in the welfare of the city at large. The sum that has been apportioned to extend sewers is, so the city engineer informs me, too small to be of any practical use. The work is absolutely necessary, and the sooner it is commenced the better."

Alderman Woodward considered the paper premature, and moved that it be referred to the finance committee. When it was explained to him that the resolution did not provide for an appropriation, but merely called upon the finance committee to consider the matter and set apart the money out of the amount received from the consolidated company, he withdrew his motion.

Councilman Winn's resolution was then adopted by a unanimous vote.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Eufaula Municipal Politics.

Eufaula, Ala., January 27.—(Special.)—Municipal politics are beginning to boil in this city. From present indications it looks as if from three to five candidates for each office will enter the race. Ex-Alderman J. E. O'Brien is being urged by his friends to take the field for mayor, and, while he reserves his decision until February 1, it is almost generally believed that he will do so.

THIS PARTICULAR BRAND FOR PARTICULAR PEOPLE.

WHAT IS IT only that contains
Whereby the wise consumer gains,
And its high standard, aye, maintains?



MURRAY HILL CLUB!

JOS. A. MAGNUS & CO.
CINCINNATI, O.



SPARKS FROM THE WIRES.

It is announced that the Penman steel and iron works, which has a plant at East Chicago, will erect a mammoth plant at Beaumont, Tex., for the manufacture of steel tanks for the storage of oil and oil tank cars.

At Cincinnati fire burned out the book store of W. O. Davie & Co., 224 East Fourth street, causing a loss estimated at $50,000. The establishment is an old one of unique pattern, being widely known among book lovers as the repository for old and rare volumes.

The Methodists of Indiana, it is announced, have undertaken the erection of a large philanthropic hospital, to be located at the state capital. The cost is to be $200,000 and the endowment $500,000. The work of raising funds will be pushed over the entire state.

The White Star Line steamer Cymric, which is to sail from Liverpool January 29 for New York, will have among her passengers William H. K. Redmond, member of parliament for East Care, and Joseph Devlin, of Belfast, who are to make a tour of the United States for the purpose of completing the work of organizing the United Irish League in America.

"Pedlar" Palmer Beaten.

London, January 27.—"Jim" Williams, of London, at the National Sporting Club tonight defeated "Pedlar" Palmer in two rounds for the bantam weight championship of England.

Green Goods Game on Woman.

Columbus, Ohio, January 27.—Governor Nash today issued a requisition for George M. McCollough, now under arest at New Orleans. McCollough is charged with having swindled Mrs. Melvina Fullmer, of near Akron, out of $1,500 by the "green goods" game.

S. M. KIMBALL ENDS HIS LIFE.

The Act Was Probably Prompted by Business Troubles.

Apalachicola, Fla., January 27.—S. M. Kimball, of this city, committed suicide today, using a gun.

Mr. Kimball was president of the Apalachicola Lumber Company, one of the largest concerns here, extensive shippers of lumber and owning a number of lighters and tow boats plying between Apalachicola and Carabelle. He was about 60 years old.

It is belived that his suicide was induced by business troubles. His health was thought to have been good.

TRIED TO REACH NORTH POLE.

Death of James Derbyshire, Who Sailed with Captain Hall.

Huntington, W. Va., January 27—Henry James Derbyshire, a noted Englishman, the last of the survivors who accompanied Captain Hall on his expedition in an attempt to reach the north pole, died here today, aged 70. He was widely known.

Well-Known Horseman Shot.

Richmond, Va., January 27.—(Special.)—A. Cole Blanton, a widely known horseman, was accidentally shot today through the wrist, requiring amputation of the hand. Recently he shot his partner and later he was knocked unconscious, his horse being shot under him in the darkness. He exhibited horses in the Richmond and New York horse shows.

Judge Gober Wants Jail Cleared.

Marietta, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Judge George F. Gober convened a call term of Cobb superior court this morning for the purpose of trying criminal business. There are a number of prisoners in jail. He stated to the grand jury this morning that the object was to clear the jail and save the county the expense of taking care of the prisoners.

CHARITY FUND CAUSES DEBATE

Council Decides to Remove Restriction from Local Association.

LONGINO SAID IT COST MUCH TO DISBURSE CASH

Councilman Hill Feared That if Institution Failed To Raise Money, City's Appropriation Would Be Eaten Up by Expenses.

An interesting feature of yesterday's session of council was the lively debate which was provoked by a resolution by Councilman Harwell providing that no restriction be placed on the Atlanta Charitable Association in its disbursement of the amount set aside for the association by the city for charitable purposes.

It seems it was stipulated that the $1,200 apportioned by the city be expended in its entirety to help those in distress, and that not a penny of the amount was to go toward the expenses incident to the work itself. Councilman Harwell considered this provision in the nature of a restriction and his resolution sought to eliminate that part of the provision.

Alderman Longino, chairman of the committee on hospitals and charities, said he could see nothing wrong with the provision. He asserted that all of the other charitable institutions raised funds themselves largely in excess of the amounts apportioned to them by the city, and he could see no reason why the Atlanta Charitable Association should not devote some of the $1,200 from the city to paying the expenses of disbursing the funds.

He said the statement of the association showed that $1,200 was given the institution by the city last year; that about $538 was raised from outside sources, while it required the expenditure of more than $1,200 to dispense charity. Dr. Longino declared he had no desire to reflect in the least upon any of the gentlemen connected with the association, but he did think the money given by the city should all be used in the work of relieving those who needed assistance.

Councilman Hill said that according to the reports of the association the money derived from outside sources had been gradually getting smaller year after year, and he very much feared that if matters kept up that way the $1,200 contributed by the city would go toward paying the expenses of the association and there would be no funds to dispense.

Councilman Harwell insisted upon the adoption of his resolution and called for the yeas and nays. Sixteen members voted in favor of the paper and it was declared adopted.

Report on Agriculture.

Richmond, Va., January 27.—The constitutional convention today received the report of the committee on agriculture. The bulk of the session was given to the consideration of the report of the committee on education.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY

Genuine CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

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GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

SEE GENUINE WRAPPER

PRINTED ON RED PAPER.

LET THEM GO TO DEVIL, CRIES SENATOR MONEY

Mississippian Thinks That Is the Best Disposition To Make of Filipinos.

SENATORS ARE STIRRED BY WHEATON'S WORDS

His Criticism of President Schurman Bitterly Resented — Tillman Thinks Wheaton Is Doing Lot of "Dirty Work" in the Islands.

Washington, January 27.—An animated and prolonged discussion was precipitated in the senate today over the right of army officers to criticise utterances made in the senate or elsewhere on the conduct of affairs in the Philippines. At times it became somewhat acrimonious, officers in the Philippines being taken sharply to task for statements attributed to them in dispatches from Manila. In the course of the debate Mr. Money said he favored letting the islands "go to the devil."

Rising to a question of privilege early in the session, Mr. Dubois, of Idaho, had read an Associated Press dispatch from Manila in which General Wheaton was quoted as criticising some utterance of Professor Schurman in a speech delivered in Boston. Mr. Dubois thought the president, in the circumstances, would be warranted in reprimanding General Wheaton for his criticisms. He declared that such comment upon the action of the senate was "outrageous and indecent," and that the minority had quite enough of the threats and blackmail.

Mr. Lodge, of Massachusetts, suggested that it would be wise to ascertain before General Wheaton was reprimanded whether he actually made the statements attributed to him. General Wheaton, he said, was an officer of ability and character and no hasty action ought to be taken in such a case.

Mr. Teller: "I don't think there's any doubt that General Wheaton said what is attributed to him."

Mr. Lodge: "There may be a great deal of doubt of it."

Teller Talks of Padlocks.

Mr. Teller, continuing, said such a situation as had arisen was one of the blessings growing out of the conditions in the Philippines. A padlock, he asserted, was to be placed upon the mouth of every man, congressman or private citizen, and all criticism of the administration's Philippine policy was to be silenced. He referred to the criticism of senators who had antagonized the administration's policy in the Philippines, declaring they had been charged even with treason.

"I suppose," said he, "that no senator after a while will be able to read on this floor the Declaration of Independence without subjecting himself to a charge of inciting treason."

Mr. Lodge said Mr. Teller's statement concerning the Declaration of Independence was "silly." What President Schurman said in Boston did not, in his opinion, concern the senate. The only point was whether a general of the United States army had criticised the senate. It did not appear from the dispatch that General Wheaton had referred to the senate at all.

In response to inquiries by Mr. Rawlins, of Utah, Mr. Lodge said he did not know whether newspaper dispatches sent from Manila were censored or not, and he did not know whether the war department had or had not taken steps to ascertain whether General Wheaton had made the statements attributed to him.

Mr. Carmack, of Tennessee, questioned the right of any officer of the United States army to criticise the actions or the utterances of any private citizen.

Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, interrupted to say that the general commanding the army had been reprimanded by the president for agreeing with the admiral of the navy on a question on which all the people of the United States were absolutely agreed.

Mr. Carmack did not think that Mr Tillman's interjection was entirely relevant.

Lodge Apologizes to Teller.

Mr. Hoar, of Massachusetts, said that unsupported newspaper reports on matters of this kind ought not to be accepted by the senate.

Later Mr. Lodge said he desired to apologize for referring to anything Mr. Teller may have said as "silly." He insisted there was no disposition on the part of anybody to suppress news or views.

Mr. Rawlins said that the suppression of opinions and information was so notorious that one could not depend upon the statements coming to the United States from the Philippines. The Philippine commission, he asserted, had arrogated to itself the functions of congress; indeed, the commission had done many things which congress never would have done.

Mr. Dubois insisted that the dispatch which he had presented bore evidence on its face of accuracy.

"We have been threatened and blackmailed," he said, "as long as we ought to endure it. Such utterances as had been instanced were offensive to us and ought not to be permitted to pass without a reprimand by the president of the United States. They are, coming from the officers of the army, in exceedingly bad taste."

Mr. Spooner deemed it the part of wisdom to ascertain first whether General Wheaton had made the statements attributed to him before any attempt was made to secure his censure.

Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, interrupted to inquire who would furnish the proof that the dispatches had not been inspired.

Mr. Spooner replied that he did not believe it was either inspired or censored, but felt the senate ought to await definite information. General Wheaton, he added, was a fine officer of high character and notable achieveemnts.

Doing Dirty Work.

"Yes," interjected Mr. Tillman, "he is a brilliant officer, doing some very dirty work. That is my opinion."

"Well, it is not mine," replied Mr. Spooner. "I have the word of the senator from Indiana (Beveridge) that the censorship of news dispatches in the Philippines was abolished some time ago."

Mr. Money made an extended speech in criticism of the government's policy in the Philippines, saying:

"We are committed to it, I suppose, until we have a lucid interval, and we are not likely soon to have that." He maintained that the United States in acquiring the islands and holding them had done one of the most foolish things ever done by a nation, and he was afraid we should "not have sense enough to retrace our steps."

Mr Hale interrupted to say that the situation in the Philippines will grow worse instead of better, and that it is anomalous to mix the military and civil government.

Replying to a question of Mr. Hale as to what he would do with the islands, Mr. Money said:

"Let them go to the devil and take care of themselves as far as the American people are concerned."

Mr. Money, answering Mr. Hoar, said that before the United States declared war there were village governments, peaceful and successful, in the Philippines. Mr. Hoar said that Washington had declared that that was the test of capacity for self-government.

Hoar Lugs in the Boers.

Despite, he said, all our platitudinous utterances concerning freedom, the United States had not sent a word of encouragement to the Boers who were struggling for liberty against one of the greatest nations of the world Our position in the Philippines he likened to that of Great Britain in South Africa.

In a brief statement Mr. Platt, of Connecticut, said he did not want to let this occasion pass without expressing his emphatic dissent from the principle upon which Mr. Money's remarks were founded.

Mr. Platt contended that if the United States had the right to acquire territory and hold sovereignty over it, it would be a stultification of ourselves to yield our rights to that territory as soon as the inhabitants of the territory might demand their independence.

In concluding the debate Mr. Dubois, referring to Mr. Spooner's remarks, said he was entirely satisfied that the Associated Press dispatches were accurate.

"No Associated Press reporter," said he, "ever puts words into a man's mouth that he did not utter. I have every reason to believe the dispatch is accurate."

He said, however, that if the statements regarding General Wheaton were not true then the reprimand of the general which he proposed would not lie against him.

After an executive session the senate adjourned.

SOUTHERN REPUBLICAN ACT.

They Resolve To Make a Fight on Election Laws.

Washington, January 27.—At a caucus tonight of southern republicans in congress steps were taken looking to the preparation of a measure to be introduced in both housed comprising an amalgamation of the best features of the bills already presented in the house by Messrs. Bartholdt, of Missouri, and Gibson, of Tennessee, for the enforcement of the election laws. Senator Pritchard, of North Carolina, presided and after the matter had been thoroughly discussed he designated Mr. Gibson to prepare the proposed measure, whose features were tentatively agreed upon.

These, Senator Pritchard says, provide for the honest enforcement of the state election laws, fix the right of minority representation and means by which the aggrieved party contesting an election case may be heard by the state canvassing board. If he is disappointed with the result he is to have the right of appeal to the district judge, who is clothed with power to hear and try questions of law and fact de novo raised before the canvassing board and to issue the certificate of election to the person having the highest number of votes. This is to constitute prima facie evidence of his election, upon which he may be sworn in by the house.

There was some discussion of the Crumpacker bill, which reduces the congressional representation in the south on the basis of the vote cast at elections, but the sentiment of nearly all the members present was against it. It is stated the southern republicans will offer the measure agreed on tonight. There were present at the meeting in addition to Senator Pritchard, Senator Elkins and Representatives Bartholdt, Gibson of Tennessee, Boering of Kentucky, Moody of North Carolina, Gaines of West Virginia, Dovener of West Virginia and Ball of Delaware.

GAVE UP TITLE FOR A WIFE.

Despite Act Wife Got Divorce and Baron Attempts Suicide.

Davenport, Iowa, January 27.—Baron Otto Von Schaezler, who was recently brought into prominence by renouncing his title and claim to ancestral estates in Germany because his wife preferred to live in America, has attempted suicide by shooting. He was disarmed after inflicting a flesh wound and is now held a prisoner in the county jail. A few weeks ago his wife obtained a divorce.

Overcoat Conditions

About seventy-five medium length Overcoats here that ought to have sold in the Fall. Good many of you caught the long Overcoat craze and kept out of conservative styles--that was before we had our severe weather. But won't a medium length be just the thing from now on?

"Humph!" says one man, "who wants a heavy coat any time."

What funny business the clothing business would be if all men thought alike.

Tan mixtures, box shapes.
$12.50 Overcoats **$8.50.**
$14.00 and $15.00 Overcoats **$10.**
$18.50 Overcoats **$12.50.**
Grays and blacks, box shapes. $16.50 to $20.00 Overcoats **$13.50** to **$15.**

A few black and gray Overcoats that were $12.50 to $15.00, priced at **Ten Dollars.**
Size on all these lots run from 33 to 42.

Mackintoshes Reduced from $5.00, $7.50 and $10.00 to **$3, $5 and $7.**

These are cut with the full straight English back—velvet collars. Mostly in black and blue, with a few grays and tans.
If you have to go about much in all kinds of weather you want a coat of this sort.

(Atlanta Agents for Knox.)

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38 Whitehall Street.

TO USE PROBE ON COMMISSION

Senate Canal Committee Will Put Members of Walker Board on Stand.

REASONS ARE WANTED FOR THAT LAST REPORT

There Are Rumors of Outside Influences at Work and the Senators Are Resolved To Get at the Truth Regarding the Matter.

By JOS: OHL.

Washington, January 27.—(Special.)—The senate committee on interoceanic canals did not make a report today, but decided to have hearings, beginning next Monday.

It was agreed that the legislative condition of the senate was such that nothing would be gained by presenting a report at this time. A sub-committee consisting of Senators Morgan, Foster of Louisiana, Pritchard, Turner and Kittridge was appointed to investigate and prepare a report upon the legal points involved in the offer of the Panama Canal Company.

The committee decided today to summon as witnesses before it the members of the Walker canal commission, who are expected to throw some additional light upon the question of route. It is understood to be the desire of members of the senate committee, as nearly as they can, to get the individual opinions of members of the commission and the reasons that caused each to join in the last report advocating the Panama route. It is also desired to ascertain, if possible, whether there is slightest ground for the suggestion of outside influences. Some members of the committee are not at all satisfied with the Panama report, and they hope by means of this investigation of individual members behind closed doors to elicit all the inside facts concerning this last report as well as each man's views to not only the engineering but the diplomatic and legal points involved.

RAILWAY KINGS BEFORE THE BAR

Minnesota Prosecutes Them In United States Supreme Court.

Attorney General Douglas Asks Leave To File Bill of Complaint Against the Great Combine. Points Made for the State.

Washington, January 27.—In the United States supreme court today Attorney General Douglas, of Minnesota, renewed his motion for leave to file a bill of complaint on behalf of the state against the Northern Securities Company in the matter of the merger of the Northern Pacific railroad with other railroads, saying that he had given notice to the defendants as required by the court.

W. D. Guthrie, for the Northern Securities Company, filed a brief with the court outlining the company's position.

Attorney General Douglas made an argument in support of the motion for leave to file the complaint. Mr. Douglas made the following points in support of the right of the state to file an original suit in the court:

Points for Minnesota.

The complainant bases its request for leave to file and present its bill of complaint upon section 2, article 3, of the constitution of the United States, which grants original jurisdiction to his court in all controversies between states and between a state and a citizen of another state; also upon congressional enactment relating thereto—section 687 et seq. Revised Statutes of the United States.

The right of a state to invoke the jurisdiction of this court to protect its property and individual rights and interests in an action against citizens of sister states has long been recognized. The state of Minnesota owns upward of 3,000,000 acres of land within its limits, which is near to, or in the territory, alone traversed by the two railways in question, and the state is dependent almost entirely upon those roads for the development of this land and the furnishing of transportation facilities to the same. The value of these lands and their salability will be greatly impaired by the consolidation. The income of the state derived from taxation, for the maintenance of state institutions as well as the performance of its executive, legislative and judicial functions, will be seriously impaired and interfered with by reason of such consolidation.

The state also claims the right to maintain this action as parens patriae, or as trustee or representative of all her citizens. A very large portion, if not all, of the citizens of Minnesota will be materially injured by the consolidation and the removal of competition in freight and passenger rates between the lines of railway owned and operated by the two companies.

It is as much a part of the duty of a state, in its sovereign or governmental capacity, to secure to its citizens their common rights as it is of the United States to use its sovereign powers in behalf of its citizens for a similar purpose.

The right to maintain a cause of action created by statute or which arises by reason of the violation of a state other than a strictly penal law has been recognized by this court. The contract obligation to obey the laws of the state of Minnesota rests primarily upon the stockholders of the corporation; it is one of the conditions which the state demands of the persons about to form a corporation; it in effect says to them, "If you will obey the laws of the state relating to the corporation you wish to form, the state will permit you to organize as a corporation." As held by this court, the franchise of a corporation belongs to the stockholders. It logically follows that the obligation to obey the law is imposed in the first instance, and forever after remain upon the stockholders of the corporation.

Summary of the Situation.

The situation can thus be summarized: The holders of a large majority of the capital stock of two railroad corporations authorized to construct and maintain lines within the limits of the state of Minnesota have organized a corporation in another state for the express purpose of consolidating the railway lines and property of such companies and evading and violating one of the laws of the state of Minnesota, which bears directly upon and gives the state and its citizens certain rights and privileges in connection with the property owned and controlled by the railroads thus sought to be consolidated.

The only way in which the state can reach such an evasion of its laws and enforce its rights is to bring an action in this court against the instrument or means by which such consolidation is sought to be accomplished. If the state of Minnesota cannot avail itself of the original jurisdiction of this court to enforce its rights, it cannot go into the state of New Jersey and ask the courts of that state to enforce its rights, because the same reasons urged against the jurisdiction of this court could be urged with equal force before the courts of New Jersey.

The bill discloses that this consolidation embraces about 17,000 miles of railroad, furnishing nearly all the transportation facilities available to the people of seven different states of the union, which seven states embraced more than one-fifth of the entire area of the United States and nearly one-twelfth of its population.

While it is not a part of the duty of the state of Minnesota to enforce the rights of the citizens of any other state, and it does not seek to do so, we ask this court to turn to those facts of which it has a right to take judicial notice, and it will learn that six of these seven states, through which these roads pass have constitutional or statutory inhibitions similar to the one which the state of Minnesota now seeks to enforce in this action. We refer to this only for the purpose of disclosing the far-reaching effect of this tremendous consolidation. If the state of Minnesota cannot maintain this action, we fail to see how it is possible for any state to enforce remedial statutes adopted for the protection of the interests of its citizens as well as to protect its individual rights.

If what is attempted to be done here can be successfully accomplished, the states of this union are powerless to enforce such statutes. The national government, under its present constitutional limitations, can enact no legislation which will protect state commerce and state traffic against such a monopolistic consolidation as is referred to in this bill. The only practical way the state can protect itself is by the adoption of legislation of the character sought to be enforced in this action, and the only tribunal in which that can be enforced under the circumstances disclosed in this bill is the one to which we now appeal. It seems to us that there is a controversy between the state of Minnesota and the defendant corporation—a citizen of the state of New Jersey—which, under the constitutional provision referred to, entitles the state of Minnesota to the privilege of the jurisdiction of this court: in fact, this is the only judicial tribunal in which the state of Minnesota can well assert its claim and present its controversy against the defendant.

Arguments for Trust.

Mr. Guthrie contended that the bill of complaint proposed to be filed on behalf of the state of Minnesota does not present a controversy of a civil and judicial nature between a state and a citizen of another state justifiable in this court, and that no state can call upon this court to enforce its penal or police law in other states. The sole ground of complaint, he maintained, is the alleged violation in New Jersey of certain enactments contained in the state of Minnesota. Hence he contended that the injunction prayed for would be nothing more or less than an order compelling the Securities company to obey in New Jersey the laws of Minnesota.

Former Attorney General Griggs followed, also speaking for the Securities company. He said the fundamental error of the state of Minnesota in this proceeding is in making a claim to the court in exercise of its sovereignty. As for the statutes which the state seeks to have enforced, they were only prohibitive of acts conceived to be harmful, and at best the command of the state could not be considered effective outside of the state. The public police law of one state could not be extended to another state.

M. D. Mann, speaking for the state of Minnesota, argued that the state could not force its law in any state. When Mr. Mann concluded the court took the application under advisement.

NO COERCION TO GET MONEY

Postmaster Wills, of Nashville, Practically Exonerated By Board.

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT ORDERED INVESTIGATION

Postmaster Robinson Has Been Reappointed at Eatonton—Booker Washington Secures the Tuskegee Office for J. O. Thompson.

By JOS: OHL.

Washington, January 27.—(Special.)—By the president's request the civil service commission has investigated the charges filed against A. F. Wills, postmaster of Nashville, of violating civil service laws, particularly in obtaining contributions for campaign purposes. The president desired the report before deciding upon renominating Mr. Wills or selecting another man. The report of the commission exonerates Mr. Wills of coercing his employees and shows that whatever contributions were made were voluntary on the part of employees. The commission finds that Mr. Wills may have been guilty of technical violation of the civil service laws, but his course has not been objectionable to the commission. The president will probably renominate Mr. Smith.

The report of the committee says the postmaster and others solicited Assistant Attorney Brock to run as republican candidate for congress. As Brock replied that the necessary expenses must be borne by others, Postmaster Wills advanced $150 of his money in personal checks, afterwards indorsed by Brock, to the treasurer of the campaign committee.

Reimbursed the Postmaster.

W. J. O'Callaghan, assistant superintendent of mails; N. S. O'Callaghan, clerk; Edwin Fuller, superintendent of the money order division; Luther L. Terry, superintendent of mails, and Gideon W. Gifford, assistant superintendent of general delivery, proposed to contribute to reimburse the postmaster, who thereupon assigned the shares to be paid by each—the O'Callaghans $5 each; Fuller and Terry $10 each, and Gifford $15.

The commission adds:

"The postmaster appeared to think that he had not violated the law. We told him that there was undoubtedly a technical violation. The precedent might be a bad one. It is for you to say whether under the circumstances the above mentioned acts ought to disqualify Mr. Wills for reappointment."

Postmaster Robinson, at Eatonton, has also been named for a second term. The republican organization indorsed ex-Chief of Police Webster, but the present postmaster's record seems to have pulled him through.

Walter T. Ragan is named as postmaster at Folks, Calhoun county.

Booker Washington's influence with the administration was shown today in the appointment of J. O. Thompson to be postmaster at Tuskegee, Ala.

Nominations and Confirmations.

The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Postmasters:

Virginia—Charles Alexander, Boydton; Charles H. Revercomb, Covington; William G. Young, Tazewell.

North Carolina—Jonas W. Muller, Charlotte; Edwin L. Ware, Kings Mountain.

Tennessee—Giles Rives, Brownsville; Robert C. Wilcox, Clarksville; Robert F. Haun, Milan.

Alabama—J. O. Thompson, Tuskegee.

Florida—John C. Stowers, West Palm Beach; George W. Duncan, Jasper.

Georgia—William H. Smythe, Atlanta; Charles Robinson, Eatonton.

Register land office—John A. Steele, at Huntsville, Ala.

The senate today confirmed the following nominations:

Collectors of customs—B. F. Keith, district of Wilmington, N. C.; M. B. MacFarland, district of Tampa, Fla.; J. E. Silliman, district of Pensacola, Fla.; Tip Warren, district of Apalachicola, Fla.

Postmasters:

North Carolina—A. B. Hill, Scotland Neck; G. W. Reed, Biltmore; J. F. Dobson, Goldsboro; McM. Furgerson, Littleton; Octavia McLean, Maxton; K. J. M. Sitterson, Williamston; Daniel P. Dameron, Clinton.

SUIT FOR RICHMOND GIRL.

Attempt To Quash Habeas Corpus in Cornwall Case.

Washington, January 27.—Attorney James W. Gordon, of Richmond, Va., appeared in the district supreme court here today and asked leave to file a motion to quash the writ of habeas corpus asked for by Burt F. Cornwell, of this city, for the production in court of his daughter, Clara E. Cornwell, now in the custody of the child's relatives, Nannie A. Morrissey and Elizabeth J. Morrissey, of Richmond.

Mr. Gordon based his request on legal proceedings already instituted in the chancery court of Richmond for the child's custody. Attorney Bell, of this city, for the father, objected and counsel were finally left to agree for the appearance of the child in court in default of which Mr. Cornwell's attorney will ask that the defendants be adjudged in contempt.

NATIONAL HOMES FOR DEAF.

Bill Establishing Them Is Defeated by the House.

Washington, January 27.—The house today adopted a resolution calling for documents relating to the old training ship Vermont, which was placed out of commission last summer, and also passed a bill to provide for the compulsory attendance of witnesses before registers and receivers of the general land office. A bill to appropriate $100,000 for establishing homes for the teaching of articulate speech to deaf children was defeated.

The house chaplain in his invocation today referred feelingly to the death of the wife of Representative Davis, of Florida, which occurred last night.

The house adjourned until Wednesday.

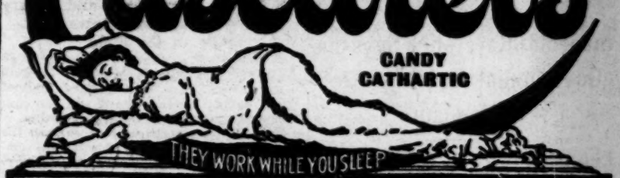
For a Philippine Investigation.

Washington, January 27.—Senator Lodge, chairman of the Philippine committee, today favorably reported a resolution authorizing that committee to make an investigation of the Philippine question and for that purpose to sit during the sessions of the senate.

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

Cascarets

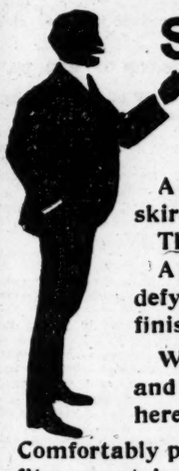
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GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

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THE HOLLIS On The Viaduct, 10 Peachtree Side



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A rain-coat, gloves, and a storm skirt are good—far as they go.
They'll help save doctors' bills.
A pair of warm, strong, damp-defying, welted walking boots will finish helping.
We've anticipated your needs—and the boots are waiting for you here.
Comfortably priced too—$2.50 to $5.00. Can fit you out in rubbers—best quality—lowest price.

KNOTT & AWTRY SHOE CO.,
25 Whitehall Street.

PLACES ARE WON BY FRAUD

Gross Irregularities in Civil Service Examinations

ADMITTED BY THE COMMISSION

In Evidence That Employees of Division of Statistics Were Furnished Questions.

Washington, January 27.—The civil service commission has canceled the examination for special statistical compiler for the department of agriculture, held June 18 and 19 last, and has made public its report on its investigation of the integrity of that examination.

The report says that employees of the division of the statistics were improperly and unfairly assisted in their preparation for the examination by disclosures made by Mrs. Bertha Burch, an employee, in pursuance of instructions from John Hyde, statistician of the department of agriculture, directing her to give all the help in this examination which she "legitimately" could. The report says the testimony shows that advance information of a more or less definite character was given out by her covering at least six questions asked in the examination, and also that unclassified laborers in the statistical division were given other unfair advantages, the questions being framed in such a manner that only those experienced in the actual work at the division could pass.

The report calls attention to an apparent effort by Statistician Hyde to forestall the investigation of the committee in respect to one or more of the witnesses examined and says threats were made to them. The report adds:

"We are under the very highest moral obligation to protect all witnesses who, at our request, have appeared before us and have given testimony in regard to this examination. The committee will exhaust all its power before it will permit any of these witnesses to be dismissed or injuriously affected in any manner, directly or indirectly, on account of information which they have communicated."

Senate Receivcs Danish Treaty.

Washington, January 27.—The senate today in executive session received the treaty with Denmark, transferring the West Indies possessions of that country to the United States. The consideration to be paid by this country is $5,000,000. The senate ratified the extradition treaty with Servia and the trademark treaty with Gautemala.

Building Bill for Jacksonville.

Washington, January 27.—The senate today passed a bill providing for the improvement, repair and addition to the public building at Jacksonville, Fla.

KILLED HIS FOE IN CHURCH.

Tragedy Follows a Man's Attentions to a Girl.

Chillicothe, Ohio, January 27.—Joseph Cox shot and killed Howard Ratcliff at church Sunday evening at Eagle Mills, 15 miles east of here. Cox had been paying attention to Ratcliff's sister and Ratcliff strongly objected.

Cox took Miss Ratcliff to church last night, and when Ratcliff saw them together in the church he at once assaulted Cox, who drew a weapon and fired, the ball passing through Ratcliff's body. He fell in the aisle and expired amid the shrieks of terrified women.

Both men are of respectable families and both are school teachers. Ratcliff married a sister of his slayer. Cox was arrested and taken to McArthur today.

BURDENED BY WAR TAXES

Brewers Cry to Ways and Means Committee for Relief.

BREWERS ARE BEING RUINED

President Kendall Says They Cannot Stand the Tax—Appeal from Tea Men.

Washington, January 27.—The ways and means committee today temporarily laid aside the subject of Cuban reciprocity and entered upon the question of reducing the war revenue taxes. During the morning the tea interests were heard on the proposition to take off the tax of 10 cents a pound on tea imposed by the Spanish war revenue act. The afternoon was set aside for the beer interests.

Albert P. Sloane, of New York, president of the National Tea Duty Repeal Association, summed up the appeal for reduction as follows:

"1. The duty is an excessive hardship upon consumer, retailer, wholesale grocer and tea importer.

"2. The duty injures the quality of tea.

"3. The poorer classes pay the tax in full and the better classes are gradually being deprived of the best tea.

"4. As the tea duty is a war tax, it should be now removed.

"5. As the country should not be doubly taxed upon an article which demands no protection."

At the afternoon session the beer people were represented by the officials of their organization, including N. W. Kendall, of New Haven, Conn., president of the United States Brewers' Association.

President Kendall said assurances had been given when the war taxes were imposed that they were for war purposes, and would terminate with the war. He compared the rate placed on beer with that imposed by Great Britain as an incident to the Boer war, showing the American rate to be much higher.

He referred to "three men engaged in the iron industry, reaping an annual profit of $60,000,000 from their business." The breweries had paid to the government in 1900 $73,550,754, and their profits either had been wiped out entirely or reduced to a pittance. In conclusion Mr. Kendall said:

"The American brewing trade has no hope of relief except that which rests upon your sense of justice and your willingness to redeem a pledge and promise repeatedly and solemnly made by your honorable committee."

Chairman Payne, in reference to Mr. Kendall's appeal that congress keep the promises of repeal heretofore made, said that congress and the committee had kept ahead of their promises. The trouble had been that the requirements of the government had largely increased. The reductions in war taxes last year, Mr. Payne said, had gone as far as the government conditions seemed to justify. Now the committee would see further what additional reductions were justified.

Mr. Obermann spoke of the numerous failures in the brewing world.

Mr. Brand, of Chicago, referred to the enormous surplus glutting the treasury, and said this should impel an immediate performance of the promises heretofore made that the war tax should be repealed.



A pleasant and positive cure for coughs and colds. It is a healing balm and strengthening invigorator to the throat, chest and lungs. It allays that restless feeling and stops the heavy, squeaking asthmatic breathing which precedes consumption. Dr. Bell's PINE-TAR-HONEY is sold by all druggists in 25c, 50c or $1.00 sizes. Prepared only by the H. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE Co., Paducah, Ky.

MACON NEEDS NEW BUILDING

Inspector Haverstick Says the Government Quarters Are Inadequate.

STRUCTURE CITY SEEKS SHOULD BE GIVEN HER

Not in His Province, However, To Make Any Recommendations, Has Never Lodged Complaint Since Edwards Has Been Custodian.

Macon, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Major J. V. Haverstick, inspector of public buildings for the United States government, was in Macon today on his annual tour of official inspection, to look through the government building at this place.

Harry S. Edwards, the postmaster, is the custodian of the government building and he carried Major Haverstick through the building from garret to cellar. Every floor and every office was closely inspected.

When the inspection had been finished this afternoon, Major Haverstick, in the course of conversation, said:

"I understand that a movement is on foot to secure a new government building for Macon, and I am free to say that the movement should succeed. The present quarters are entirely too small for the different officials. I am at a loss to understand how the officials have made out with the present affair this long."

Asked if he would make a recommendation along the line of his conversation, Mr. Haverstick said:

"No, I will not do that. It is not in my province to do so. I only have to inspect the interior of government buildings in all sections of the United States and then report on the physical condition of affairs. But if I should be consulted about the matter, I would promptly say that the present building is entirely inadequate for the purposes for which it is now used. Macon needs the new building she is after and should get it."

Major Haverstick said the present building is nicely and neatly kept and that he has never had a complaint to register since Mr. Edwards has been custodian.

Major Haverstick left tonight for other southern cities, where he will inspect the property of the government.

LAST OF SOCIALIST COLONY.

Court Approves Receiver's Final Report and Dismisses Him.

Columbus, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—The last chapter in the history of the Christian commonwealth, Muscogee's socialistic colony, was enacted today when Judge Butt, in the superior court, approved the final report of Receiver W. A. Ross, and signed an order dismissing him as receiver.

It was thought at first that all the assets of the colony would be consumed in paying its debts and court costs, but in the final winding up a few hundred dollars was left over, which was distributed to the share holders in the enterprise. Each stockholder received $15.11. In several cases stockholders worked hard out at the colony for several years, receiving but a bare living and even this small surplus of $15 was unexpected.

Since the breaking up of the colony its members have scattered all over the country.

WILLIAMS ELECTED CAPTAIN.

He Is Chosen To Command Americus Light Infantry.

Americus, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the Americus Light Infantry tonight Lieutenant G. Lester Williams was elected captain of the company, filling the vacancy created by the recent death of Captain Wellborn F. Clark. Second Lieutenant Allen Fort, Jr., was elected to first lieutenancy and J. J. Hogue was promoted to the second lieutenancy.

The Americus Light Infantry is on a splendid basis and is considered one of the best commands attached to the Fourth regiment.

The local company and citizens generally will endeavor to induce the military authorities to select Americus as the place for the regimental encampment this year.

HALL COUNTY POLITICAL POT.

FUMES OF THE COMING CAMPAIGN BEGIN TO RISE.

For Senate, Legislature and County Offices Many Candidates Will Be in the Field.

Gainesville, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—At the approaching primary to be held next summer for Hall county officers, many names are mentioned and the contest will no doubt be quite interesting.

It is Hall county's time to furnish the next senator from the thirty-third district, and for this place former representatives R. F. Quillian, W. B. Sloan and F. T. Davie are probable candidates. Perhaps others will enter the lists later on. For representatives, Messrs. J. C. Boone, Jesse L. Thompson and J. H. Pearce will likely be candidates.

For the sheriff's office there will likely be a lively tilt. Former Sheriff A. J. Mundy; the incumbent, M. O. Gilmer; Deputy Sheriff A. J. Lyle, and J. L. Crow are prominently spoken of as candidates, and it is presumed that all of them will be in the race.

For clerk of the superior court, Thomas M. Bell, the incumbent, and Joseph S. Allen, will be in the race. They opposed each other two years ago, and no doubt this race will be unusually lively.

So far as known, Mel Charles will have no opposition far tax collector, but as there are usually several men desirous of holding the job he may have an opponent before the race is over.

For tax receiver the incumbent, J. W. Cox, will be opposed by M. McNeal, who ran him a close second two years ago.

For county treasurer the present officer, F. M. Tumlin, will likely be opposed by Messrs. A. B. C. Dorsey, and the old-time treasurer for twenty years, J. R. Boone. The offices of coroner and surveyor will likely not go a-begging, although so far no one has beeen mentioned for either place. The present coroner has decided to run for treasurer and the presnt surveyor wants to give up his job.

SUDDEN DEATH OF MRS. DAVIS.

She Was the Wife of Congressman Davis, of Florida.

Washington, January 27.—(Special.)—Mrs. Davis, wife of Representative Davis, of Florida, died at the family residence last evening. Mrs. Davis was believed to be happily convalescing from an attack of pnuemonia, and a number of friends had just called to congratulate Miss Davis and her father upon the patient's apparently improved condition. The doctor had departed, when heart complications unexpectedly developed, and at about 7:30 o'clock Mrs. Davis expired.

Mrs. Davis had been in failing health since the death, in Florida, a few years or more ago, of two of her children upon the same day. She had borne her sorrow in silence, however, and tried hard to look upon the more cheerful side of life, devoting herself to her remaining single daughter. She died suddenly by those nearest and dearest to her upon earth, Mr. Davis and his daughter.

The funeral services were conducted at the residence this morning, a number of senators, representatives and personal friends of the family being in attendance. The pallbearers were: Senators Mallory and Taliaferro, of Florida; Representatives Sparksman, of Forida; Maddox, of Georgia, and Lannon and Randall, of Texas, and General W. H. Sebring, and Mr. Twombly, of Florida. The interment will be at Palatka, Fla. The body, accompanied by Mr. Davis and daughter, was taken south this morning. A number of friends, including some who had not been able to attend the funeral services at the house were at the depot to extend words of condolence to the bereaved ones. OHL.

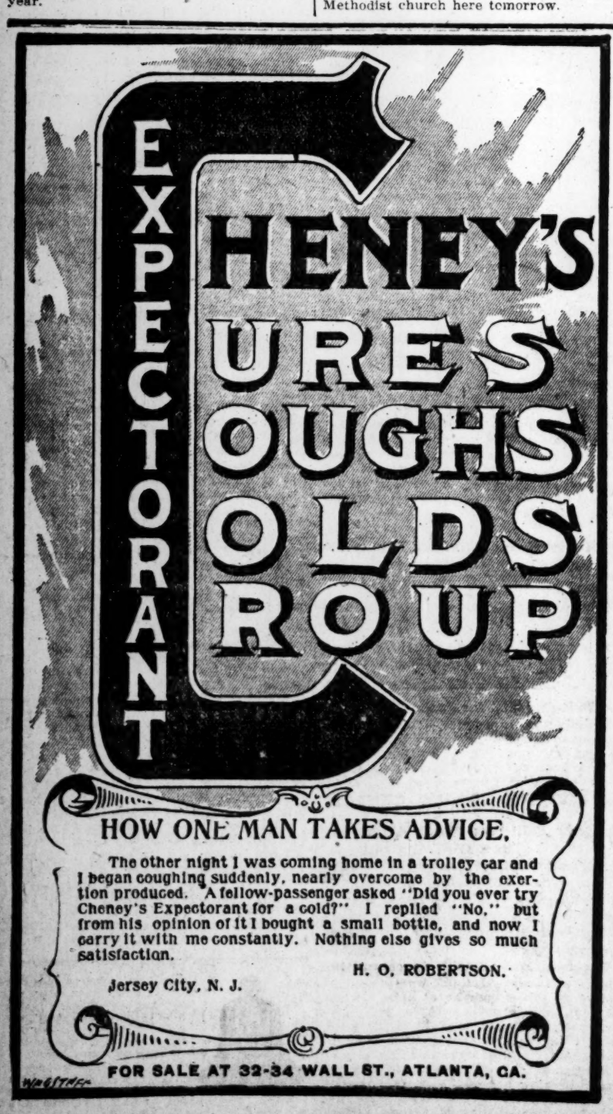
THE SON OF PRESIDENT TYLER

Passes Away in New York from Attack of Appendicitis.

New York, January 27.—Dr. Lachlan Tyler, son of John Tyler, tenth president of the United States, and brother of the president of William and Mary college, is dead in this city from appendicitis. Dr. Tyler, who was 50 years old, had been connected with the department of health for several years. The interment will be at Richmond, Va.

Frank Logan, Cleveland, Ga.

Cleveland, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Frank Logan, one of the best known citizens of this community, died here this morning. He was 27 years old. He is survived by a widow and one little daughter. The funeral will be held from the Methodist church here tomorrow.



HOW ONE MAN TAKES ADVICE.

The other night I was coming home in a trolley car and I began coughing suddenly, nearly overcome by the exertion produced. A fellow-passenger asked "Did you ever try Cheney's Expectorant for a cold?" I replied "No," but from his opinion of it I bought a small bottle, and now I carry it with me constantly. Nothing else gives so much satisfaction.

H. O. ROBERTSON.

Jersey City, N. J.

FOR SALE AT 32-34 WALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

MARIETTA HOLDS OIL PHENOMENON

Facts of Find Related by Lawyer Cheney.

SAMPLE TAKEN FROM GROUND

It Was Put in Thoroughly Cleansed Bottle That Had Never Contained Oil and Sent by Mr. Nigh to Chemist McCandless.

Marietta, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—The reported find of oil by George B. Nigh on his farm near Marietta and the recent statement made by State Chemist McCandless in The Constitution caused a ripple of excitement in Marietta. John P. Cheney, one of Marietta's most substantial citizens and a prominent and reputable lawyer, furnished the information for the article that appeared in The Constitution a few days since in regard to the find.

Mr. Cheney said that he went with Mr. Nigh, taking a thoroughly clean bottle and getting the sample that was carried by Mr. Nigh to Mr. McCandless. Asked for a statement in the matter, Mr. Cheney made the following:

"Mr. Nigh recently came to me and asked me to go with him to his farm to investigate the substance which had been found there and which was claimed to be oil. I took a thoroughly cleansed bottle in which no oil had ever been, and we filled it with the oily substance which was coming out of the ground and which was on top of the water. This was found in a small ditch and was floating on top of the water which was running in the ditch. On smelling the substance I was sure I detected oil.

"I brought the bottle which I had filled to town, turned it over to Mr. Nigh and advised him to take it to the state chemist for analysis. The place from which this oily substance was secured showed no signs of being tampered with, as it was in a low swamp, grown up in briars and bushes for several yards on each side.

Several days ago a party of gentlemen, in company with Mr. Nigh and others, visited Mr. Nigh's farm for the purpose of making an examination and getting a sample of the substance. There was no trouble in finding it and there was secured a good sample of one quart, which had a strong scent of kerosene and also a strong and decided taste. Tests were made by pouring a few drops of the sample on clear water and the oil would immediately float on the surface.

Where the Oil Is Found.

The oil is found floating on the surface of running water in two small ditches on Mr. Nigh's farm and also at different points on lands of others in the same vicinity. The ditches are in a low, swampy bottom, which is grown up in grass, briars and bushes, the banks of the little ditch being so grown up with briars that it is difficult of approach. By following the ditch a distance of 200 yards or more, its full length, no evidence of any interference could be detected. The oil seemed to come out of the ground at or near the head of the ditch and floats on the water its entire length.

This first ditch starts out from the southwest side of a hill and runs slightly south of east; at a point about 300 yards distant from the starting of the first ditch. On the northeast side of the hill another ditch starts and runs almost south. This ditch also contains the oil, which can be plainly seen, smelled and tasted to the satisfaction of any one.

At other places, on the land of Rev. S. A. Paris, colored, and at points from a quarter to a half mile distant from each other the oil could be found. The sample obtained was gotten in a thoroughly cleansed bottle and unquestionably contains oil in a very marked degree. Several prominent citizens of Marietta have visited the place and say there is unmistakably oil there. Every one who sees and tests the samples brought from there says there is no mistake about it being oil.

William Johnson, formerly superintendent of the Marietta Water Works Company, is reported on reliable information to have said that more than a year ago while doing some prospecting for his company down this branch he discovered unmistakable evidences of oil. Mr. Nigh will have other and thorough tests made.

Still She Failed.

Louisville Times: This was a hard hit at the music committee or general congregation of a rich church here. The position of contralto soloist was empty, and several singers had sung at the church, hoping to be engaged for the job. Finally a handsome young woman was asked to sing there one Sunday. She accepted the offer, and when this fact became known, a warm-hearted, candid friend, a member of the flock, came to give her a few pointers.

"Now, my dear," she began, "I understand you are going to sing for us. Take my advice when you do and beware of ever singing a high note."

"And why shouldn't I sing a high note if the piece requires it?" asked the astonished and wounded soloist.

"Why, because some of the other applicants did and got turned down. You see the congregation wishes a contralto, and if you sing above a deep growl they will think you have a soprano voice and turn you down."

Aha, so this was it! The applicant selected a way-down-in-a-coal-mine selection for her trial effort and carefully avoided any shrieks. All the same, she did not get the position, and doesn't even know how she took, for the silence of the congregation and choir has been deep enough to sound with a plummet ever since.

There are more tragedies in church choirs than Shakespeare ever wrote or Horatio dreamed of.

The Last of Dickens' "Bleak House."

London Chronicle: A correspondent writes to lament the alteration of the Broadstair's "Bleak House," which was a favorite dwelling of Charles Dickens. The garden was once full of memories. A short time ago Mr. Henry Dickens, K. C., paid a visit to it and saw the weather-beaten pole propped between branches.

"There is the old swing where my father used to swing us when we were boys!" he exclaimed.

That garden is now full of workmen, and the whole place is being modernized. Broadstairs should have found it worth while to preserve that famous house.

The present owner writes to inform us that the town had its opportunity to purchase the memorable dwelling, but failed, presumably through lack of public spirit. Care is being taken by the present owner to preserve its associations as far as possible, but the windows are so dilapidated that they have to be removed, the bay window of Dickens' study threatening to fall upon the heads of passers-by.

"The house has not been inhabited for, I think, about eight years," continues our correspondent, "and the garden has been allowed to become a wilderness, I admit, 'full of memories,' but also of weeds. It is, therefore, not surprising that the garden is now 'full of workmen.'"

BRUNSWICK AND BIRMINGHAM

BIG DEVELOPMENTS EXPECTED IN NEXT FEW DAYS.

Vice President Bushnell Says Road Will Be Pushed Faster Than Was Anticipated.

Brunswick, Ga., January 27.—(Special.) Notable arrivals here today were Edwin Gould, of New York, and Vice President Bushnell, of the Brunswick and Birmingham railroad. Some big developments in Brunswick and Birmingham matters may be looked for in the next few days. Vice President Bushnell is guarded in his interviews, but says:

"I was prepared to like Brunswick and its people, but my personal observations of the place and associations with the people have far exceeded anything that I could have pictured.

"You can say this much, that beyond any question the Brunswick and Birmingham will be pushed on to Birmingham a good deal faster than was expected after we finish arranging the terminals here. Experienced people know the expense and trouble of getting terminal facilities after a road is built, but our people have judgment enough not to push their road into the interior until after the foundation is fixed. In a short time the full plans may be divulged by others, but I do not care to anticipate that."

From other sources it is learned that a vessel load of steel rails is en route. The engineering corps has just returned from a satisfactory prospecting tour through Georgia and Alabama. President Machen is expected here the first week in February and every indication points to a successful deal having been made with the St. Louis and Kansas City people to carry the line on across the continent from Birmingham.

LIVING IN LONDON.

It Is Not a Good Place for a Man of Small Income.

London Chronicle: An American, who, in the classical language of his country, is at present "located" in London, wants to know whether any city in the world is quite so niggardly as our town. He has been going the rounds of the London restaurants, and has encountered in the management of them a spirit which distresses him. "There is, to begin with," he says, "a charge of from 2d to 6d for guarding your hat and coat in the cloak room, and a tip in addition is expected. You want to wash your hands—another 2d or 6d, and another tip. You take up the menu, and behold! there is an intimation made that a charge of 3d each person will be made under the guise of 'table money.' The charge varies according to the nature of the place—3d is the lowest, 6d perhaps the average; at a great many restaurants it is 1s, and in at least two that I have visited 1s 6d. The only difference is that the in the lower-priced restaurants it is called 'table money,' and in the higher-priced ones placed under the captivating heading of couvert. To my mind, an entrance fee, frankly demanded at the door, would be much less offensive than to find yourself asked at the end of a dinner to pay for the trouble and expense of cleaning up the cutlery you have used."

His conclusion of the whole matter is that "London lives by imposing a fixed tariff on the accessories that in every other city I have ever been to are thrown in gratis," and he thinks that being a gentleman is one of the most expensive professions an Englishman can have. He declares it to be an utter delusion that London is a cheap place to live in. "For the poor man," he says, "the man whose income is less than £800 a year, there is no city where less can be had in the way of comforts and even the necessities of life. In New York it is only the luxuries that cost, the expenses of every-day living may be as great or as small as one cares to make them. New York, in fact, is laid out for the poor man. From the transportation system to the price of such fundamental charges on the household treasury as coal, ice, fuel, meat, bread, milk and fruit, almost everything conspires to bring him in a good return for a very small outlay. All these things are cheaper in New York than in London."

Seven English Queens Not Crowned.

Eleanor F. Cobby in London Queen: In looking forward to the coronation of King Edward, we all feel how much of grace and beauty and interest the presence of Queen Alexandra will lend to the splendors of the scene, and, as a rule, most English queens have been solemnly crowned, whether they reigned in their own right or as wives of royal husbands. To this rule, however, there are seven exceptions. The first was Margaret of France, the young, plain, amiable second wife of Edward I. He had spent so much money in conquering Wales and in trying to conquer Scotland that he could not afford the expense of a coronation for his girl bride, and she had to do without the splendors of the pageant.

King Henry VIII took care that Anne Boleyn should be crowned with extreme magnificence. He desired to show the world how much he loved her and how very much he defied the bishop of Rome. The four wives who succeeded her were never crowned at all. For one thing, money ran short, and for another, there may have lurked, even in his masterful mind, a sense of "the fitness of things" which may have caused him to shrink from publicly crowning so many ladies in such very rapid succession. At any rate, the beloved Jane Seymour, the despised Anne of Cleves, the girlish Catherine Howard and the wary Catherine Parr were never consecrated in public as queen-consorts of England.

Henrietta Maria, wife of Charles I, refused to be crowned. She was young, she was pretty, she was a French princess, and a bigoted Roman Catholic, and she declined to take part in a state function which would compel her to partake of the sacrament according to Church of England rites.

Sophia Dorothea of Zell, cannot be reckoned amongst the seven, because she was never called queen of England at all. While George I was being crowned, and anointed, and—bored, the lady of Ahlden was pining in her long, monotonous captivity.

Caroline of Brunswick is the last, and most remarkable, instance of the uncrowned English queens. Though George IV had been forced from popular indignation to give up the bill of pains and penalties against her, nothing would induce him to let her share his coronation. She was not permitted to be present in Westminster Abbey at all. Repulsed from all the entrances, she returned to her house, to die within three weeks of a violent fever, brought on by months of fearful excitement. The strained cord snapped. The brave heart was broken at last.

He Was Put Out.

London Tit-Bits: The following is related of an auctioneer who was provokingly annoyed, while in the exercise of his profession, by the ludicrous bids of a fellow whose sole object seemed to be to make sport for the buyers, rather than himself to buy. At length, enraged beyond endurance, the knight of the hammer, looking round the room for a champion to avenge his wrongs, fixed his eyes upon a biped of huge dimensions, a very monarch in strength, and cried out:

"Marlow, what shall I give you to put that fellow out?"

"I'll take one sovereign."

"Done! Done! You shall have it."

Assuming the ferocious, knitting his brows, spreading his nostrils like a lion's, and putting on the wolf all over his head and shoulders, old Marlow strode off to the aggressor and, seizing the terrified wretch by the collar, said to him in a whisper that was heard all over the room:

"My good friend, you go out with me and I'll give you half the money."

"Done; Done!" cried the fellow.

"Hurrah! Hurrah!" shouted the audience.

The auctioneer had the good sense to join in the laugh, and coolly handed over the sovereign.

Great Clearance Sale

Men's and Women's Shoes at a Big Sacrifice.

In order to reduce Winter Stock quickly and make room for new Spring Shoes a Great Clearance Sale of Fine Winter Shoes will be inaugurated at this store today.

Remarkable Values.

Men's Shoes.

Men's Enamel Shoes, formerly $6.50, reduced to $4.00

Men's Patent Leather Shoes, formerly $5.00, reduced to... $3.00

All styles Men's Winter Shoes greatly reduced. Stock must be sold.

Be sure to take advantage of this sale if you can appreciate genuine bargains.

Women's Shoes.

Ladies' Patent Vici Shoes, formerly $6.00, now only..... $4.00

Ladies' Patent Vici Shoes, formerly $5.00, reduced to... $3.50

Ladies' Velour Calf Shoes, formerly $5.00, now only $3.50

All lines Ladies' Winter Shoes reduced to mere nominal prices. See the assortment.

This Special Sale is sure to eclipse any Shoe event of the season, quality and style considered.

Don't wait. Inspect these values at once. They'll not remain here long.

R. C. BLACK, Sign Brass Tracks. 35 Whitehall.

M'NAUGHTON IS ACQUITTED

Jury Renders Verdict Clearing Him of Murder Charge.

THE SPECTATORS APPLAUDED.

Judge Reagan Ordered Bailiffs To Arrest Enthusiasts but They Could Not Be Located.

Griffin, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—The jury in the case of F. M. McNaughton, charged with the murder of Bob Patton at Blantons mill on August 14, 1901, brought in a verdict of not guilty at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The case had been on trial in the superior court since last Friday at noon, and went to the jury at 11:30 today.

When the verdict was read there was considerable applause in the court room, and Judge Reagan ordered the bailiffs to arrest all who had thus shown their approval of the verdict. The bailiffs were unable to apprehend the parties. The court announced that it was fortunate for them that such was the case, as he would have sentenced them to jail for an uncomfortable length of time. The court announced that if there was any more applause over a verdict that he would have the room cleared of all visitors.

One of the most importan cases that has come up in years is now on and will occupy the court for several days. It is that of G. A. Martin, charged with the murder of Oscar Aller on September 28, 1900, at over, a small village about 5 miles from Griffin.

Both men were prominently connected in this section and a royal legal battle will be fought. Solicitor General O. H. B. Bloodworth is assisted in the prosecution by Judge Marcus W. Beck and Colonel F. D. Dismuke. The defense is represented by Hon. Robert L. Berner, of Forsyth; Judge F. Z. Curry, of Jackson, and Colonel Lloyd Cleveland, of Griffin.

About seventy-five witnesses have been subpenaed and the court room was packed almost to suffocation this afternoon when the case was called.

From Errand Boy to Riches.

New York World: Make money for your employer and he will make money for you.

Always save part of your income, if only 25 cents a week; and then watch it grow, in a few years it will start you in business or fit you for a profession.

Don't try gambling games; they have you beaten before you put your money up.

Never get into a lawsuit; you lose if you win.

When you start in business get the confidence of your banker. Ask his advice frequently. It costs you nothing and is valuable.

Never tell a man what you think of him unless it is something good.

To grim determination is attributed by B. H. Kroger, of Cincinnati, the prominent place he has attained in the commercial world. His supplying New York and Cincinnati with the finest bread at half regular rates and making money is only one of his successes. Kroger is sole owner of forty retail groceries in Cincinnati, and of a wholesale grocery and importing house. He gives supervision to all.

Kroger started at 13 as errand boy at $2.50 a week, and now, at 41, is worth over $1,000,000. After a year as errand boy he went to a farm for two years at $4 a month. On his return to Cincinnati he sold tea and coffee on commission and saved money.

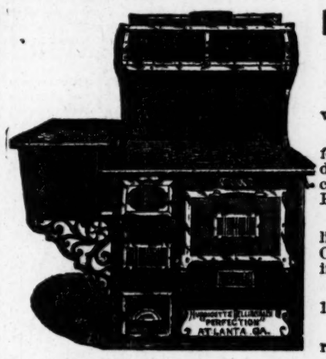
In July, 1883, he and another man invested $350 each, all they had, in a tea store. More than half the capital was put into a horse and showy delivery wagon, which one day went over the bank into the canal, the outfit proving a total loss.

The next year a flood destroyed $350 worth of goods. But Kroger had confidence, and in July, 1884, paid his partner $1,510 to retire. From that time his success was phenomenal.

Kroger is smooth-shaven and looks like a young man. His capacity for work is practically unlimited. Kroger decides quick as a wink every proposition submitted. He drives a fast horse, never bets on anything, and all his stores are up to the hour.

How To Veneer Fashionably.

Philadelphia Record: "There will be snow soon," said a bounder, "and when it comes I'll hire a sleigh and a set of furs and take my best girl out, dazzling her. You didn't know, I guess, that you can hire furs, did you? Well, you can, and crackajacks, too. Big seal skin caps with eartabs, fur gloves up to your armpits, fur collars up to your forehead—there are half a dozen pawnbrokers in this town that'll fit you out with all those things for an afternoon, and the price is only a bone. You put them on, and as you spin along the park drive you say to your girl: 'I got these gloves in Manitoba—a gift from my friend, the mayor of Dog Gulch. I speared myself the seal my cap is made from, and Senator Pitcoe gave me the collar—Pitcoe, of Wyoming—perhaps you know him.' The girl looks at you. You resemble an Eskimo. She counts the cost of the furs, and decides it is a young millionaire she's up against. After that she's yours."



Perfection Steel Range

$25 without reservoir and $32.50 with 15 gallon reservoir. Terms Cash.

We have sold so many of the Perfection at this low price that we have decided to offer another car load to our customers, saving them $10 to $15 on a Range.

The Perfection Range has six 8 in. lids. Top cooking surface 30x34 in. Oven 12 in. high, 17 in. wide and 21½ in. deep.

Full asbestos lined, aluminum lined 15-gallon reservoir.

Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath Company.

VERNE DYING IN POVERTY.

Writer of Eighty Novels Neglected at His Home in Amiens.

Chicago Tribune: Jules Verne, "he of the great imagination," as the French call him, the writer of eighty fabulously successful novels, lies dying at his home in Amiens, old, blind, and penniless. His son is now in England with the hope of getting some of his father's admirers to place their names on a subscription list that the dying man may lack neither doctors nor medicine while he yet lives, nor a decent burial when he dies.

The world's farewell to the novelist must be to him a bitter contrast to its welcome and to the hospitality he enjoyed during his stay. From every point of view his life has been successful. He had fame in every civilized country, money in consequence thereof, the friendship of the great among his countrymen, health, and the love of a devoted wife. Today the last alone remains to him. His fame diminished as his writing waned. He had spent his money, and the faculty of making more departed with the advent of old age. His friends are dead, and he has become blind.

Verne's books were a new sort, different in kind from any that had been published in France. The love motif was entirely absent. His heroes were adventurers, travelers, who nevertheless in contradistinction to the conventional daredevil, spent none of their time either in getting beautiful maidens into distress by breaking their hearts or in getting them out of it by breaking their maligners' heads. The Verne adventurers fight and beat other men or more frequently nature. The laws of time and gravity are their pet antipathies. The tales were all pseudo-scientific. Their author succeeded in accomplishing the previously impossible, for he made the marriage between science and fiction, two creatures of an incompatible temperament, happy. At least, so far as the lay world could judge. But he himself was not made happy by his work. In his later days he has been frequently melancholy, because, as he continually said, he thought he had accomplished nothing worthy in literature. A favorite remark of his has been: 'Je ne compte pas dans la litterature Francais.' "I amount to nothing in French literature.

George Sand, the great woman novelist, admired his tales. After reading several stories which he wrote about balloons and flying machines, she asked him to take another tack. One of his greatest novels, "Twenty Thousand Leagues Under the Sea," followed. Then one of Cock's tourists' time tables have him the idea of "Around the World in Eighty Days," which is the best known of his writings. Even today, when by means of the transcontinental railroads a traveler manages to make a circle around the earth in less than eighty days he is wont to boast of having defeated the resourceful Phineas Fogg.

Verne was not a traveler. He never tried to visit any of the places he wrote about. The majority of the sites he tells of are inaccessible to members of this age and generation, anyhow, and maybe their describer thought it was not worth while to go to the rest. He always said his hardest work came when he had to read up about the places he had not seen but would describe.

He worked hard, a fact shown by his output—eighty imaginative novels in less than forty years. Arising at 4:30 in the morning, he worked till 11 before eating; then came breakfast, and in the afternoon four or five hours more of work.

When the first draft of a book was done he corrected and recorrected until he had gone through the proof sheets seven or eight times. His publishers say that his last correction looks entirely unlike the first draft; that the outlines of the plot and even the names of the characters are changed.

Verne began to write at the age of 12. "Poetry it was then, and dreadful, too," he says himself. When graduated from college he went on the Paris bourse, and in the course of a few months' speculations lost considerable money. He was always glad of it, however, because he claimed that he was thus enabled to see at close range that nervous energy and lightning-like thinking, which makes his heroes interesting.

Judge R. Williams, Reynolds, Ga.

Reynolds, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Judge Richard Williams, one of the oldest citizens of this county, died this morning at 2 o'clock at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. E. P. Harvey. Judge Williams has always been prominent in the affairs of his section of the state and by a long life of usefulness and purity he had endeared himself to the people with whom he come in contact. His remains will be carried to Oglethorpe, Ga., for interment.



WILL ALWAYS BUY PILLSBURY'S BEST FLOUR.

I can always make elegant bread.

TRY IT, IF YOU APPRECIATE REALLY FINE BREAD.

Ask your Grocer for it.

TRADE SUPPLIED BY

J. J. & J. E. MADDOX

AGAIN TO JAIL GERMAN GOES

Former Louisville Bank Bookkeeper Is Rearrested.

Released on $5,000 Bond, Was Again Taken Into Custody That Increase Might Be Made. Sum Is Raised to $12,000.

Louisville, Ky., January 27.—Albert F. German, formerly individual bookkeeper of the Third national bank of this city, was arrested this afternoon on a warrant based on an affidavit made by National Bank Examiner R. B. Garrett, charged him with making false entries on the bank's books amounting to $10,025.

German was arrested several weeks ago on the same charge on which he was rearrested today. At that time it was alleged that a shortage of several thousand dollars had been discovered in his accounts.

He was released on $5,000 bond, but as the result of further investigation he was rearrested in order that the amount of his bond might be increased.

German was taken before the United States marshal and a new bond was fixed at $7,000, making the total amount required for his release $12,000. He has not yet executed a new bond and is still in custody.

HEALED BY LAYING ON HANDS.

Unknown Woman Enlivens a Dull Afternoon in Eufaula.

Eufaula, Ala., January 27.—(Special.)—The streets of the city were much enlivened yesterday afternoon.

An unknown woman drove up to one of the principal streets corners and alighted from a buggy. She mounted an empty dry goods box and rang a bell vigorously for a few minutes, which attracted a crowd.

She then began to preach in a most emphatic way and declared her belief and power in divine healing. After offering a prayer, she took up a collection and then proceeded to put her powers into practice.

Negroes flocked around her for relief, and it was not long before some were persuaded to believe that she could cast out devils or even raise the dead.

The scene was an unusual one here, to say the least.

PREACHERS AFTER PEARSON.

They Discuss His Recent Attack on the Bible.

Chicago, January 27.—Professor Pearson and his recent open attack on the miracles of the Bible were discussed in many of the Sunday sermons in Chicago. The line was not drawn between denominations, preachers of many creeds, in a score of churches, deeming the utterances of the Northwestern university teacher worthy of especial thought.

To the congregation in the Isaiah Temple Rabbi Stols said:

"It is not difficult to find in the Bible inaccuracies, exaggerations, inconsistencies, errors in text and sentiments that degrade the deity to the level of the Oriental despot."

Again he said:

"We are under obligations to Professor Pearson that he again has called attention to this truth in a spirit of reverence and duty and not from a sense of scorn and ridicule."

Bishop Fallows declared the miracle to be not unnatural, but supernatural, and especially defended the records of the New Testament.

Rev. Camden M. Coburn, preaching before the members of the St. James Methodist Episcopal church, declared:

"It is truth that not all the Bible is literal history, and that a man or church would, indeed, be foolish who would insist upon interpreting every part of the Bible as literal history. Many of the remarks made recently," he said before concluding, "do not sound like the utterances of a Biblical critic, but of infidelity, pure and simple."

In another part of the city, Dr. Leach was even more outspoken. "Take away one single prop from me if you dare to try it," he began, "and in the name of Jehovah's God, I will brand you Judas. Disturbed by the utterances of Professor Pearson? No.

"There never has been a lack of such, for the devil lives until he shall have been cast into the pit by the conqueror."

MUCH PENSION MONEY PAID

To the Confederate Veterans and Widows in Macon.

Macon, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Ordinary Wiley was kept busy today dispensing money to confederate veterans and their widows. In all he has $17,785 to give out and at the rate he was passing it out today it will not take long to get through with it.

When Colonel Wiley appeared at his office this morning there was a line of old heroes and surviving widows awaiting him. There are something over three hundred to receive these pensions.

POLICE MATINEE PEN SHOTS

By Gordon Noel Hustel.

Sing, Oh, the Jolly Tar.

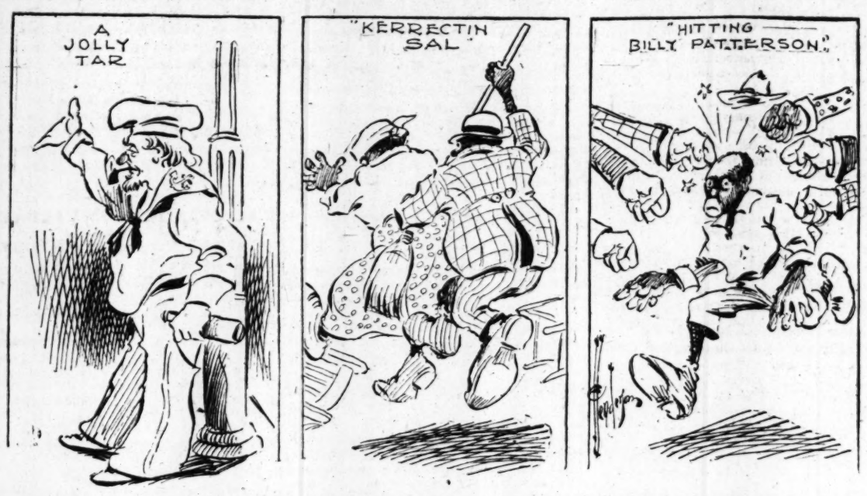
I am a jolly, jagged tar—
Now listen to my story:
I stranded on a whisky bar,
And struck a snag, by gory.

Police Made a Mistake.

"Ter tech us sho, dar hain't no law,"
Said Jabus, "an' yer'll cl'ar us,
Fer when I tapped Sal on de jaw
Dar warn't no pusson n'ar us."

Billy Patterson Was Hit.

The ancient secret must now quit
As mystery to run;
For it is known, at last, who hit
Poor Billy Patterson



"You have lost your bearings," said the recorder to a sailor at yesterday's police matinee.

"Split me yard arrums, ef I hain't," exclaimed the prisoner.

"Now, look here," the recorder continued, "a jolly tar is a novelty at these matinees, because Atlanta is so far inland that we rarely ever get hold of anything except landlubbers. Tell us how you managed to drift so far off your course, Jack Carter?"

"Shiver me timbers ef I can tell you," replied the prisoner. "I was mooring along the wharf at Savannah the last time I kin remimber meself. I went onto a jag in that seaport and now here yer have me, yer hannah."

"You mean to say you got so drunk that you rode all the way to Atlanta without knowing it," the recorder asked him.

"Was whisky-logged clear up to the gun'ls, yer hannah," stated Jack Carter, with a wink at the Pat Policeman.

"You've run aground in a bad harbor," stated Recorder Broyles.

"Clear up on a sand-bar, yer hannah."

"You might better say a whisky bar."

"I hope it is the bar of justice, yer hannah."

"I sea, Jack, and I will have to wave any further preliminaries and fine you $5.75 for getting liquor-logged in this port."

"Crack me jibboom ef I hain't dead broke, your hannah."

"Then you will have to steer for the stockade," the recorder finally told the jolly tar from Savannah.

"Is that a pretty fair harbor, yer hannah," Jack asked.

"Well, no; there are a good many wrecks out there," the recorder told him, "mostly caused by too many collisions with schooners. If you keep on the right tack, however, they will treat you fair. When you anchor out there don't try to get a-weigh. As you are a tar, stick it out."

"I 'clar' 'fore grashus, Jedge Briles," exclaimed Jabus Teller, who was one of last season's bridegrooms in Crooked Alley, "de perlice hain't got no biznuss 'restin' me 'bout mer wife, Sallie. Hit 'pears lak dere hain't no een' ter whut dese perlices am gwine ter do atter while."

"Haven't you and your wife, Sallie, been fighting," asked the recorder.

"I lak fer yer ter fin' de Darktown pa'r dat doan' hab dey leetle rucasses now an' den," was the reply. "Ob course, me an' Sallie fit some. Ef us nebber fit none den us doan' lub one anudder."

"And you hit your wife, Sallie, on the head with a broomhandle," the recorder said: "

"Jest tapped her one leetle lick 'side de head, but I nebber hit hard ernuff ter break de stick, Jedge Briles," was the reply of Jabus.

"Well now, Jabus," the recorder went on to say, "if you and your wife, Sallie, fought and you tapped her on the head with a broomstick, why didn't the police have a right to arrest you?"

"Hit am berry plain, Jedge Briles," was Jabus' reply, "dat yer hain't got onter all de fac's ob disser case. Now, yer's axin' me wherfer I sez dat de perlice nebber had no biznuss ter 'rest me. De r'ason de perlice makes er mistook in dis case am bekase dar warn't nobody in dat room when dat fite tuk place. I argerfies dat w'en us am by us-se'fs us hab got de rite ter fit one ernudder all us wants ter. Dar warn't no 'sturbment ter nobody, an' if er man an' his wife hain't got de rite ter fit all by deyse'fs den dis nigger am clean got er mistook erbout de law ob dis kentry."

"The trouble with you, Jabus," said the recorder to the deluded prisoner, "is that you have gotten Darktown etiquette and law mixed up. I will have to enlighten you $10.75 worth. You were wrong, however, about you and your wife being alone, for the broomstick was there."

"Ise William Harrison Patterson," stated a small negro boy when he was asked for his full name, "an' I wus named atter de great president ob de kentry by mer pa, who wus er 'publikin."

"Billy Patterson is a vagrant and a loafer," stated an officer.

"Yes, he has been hanging around the depot for six months," said a second officer.

"I had him for stealing chickens last summer," stated a third policeman.

"He is a professional crap-shooter in Darktown," came from a fourth cop.

"Billy is the champion scrapper in Devil's Dip," announced a fifth officer.

"And he is always swinging trains," said a railroad watchman.

"He spends most of his time in the chaingang," stated the court bailiff.

"Now I know," said Recorder Broyles, "who hit Billy Patterson."

"Hit 'pears lak dey all gwine ter hab er lick at me," exclaimed William Harrison Patterson, with a gasp.

"You've made the greatest hit ever made at the matinee," the recorder told the prisoner, "and I am going to hit you myself for $15.75 or thirty days in the stockade."

The court bailiff started off with the prisoner, when the boy held back and called out:

"Jedge Briles, Ise got jest one t'ing ter ax ob yer."

"Well, ask it," the recorder called back to him.

"I wants yer ter make dese perlices stop calling me Billy Patterson."

"That's the most unkindest hit of all," remarked Recorder Broyles. "We will hereafter call you William Harrison Patterson and the police will give you the full benefit of the presidential third term."

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.



HE DEALS DEATH TO DUCKS.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND IS HAVING GOOD SPORT.

Several Bags of Fine Mallards Sent to Friends Attest His Skill with Gun.

Georgetown, S. C., January 27.—Ex-President Cleveland and party are having fairly good sport shooting ducks at Ford's Point, though the weather is too warm and calm for the best shooting.

Several bags of fine Mallards were sent up by boat today and expressed to relatives and friends of the party at their homes.

The change to cold and windy weather is probable tomorrow, which will result to the benefit of the hunters.

Mr. Cleveland declares he is enjoying his outing.

OLIVER ADMITS HE IS GUILTY.

MAKES CONFESSION TO JEFFERSON CHIEF OF POLICE.

Offers as Excuse That He Was Drunk and Thought Intended Victim Was Negro.

Jefferson, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Fred Oliver, the negro charged with attempted criminal assault, today made a confession in the jail to Chief of Police Ben Collier.

The negro offered as an excuse that he was drunk and thought that his intended victim was a negro girl.

Oliver waived a preliminary hearing today. He will be tried at the regular session of the superior court next week. The attempted outrage occasioned considerable excitement here.

Georgia Birds Are Winners.

Vicksburg, Miss., January 27.—(Special.) Probably the biggest cocking main ever fought is now in progress in Mississippi. Many Georgia birds are entered. It is said that S. S. Moore, of Atlanta, won seven events, with wagers of $3,000 a side.

BOYS IN BLUE HURT AT DRILL

Three Artillerymen Suffer Accident at Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

INJURIES OF ONE MAN ARE PROBABLY FATAL

The Gun Carriage Was Overturned While Executing a Field Movement and the Trio of Soldiers Were Crushed Beneath It.

San Antonio, Tex., January 27.—Three men of the Second field artillery were badly injured, one fatally, on the drill ground at Fort Sam Houston while at drill today.

The gun carriage was overturned while making an "into-line" movement and the three men were caught under it.

George Warnslee, of Los Angeles, Cal., had the scalp torn almost from his head, his right thigh broken, besides sustaining other injuries. It is feared he cannot recover.

Albert Davidson, of Mobile, Ala., and Albert Brown, of McKinney, Tex., were also seriously injured, but they have a chance to recover.

The accident was caused by the pole dropping from the yoke.

FUNERAL OF JAMES A. ROUSH

HIS DEATH RECALLS MOST REMARKABLE FAMILY HISTORY.

Being the First To Occur Among Many Decendants of Father and Mother.

Macon Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—James A. Roush, who died at the home of his parents on New street in this city yesterday, was buried in Riverside cemetery this morning at 11 o'clock. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. Mr. Ainsworth, father of the pastor of Mulberry Street Methodist church.

The death of Mr. Roush recalls a remarkable family history. His parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Roush, were married in Pennsylvania fifty years ago the 30th of last December. They had five children, all boys. All of these married except the deceased, and the death of James A. Roush is the first that has occurred among all the descendants of the father and mother. There are four sons remaining, all of whom are married, three of whom have one child each, the daughter of one of these having two children, which are great-grandchildren of the elder Roush couple.

Mr. Roush's immediate relatives in Macon are Charles A. Roush, William A. Roush, John A. Roush and Frank E. Roush, brothers of the deceased, and Mrs. R. L. McKenney, a niece, and Mrs. McKenney's two little girls Marguerite and Louise, great-nieces of the deceased.

The four surviving brothers, R. L. McKenney and George W. Hubbel acted as pallbearers at the funeral this morning.

RISKED LIVES FOR SALVAGE.

CREW OF STEAMER DAGGERY STICK TO THE SHIP.

Norwegian Seamen Refuse To Leave Their Craft Until Greatest Danger Has Passed.

Norfolk, Va., January 27.—(Special.)—Seeking to save salvage to the ship owners, Captain Simonson and the crew of seventeen men of the Norwegian steamship, Daggery, bound from New York to Mexico, with a cargo of coal and railroad iron, which stranded near Gull Shoals life saving station this morning, refused to leave the ship for hours.

The ship was at the time in imminent peril, the seas breaking over her heavily. It was necessary for the life savers to use the Lyle gun and shoot a line to the vessel before communication could be established.

Captain Pugh, of the life saving crew, went to the Daggery in a boat, but the men refused to leave. Meantime assistance had been telegraphed for and the Merritt wrecking steamer, Rescue, has been dispatched hence.

The life savers anchored the vessel to prevent her drifting farther in shore, and stood by to succor the obstinate Norwegians, who stuck to the stranded wreck until late afternoon. Then they consented to come ashore and were safely landed through the surf.

The captain has given no statement of the cause of the stranding, but at the time the weather was murky and smoky and the sea rough. At this hour the ship is lying easy and unless the promised storm materializes before the Rescue, which has just reached her, gets to work, she can be saved.

District Changes Opposed.

Birmingham, Ala., January 27.—(Special.)—The Birmingham Bar Association held a meeting today and passed a resolution opposing the change in the districts of the Alabama federal judges proposed in Representative Clayton's recent bill in congress. The lawyers here insist upon Judge Jones presiding in this court.



Cured of Piles, Saved From Knife.

Mrs. Aaron Medron, of Savannah, Ga., writes: "Ever since the birth of my first child, six years ago, I have suffered greatly from piles. I could not bring myself to bear the thoughts of a surgical operation. Pyramid Pile Cure entirely cured me." For sale by all druggists. "Piles, Causes and Cure" mailed free. Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

FOR A MURDER BLACKS SWING

Two Negroes Lynched for Wanton Killing of Police Juror.

FOUND HIS PROPERTY IN THEIR POSSESSION

Attempted To Arrest Them When One Fired, the Bullet Entering His Brain—A Hastily Formed Posse Soon Captured Men.

New Orleans, La., January 27.—Two negroes have been lynched in a distant portion of West Carroll parish, Louisiana, for the murder of G. N. Grant, a police juror from Floyd.

Grant, while out hunting with a friend named McKay, came upon some negroes who had killed and were cleaning hogs. He found that the animals were his.

He attempted to arrest the negroes, when one of them fired at him, the bullet entering his brain.

McKay aroused the whites in the neighborhood with the news of the murder. A posse was hastily formed. Three negroes were captured and two of them were lynched at once.

FLOYD'S LEGAL MILL GRINDS.

JOHN McGHEE'S CASE IS TO BE TRIED NEXT WEEK.

That of Ex-Tax Collector Sanford Will Probably Not Be Reached This Term.

Rome, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Fitz Simmons, a negro who killed another negro named Henry Pinson in North Rome the night before Christmas, is now in Floyd county jail. Simmons escaped and was only captured Saturday in Wilsonville, Ala. He made no fight against being brought back here, and Deputy Branch landed his prisoner in jail today.

John McGehee, who killed Frank Miller in Cave Spring last fall, will be tried next week in the superior court. McGehee's counsel will set up a plea of insanity and a very strong fight will be made on this line.

This week will be devoted to civil business in court and next week the criminal business will be taken up again. It is hardly probable that the case of V. T. Sanford, ex-tax collector, will be reached at this term of court, though it may be taken up next week.

The grand jury has adjourned for this week, but will reassemble Monday. They have returned seventy-five true bills to date. Among the indictments returned Saturday were some twenty-five against negroes for alleged illegal registration for the dispensary election.

SHOT HIM IN COURT HOUSE.

Girl Then Turned Weapon on Self. Both May Die.

Geddes, S. Dak., January 27.—A sensational attempt at murder and suicide occurred at the court house at Wheeler, S. Dak., today. Clyde Pattison had just been discharged in a case brought against him by Miss A. Seideler, the state having failed to prove his guilt.

As the man turned to leave the room the girl drew a revolver and began firing. The first shot took effect in Pattison's back. Several other shots were fired, causing a panic in the courtroom and corridors. Seeing her victim fall, the young woman turned the weapon against herself and inflicted a serious wound.

Physicians are as yet unable to determine whether the woman and her victim are fatally hurt, but the opinion is that both will recover.

Work on Night School Building.

Athens, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Work on the East Athens night school building will be started in a few days. The lumber is now being hauled to the lo ton Oak street, where the new building is to be erected.

GOOD MORNING, FATHER,

Have You Had Your 4 Father This Morning?



E. H. CARROLL & CO.,
Sole Agents. ATLANTA, GA.

HANDSOME BRICK RESIDENCE

On South Pryor can be bought for $6,000.00 this week. It is a hummer, and one of the best elevations in the city.

Also

Handsome Cottage on Pryor Street, consisting of 6 rooms, good lot—$2,850 for one week.

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24 Walton, Prudential Building.

CLASS-- --PAINTS

F. J. Cooledge & Bro.,

12 N. Forsyth Street.

BRUSHES-- --VARNISH

CRUTCH-BOUND



The crutch is a poor substitute for legs, and affords a very inconvenient and tiresome mode of locomotion — there is no more pathetic sight than a person slowly and painfully moving along the street supported by these artificial limbs.

When Rheumatism settles in the bones and muscles of the legs, it is safe to predict that the victim will eventually become helpless and crutch-bound. The corrosive irritating matter that is deposited in the joints and muscles causes the most intense pain, the knees and ankles swell, and when the natural oils and fluids that lubricate these parts are completely destroyed the joints become locked and the muscles drawn and stiff, and crutches a necessity.

The acid poisons that produce rheumatic pains form in the blood, and are distributed through the system, and lodged in the arms, shoulders, hands, back or feet, and other parts of the body—resulting often in total disability. A permanent cure of Rheumatism can be effected only by a complete cleansing of the blood, and no other remedy so surely accomplishes this as S. S. S. It neutralizes the acid effects, purifies and invigorates the stagnant blood, and the gritty corrupt particles are washed out or dislodged by the new rich blood, and relief comes to the pain-racked sufferer. S. S. S. leaves no morbid, irritating matter in the blood to reunite and produce another attack, but expels every atom of it from the system. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy, and does not impair the digestion or general health like alkali or potash remedies.

SSS

Write for our special free book on Rheumatism, and if any medical advice or other information is wanted, our physicians will gladly furnish it without charge. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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ATLANTA, GA., January 28, 1902.

The Manhattan Club Meeting.

On Washington's birthday a reception is to be given to its non-resident members by the Manhattan Club of New York city, which is one of the great democratic associations of the union. The club was formed to "advance democratic principles" and has a non-resident membership in thirty-eight of the forty-five commonwealths. The reception on February 22 is for the purpose of bringing together democrats from all parts of the country and "reviving the interest of the people in the fundamental doctrine upon which our democratic government was founded."

The meeting thus proposed can be made an occasion of the utmost significance. A representative and frank conference of true democrats at this juncture of public affairs ought to be productive of much good to the party. Of course, such a meeting could not make agreements for the party or dictate its future policies, any more than could the party's representatives in congress, who have just wisely refrained from such a venture. But those who do meet and exchange opinions will give birth and temper to a [illegible] in the party's ranks and counsels that will be contagious and prophetic.

On the other hand, unless the conference is wisely and generously managed it can become a crater of evil eruptions and do more damage to party harmony and prospects than could be repaired in a score of years. It is not presumable, however, that the Manhattan Club is providing for a democratic Donnybrook fair. They mean honestly to give an opportunity to representative democrats to voice those sentiments of faith, of purpose and of cooperation that will restore concord in the party and point the way to a national victory that is evidently waiting for the arrival of a united democracy.

We look with a large hope for the forthgivings of the above conference. We hope that there will be no endeavor upon the part of any who have been leaders and spokesmen in the past to lay down hard and fast terms upon which the reunion of democrats must be predicated. Especially would that sort of ultimatum come with ill grace from those who have had their latest public prominence in the ranks of, or as auxiliaries of, that republican party whose policies the Manhattan Club's invitation says are subversive of democratic principles. The men who "followed the flag" and who tasted the bitter denunciation of those who deserted to the enemy, and then drank the lees of defeat, are hardly prepared to be lined up, drilled and disciplined by recalcitrants. Whatever logic or salve may soothe the consciences of some of the gentlemen who abandoned the party ranks and cause in 1896 and 1900, the staunch men of the party will yet feel that such men should seek reunion rather than dictate the terms of their return to the ranks.

Likewise we hope that the steadfast democrats will show a conciliatory spirit. They can gain nothing in satisfaction or in the interests of a triumphant democracy by recriminations and the disposition to penalize in any way those who are willing to renew party allegiance and service. Time past has sufficed for such feelings and any further indulgence in them can only perpetuate democratic discords and ensure the defeat of the party another time.

If the projected conference is made up of sincere, earnest men of democratic faith, and the spirit in which they confer is that of honest endeavor to find common standing ground for the future, it will become a great event in the history of the party and the country.

By leaving the dead past to bury its dead, by producing upon the conference table the old Jeffersonian charter of democracy, by taking serious counsel of the present and imminent needs of the people that their liberties may not fail, and by resolving to strike hands in fraternity and face the rising sun, the democrats who attend the meeting can bring again the strength of Sampson into the thews and sinews of the party.

The Public Utilities Agreement.

Yesterday the council committee came to an agreement with reference to the public untilities of the city, including the street railway, power and electric lighting companies. The terms, as agreed upon and adopted by the city council, are fully set out in our local news columns.

The agreement, viewed in the light of past relations and future contingencies, will be regarded, we think, as a just one, especially as it affects the corporations concerned. Certainly no room has been left for them to complain that the city has dealt hardly with them by unexampled exactions, by hampering their ability for future development or by discouraging the further remunerative investment of capital in such enterprises.

The city might have demanded much more than it has and yet kept within the limits of its moral and legal rights. The council action leaves the city free from any compromise of its rights of control or of taxation upon franchises and ad valorem increments of property in the hands of the corporations. It is also given the tax rate agreed upon on gross receipts outside the city limits as well as within them.

If the aldermanic board approves this plan of adjustment and the mayor signs it the corporations will be at their election to close this controversy upon those terms, or to reject them and embroil the situation arresh. In deciding upon their course they should not forget that by these propositions the city yields much to them, and they are asked to yield less than could be enforced, and will be if their action compels it. The grace of the city should not be maltreated. It concedes what it does in the interest of peace and mutual prosperity.

The corporations will do well to meet this liberality with prompt acceptance of the adjustment thus offered.

The Signs of the Times.

The signs are multiplying all around the political horizon that indicate a coming democratic revival. We use that last word advisedly. We mean a renewal of democratic faith, confidence and union of effort to convert a great majority of the people to sound principles and just government.

The gouging and crowding by some of the brethren in congress is insignificant. They scent the coming victory and are already eager to get front places in the procession. They are anxious to be where they can holler first: "I told you so!" They are furnishing signs of promise rather than of serious discords. That there is a vanity in their seeming confusion is evidenced by their refusal to forecast issues and assume to predicate a national platform for the party in advance of the convention of 1904.

The republican party's predicament is not a happy one. They have a president on their hands. They have never before had one who was so determined to spell his title with capital letters. He is himself the x in their political equation—the unknown quantity whose value as a party-keeper and leader is yet to be worked out. They are not in beautiful agreement upon pending and urgent policies. They have inherited the reciprocity proposition, which their leaders wish to strangle, and have had thrust upon them a Cuban question which they had hoped to avoid. The Philippine policy is a two-edged sword which they are compelled to handle with the greatest care. And there are other matters, such as the isthmian canal, the surplus, the war taxes and the ship subsidy bill, that are powerfully perplexing to men who have to face the people this coming fall.

The democrats, however, have every reason to be hopeful. They have no more to do at present than to watch every move by their opponents, hang on their flanks, expose their errors, their invasions of the constitution, their evasions of the fundamental principles of free government, their extravagances with the people's money and their subservience to capital and to corporations, trusts and monopolies. Then, dropping out of the programme all dead issues and past differences, they can come together on principles that no democrat can gainsay, that the common faith of the country can accept without serious argument and that a majority of patriotic Americans will support in order that "a government of the people, by the people and for the people shall not perish from the earth!"

Our Coronation Envoys.

The American people possess an unfailing humor. It is the lubricant of the fast-flying wheels of our civilization. We might long ago have become a nation of maniacs but for this saving grace of seeing so many things funny-end foremost. A people who can jest at taxes and jibe at death is elastic enough to sustain the weightiest burdens without revolt and to tolerate some vagaries without destructive indignation.

It is that unctious spirit in Americanism that makes even the serious protests of some earnest citizens against the sending of special envoys of this government to attend the coronation of the English king seem funny. For, while we cannot forego the chance to take a jolly fling at Brother Reid and the red plush pants he is expected to wear at the ceremony, it is really the proper thing for the president to send an able, representative deputation to attend, in the name of our people, that event of world-wide significance.

We are a considerable section of the Anglo-Saxon world. The blood and the principles of our civilization link back to the lineages and laws of the race of men over whom Edward has been called to reign. It matters not that we have thrown off the monarchial forms, dispensed with kings and exchanged the trappings of courts for the simpler costumes of democracy. In doing so we have not necessarily, we hope, divorced ourselves from the duties of decency and the obligations of international comity. An invitation to be represented among the ambassadors of the world-girdling nations at the coronation of the sovereign of one of the greatest peoples of the earth is not to be flouted and treated as an invasion of our republican dignity.

On the contrary, it is our duty to be present in personalities worthy to represent the greatness, intelligence and significance of this nation among the world's powers. The president has happily named such acceptable representatives and they are far from the sort of men and Americans who would demean us by their conduct on so august an occasion. They will occupy a place, indeed, where they will be strong proferts that a great nation can subsist without a crowned head, and a splendid history can be achieved by a people without a titled aristocracy and the pageantries of medieval institutions.

It is but a cheap patriotism that objects and resorts to demagoguery against such a courtesy as we will offer the king at his coronation.

Georgia's Ancient Gold Mines.

Before the discovery of the rich gold fields of California in 1849 Georgia was the center of the gold mining industry in the United States. Consequently it will not surprise Georgians to know that the oldest gold mine in the country is to be found in this state.

This ancient bed of the yellow metal is known as the Calhoun mine and is located in Lumpkin county, Georgia, near Dahlonega. The mine was discovered as far back as 1828 and was owned at one time by John C. Calhoun, the great nullifier, whose name has been associated with it ever since. After passing out of the hands of Mr. Calhoun it became the property of some agricultural institution in the state of South Carolina.

For many years the mine was not worked with much profit to the owners, but recently it has come into the hands of an enterprising company of owners, who have put six men to work in it and are making it yield as much as $300 per month.

Gradually the eyes of the country are turning once more to the mountains of north Georgia in quest of the yellow metal; and judging from discoveries which have recently been made it will not be long before this state again becomes an active center of the gold-mining industry.

John Wesley Gaines buncoed Uncle Joe Cannon and got a supply of figures sufficient to run an adding machine factory into The Congressional Record. Uncle Joe has a stuffed club for Johnnie hid under his desk these days.

Captain Bayly, attache of the British legation in Washington, stuck his inquiring nose too near the navy department, and will be recalled by his government. It is disgrace or deportation to monkey with that outfit.

There are reports from Boston that the Bay State democrats have hopes. They expect to elect a governor and walk around chestylike in the next national convention.

Chaffee estimates that it will take 50,000 soldiers five years to restore peace in the Philippines. That makes an old confed think that perhaps he quit fighting too soon.

While John Jay Lentz is waiting on his congressional contest he might invite Prince Henry to come to Columbus and see the place where a fellow-citizen fell down!

Senator Lodge will investigate the situation in the Philippines and expects to make his colleague, Senator Hoar, look like the man who blew into the toy flutter mill.

Those Pan-American gabfesters having worn out their welcome in Mexico, are preparing to go home and tell fishermen's tales about what they think they did.

Old Dave Nation must be preparing to try the route again., He is attending masked balls in Ohio and that means business with an old codger of his age.

The newspapers say "Prince Henry is democratic." We do not believe it, because if he were he would not trust himself so near to our navy department.

Billy Mason indignantly denies that he is opposed to the rural free delivery. That puts the proof, or the beers for the crowd, on Charles Emory Smith.

The London society folk are getting faddy on mental healing. They are a crowd that needs to think lots of things they are afflicted with are not so.

The senate committee will favor the Nicaragua route and then it will be up to Mark Hanna to show his ability as a plugger for the Panama gang.

Now who is going to be governor general of the Danish West Indies? It is a dandy chance to exile some fellow with a budding presidential boom.

Hobson will not be allowed to retire from the navy. He had the misfortune to perform a heroic feat that no other fellow wanted to undertake.

Jim Hill gave the interstate commission the startling information that he runs his railroad business to make all that he can out of it.

The congressmen who feel that they are underpaid will be cheerfully permitted to file P. P. C. cards at the end of their present term.

General Miles denies absolutely that he aspires to the presidency. This ought to be accepted at the white house as a sufficient insomnia chaser.

The ransom money has been paid and now all who wish to hear the details from Miss Stone herself may apply at the box office for reserved seats.

Senator Hoar's resolution don't count against his vote. It is the latter which helps on the "crushing" process in the Philippines.

The free-thinkers have formed another national third party. This is rather driving politics into the region of vulgar fractions.

Mrs. Leslie Carter has got a play now that keeps the society for the prevention of vice on the qui vive. And she is happy with it.

Rakewski is the name of that brave American soldier who has gone to do ten years' time for threatening to kill Teddy.

It is reported that six more men have engaged in the Colombian revolution and now the whole affair is to be fought over again.

John L. Sullivan's edition of "Uncle Tom" is a stunning affair, especially so to the man who has to stand for Uncle Tom.

Steve Elkins doesn't seem to have as much need for the hat rack at the white house as during former administrations.

Doctors in Sweden never send bills to their patients. Say, that's the country we ought to send immigration agents to.

King George seems really grateful that he escaped election to the martyr class.

"JUST FROM GEORGIA"

The Song of It.

I.

Let's sing on the hilltop an' sing on the plain
Of the sunshine that's comin' just after the rain,
Of the light on the hills
An' the song o' the rills,
An' a world rollin' heavenward just as God wills!

II.

Let's sing o' the mornin' with song an' with light
When the dim stars are folded far back with the night,
Of the mornin' that seems,
With its dewy-bright beams
The beautiful answer to all of our dreams!

* * * * *

We notice some lovely lyrics going the rounds signed "James Gloom Sorrow," and all of them are full of hope and good cheer. By-the-by—didn't one of the greatest of poets say "There's nothing in a name"—or words to that effect?

* * * * *

Progress.

I.

Some day, when God deems best,
All men shall find a little space for rest.

II.

Some day—but till its dawn
Life, with its smiles and tears, must still move on!

III.

To sow the hopeful seed—
To make the bright dream blossom in the deed;

IV.

Then to the dark to creep,
Thankful that we have reaped the rose of sleep!

* * * * *

Mr. Meredith Nicholson's column in The Indianapolis News, which he calls "Watching the World Go By," stands alone for the fine poetry with which it is filled. It is odd that Mr. Nicholson, who is really a business man, should still find time to contribute such excellent verse to the magazines and newspapers.

* * * * *

Talkin' 'Bout Rain.

"Talkin' 'bout rain—
What's the use to complain?"
That's what the old earth forever is sayin'!
"The crops—they grow tall
As the bright drops they fall,
An' the Lord of the weather knows best for us all!
So, talkin' 'bout rain—
What's the use to complain?
Never a drop of it fell here in vain!"

* * * * *

Take Heart!

Now, let us take heart from that Georgia philosopher who chirps as blithely as a bluebird on a telegraph wire,—

"We miss the rose
Whar it hails an' snows
An' the bare trees shake an' shiver;
The good Lord knows
We're almost froze,
But we've got His Love for kiver!"

* * * * *

"Shelley's 'Skylark' may be poetry," says a rural Georgia editor, "but we are convinced that Mr. Shelley never had any experience with the American fieldlark, 'long about seed-plantin' time."

* * * * *

Here's a colored citizen of a south Georgia county who says that he is "One hundred en ten year old, en never had a day's sickness in his life." But that statement, plain and simple as it is, only gives the color of truth to our frequent contention that "Good niggers live a long time in Georgia!"

* * * * *

When Love Shall Walk That Way.

I.

You came to Love in his sorrow
From a dim and distant land,
And sang of a sweet tomorrow,
And whispered: "I understand!
I know the way that is weary—
The dark that dreams of day;
But never the dark is dreary
When Love shall walk that way!"

II.

You came to Love in his sorrow—
When his lonely lips made moan,
But God will keep tomorrow
With Love's hand in your own!
And the dark night drift in glory,
And the Winter dream of May,
Singing the violet's story
When Love shall walk that way!

* * * * *

"Let Her Blaze!"

It may be, after all, this is as good a way as another in which to look at it:

"This here word for winter—May,
Spite o' blame an' praise,
World is blazin' on her way—
Let her blaze!"

* * * * *

Enough Said.

A Billville exchange gives us this interesting and suggestive news item:

"Wilkins's daughter, Sue-Ellen, says: 'Bill writ me a letter an' said he wuz gwine ter kill me kaze I wouldn't have him; but I met him in the road an' hit him over the head with a fence rail, an' the last I hearn tell of him he wuz slowly comin' back to his senses.' "

* * * * *

Her "Later Lyrics."

The world has been anxiously awaiting Mrs. Alice Meynell's "Later Poems." Here is a beautiful extract from them:

"She walks—the lady of my delight—
A shepherdess of sheep.
Her flocks are thoughts. She keeps them white;
She guards them from the steep.
She feeds them on the fragrant height,
And folds them in for sleep.
She holds her little thoughts in sight,
Though gay they run and leap;
She is so circumspect and right,
She has her soul to keep.
She walks—the lady of my delight—
A shepherdess of sheep."

Mrs. Meynell, it will be recalled, is the author of that famous sonnet, "Renouncement," which gave her world-wide fame.

* * * * *

Finally.

This old world, with all its sorrow,
Same today, an' same tomorrow;
Take it high an' take it low,
Ain't a better that we know!

F. L. S.

Irwin County Out of Debt.

Irwin now takes her place among the few counties in Georgia that are out of debt, and when this year's taxes are all collected, she will be to the good about $6,000.

Cedartown Standard: No farmer can afford to raise all cotton this year, when corn is $1.25 per bushel, meat and lard each 15 cents per pound, and flour $5 to $6 per barrel, on time.

STATE POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Early County News: The crop of candidates is one that never fails, let the seasons come as they may. There is always more than a "stand," and the crop requires a great deal of thinning.

Bainbridge (Ga.) Searchlight: Those who contemplate running for office in Georgia this year are reminded that no "slow coaches" will be allowed to win. It takes a fellow with a good deal of motion, locomotion, if not perpetual motion, to land. There must be no lost motion either.

Milledgeville News: Now that Terrell has made his formal announcement for governor, there is some speculation as to who will be the first one to drop out.

Tennille News: Hon. O. B. Stevens seems to be getting steady in the boat.

Athens Banner: It has been suggested that most of the candidates for the legislature have announced for reelection upon the idea that they are going to run for speaker of the house.

Adel (Ga.) News: It is more than likely that we will have an avowed choice and in due course of time will not hesitate to let that choice be known. But we do not propose to tear our hair or lose much rest over the complexity of the situation. May the best man win.

Quitman Free Press: This seems to be a bad political year for negro postmasters.

Estill.

Greenesboro Herald: Savannah will furnish Georgia with her next governor, and a better man for the place will be hard to find. Colonel J. H. Estill is a most excellent gentleman, a true southern man and was a good confederate soldier. The man who votes for him will honor himself and his state by his vote.

Darien Gazette: Politics will now begin to warm up and the boys will have some real news to print. Hurrah for Estill!

Tennille News: Says The Dublin Courier-Dispatch: "Hon. Dupont Guerry has challenged Hon. J. M. Terrell to a joint debate. If Mr. Terrell accepts, while he and Mr. Guerry are amusing the voters, Colonel Estill may run off with the bag."

Augusta Chronicle: Estill's friends are claiming for him at least second place in the race for the gubernatorial sweepstakes.

Terrell.

Milledgeville News: Here's to Terrell, the next governor of Georgia. There are several good men in the race for governor, but none better than Joe Terrell.

Newnan Herald and Advertiser: The Lawrenceville News-Herald is inclined to disapprove of Hon. Joe Terrell as a candidate for governor because he is bald-headed. It is safe to assume, however, that the people of Georgia would have more respect for a gubernatorial head with nothing on it than one with nothing in it.

Columbus Enquirer-Sun: Mr. Terrell's announcement is receiving a very cordial reception from the press of the state. The fact is, there are no flaws in it. It is too strongly democratic and too conservative to admit of fault finding.

Augusta Chronicle: Hon. J. M. Terrell issues his documents from Greenville. He is again "the gentleman from Meriwether."

Milledgeville News: Now that Hon. J. M. Terrell has resigned from the office of attorney general, there will be more life added to the gubernatocial race.

Newnan Herald and Advertiser: Taken altogether, the postulates laid down by Mr. Terrell in his platform are, in our judgment, so sound and sensible as to be practically unassailable. Even his opponents in the race will find it difficult to raise an issue with him on any of the propositions contained in his announcement.

The Joint Debate.

Albany Herald: The joint debate question has been sprung since the formal announcement of Colonel Terrell of his candidacy for governor. Colonel Guerry has given notice that he will challenge Colonel Terrell to meet him in joint debate and that he will insist upon this kind of campaign. We see that Colonel Estill has expressed himself on the joint debate question and has said that he thinks the joint debate business between candidates for governor had better be left off.

Colonel Estill is right. Joint debates are not to be wholly condemned. There may be times when they can be indulged in between opposing political leaders for the purpose of instructing the people on live issues, without fomenting strife, but as a rule joint debates between rival candidates of the same political party lead to personalities, bitterness and crimination and recrimination.

Let the gubernatorial candidates, who are all democrats, conduct the campaign without any of these hilt to hilt encounters. Such meetings between the opposing candidates will do more harm than good.

TALKS ABOUT ATLANTA.

Dawson Recorder: Atlanta is hard to down. She got ahead of southwest Georgia Tuesday in claiming the first snow of the new year. But, then, there are some things we don't want.

Senoia Enterprise-Gazette: The handsome new depot at Savannah is nearing completion, but the Savannah papers are not saying so very much about it. Gracious! what if Atlanta had a new depot? Atlanta's depot is like lots of other good things—it has been crushed to earth, but it will rise again.

Waynesboro (Ga.) True Citizen: The paragraphers had best get to work again; the railroads continue to pull back from the Atlanta car shack. The fact is the mud sills have sunk so low they have reached the hadesocene strata and the railway magnates are afraid to go after them.

Dahlonega Nugget: A negro in Atlanta last week was fined $5.75 by the recorder because he threw away his money. Send him up to Dahlonega where he can remain as long as he pleases free of charge as long as his money lasts and he is so liberal.

Darien Gazette: Atlanta is several weeks behind on sensations. It is about time the Gate City was doing something in this line.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

On the basis of 1,000 people to the square mile there is room for three times as many people in the world as live in it today; and there is no danger of overcrowding it for many years to come. To be "full" the world must have a population of 52,000,000,000, and as the rate of increase is only one person per hundred each year it will take one hundred and twenty-five years to bring the population even up to 5,000,000,000. There will then be eighty-three persons to one square mile of earth. Another one hundred years will bring the population to 14,706,000,000, or 225 to the square mile, and another century's growth will make it 31,662,000,000, or 609 per mile. It will not be until the middle of the twenty-third century that the world will be "full." In the year 2250 there will be an average of 1,001 persons to the square mile, or a world population of 52,000,000,000.

An interesting fact disclosed by the census statistics is that in ten years the general death rate has decreased from 19.6 per thousand to 17.8. This remarkable decrease is in the cities, where the rate has fallen from 21 in 1890 to 18.6 last year. The rate in the country has been about stationary, having been 15.3 in 1890 and 15.4 in 1900. This extraordinary decrease in the death rate of cities has been due chiefly to improved hygienic conditions. In the country a corresponding gain has not occurred. The figures show that consumption is no longer the most fatal of diseases, pneumonia having taken its place. Deaths from consumption have decreased over 20 per cent, while a greater relative decrease is recorded in the case of diphtheria and other diseases. The diseases that show an increase are chiefly those incident to advanced age, death from old age itself showing an advance of 20 per cent.

TRESTLE SINKS WITH TRAIN

Coach Was Heavily Loaded with Passengers at the Time.

FRONT TRUCK JUMPED TRACK

With the Exception of Slight Bruises None of Those Aboard Were Injured.

Carrollton, Ga., January 27.—(Special.) The southbound Chattanooga and Griffin Central loaded passenger car sank into a 90-foot trestle near Dugout this evening. The train hung in the structure and the train was stopped.

The accident was caused by the front trucks jumping the track. Except for slight bruises to some of those aboard no one was injured.

It was necessary to transfer the passengers. Both trains were four hours late.

VALDOSTA DIRT IS VALUABLE.

Wonderful Increase in Valuation Is Shown by Recent Sale.

Valdosta, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—The largest real estate deal of the new year in this city was consummated on Saturday.

By the sale W. N. Harrell disposed of the First national bank building, corner of Patterson street and Hill avenue, and a vacant lot adjoining the city hall on Hill avenue to a company composed of I. C. Ashley, W. S. Fender and T. M. Smith, of Valdosta, and J. N. Bray, of Cecil. The exact price paid for the property is not stated, but it is understood to be between $25,000 and $30,000. The property is among the most valuable in the city.

As illustrating the tremendous increase in real estate values here, it may be stated that the lot on Hill avenue, including the ground on which the city hall, the Pendleton and other buildings now stand, was bought thirteen years ago for $1,625. Since then lots to the value of $8,600 have been sold from it, and Mr. Harrell retains a lot, for which he has been offered $2,000. He will erect a handsome building on this lot, which adjoins the Pendleton building, at once.

OPPOSED TO THE DISPENSARY.

Messrs. Denny and Meikleham Speak to Large Crowd.

Rome, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—R. A. Denny, H. P. Meikleham and others spoke at an anti-dispensary rally at Lindale tonight. In spite of bad weather a very large crowd was present, and much enthusiasm prevailed.

Mr. Meikleham is agent of the Massachusetts mills and is opposed to the dispensary movement because he says it will thoroughly disorganize his forces. He contends that the mill men who are at all addicted to drink will buy whisky from the dispensary, bring it home and get drunk.

Solicitor Mose Wright will speak for the dispensary at the court house tomorrow night. Seaborn Wright has engagements all over the county between now and February 18.

CLAIMED THEY STOLE GIRLS.

Pugilist and Wrestler Arrested with Two Pretty Companions.

Savannah, Ga., January 27.—(Special.) Ed Stanley, alias the "Jacksonville Mosquito," a light weight prize fighter, and Charles Rober, a well-known wrestler, were arrested here tonight with Bessie and Hattie Arloff, two pretty young girls from Charleston, aged 15 and 17, respectively.

The arrests were made upon the request of Chief Boyle, of Charleston. It is said that the family of the girls recently removed from Buffalo to Charleston, being engaged in work connected with the exposition.

The prize fighter and the wrestler are charged with abduction and the two girls are also held at police headquarters.

WIFE OF MURDERER DEPARTS.

Mrs. Frank Duncan Leaves Chattanooga Bound for Cincinnati.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 27.—(Special.)—The wife of murderer Frank Duncan, who escaped from jail in Birmingham, left here today for Cincinnati. She has been shadowed by detectives here in the hope of securing some clew to Duncan's whereabouts.

The police are watching for Duncan, who is expected to come here.

Redding Is Arrested.

Griffin, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Sheriff Freeman was notified this afternoon of the arrest of Wiley Redding, the negro who killed Hardy Lindsey last Friday. The negro was arrested in Butts county by J. F. Crawford and will be brought to this city at once to stand trial upon the charge of murder.

Leg Crushed to Splinters.

Valdosta, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Charley Main, of this county, had one of his legs crushed by a falling tree on Saturday and the limb had to be amputated. Mr. Main was at work in Grand Bay cutting down a tree to form a foot log. The tree caught in the top of another, throwing the butt end back upon Mr. Main and crushing the bone of his leg into splinters.

Muscogee Court Reconvenes.

Columbus, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Muscogee superior court reconvened this morning after a recess of several weeks, and the civil docket was taken up. The grand jury met this morning and investigated quite a number of cases during the day.

Holmes Is Made Cashier.

Sparta, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—John M. Holmes, of Barnesville, has accepted the position of cashier of the R. A. Graves bank. Sparta extends him a warm welcome.

Twenty Were Shaking the Bones.

Athens, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Yesterday afternoon in the Brittain woods in the southern portion of the city, the police ran upon twenty crap shooters. Only two of the gang were cornered.

Burglars Frighten Ladies.

Athens, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—This morning burglars entered the house occupied by the three Misses Winn and greatly frightened the ladies, who were by themselves at home. The two men who were in the house made their escape when neighbors came over.

Rev. Cartledge Accepts Call.

Athens, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Rev. Thomas G. Cartledge has accepted the call to do mission work in this city and vicinity. The Athens Presbyterian church made the call to Mr. Cartledge to do this work, which is under its supervision.

More Gondolas Ordered.

Roanoke, Va., January 27.—The Norfolk and Western Railway Company, which recently placed an order at Huntington, W. Va., for 1,000 gondolas to be used in handling its coal traffic, has increased the order to 2,000 gondolas.

SEE THE CONQUERING HERO

That Song Chanted in Schley's Honor by the Children.

GERMANS HONOR ADMIRAL

All the Chicago Teuton Societies Present Him Resolutions of Esteem — Off for Louisville.

Chicago, January 27.—Admiral Schley, after a quiet Sunday and a good night's sleep, arose this morning much refreshed and expressed himself as ready to meet the requirements of the day's programme. The first item on the distinguished visitor's schedule today was a visit to the W. S. Schley school.

The admiral entered the school through two lines of boys holding palms over his head. He was greeted by the children, who sang: "See! The Conquering Hero Comes."

After being introduced he made a short speech in which he said that honor and honesty are the hand maids of valor. He said, too, that he was very glad to have the school named after him. A small boy piped out: "I am glad they named it after you," whereupon there were shouts of laughter and general applause. The nine hundred children in attendance marched by the admiral, who shook hands with every one of them.

At 11 a. m. Admiral Schley was presented with resolutions of esteem and approbation by a committee of twenty-two representing the German societies of Chicago. At noon he took luncheon with Mr. Munger and at 2 p. m. met members of the Maryland Society of Chicago at a reception in the Palmer house.

Admiral and Mrs. Schley were tendered a public reception at the Auditorium at 3 o'clock. The lobbies and approaches to the second floor corridor, where the distinguished visitors stood, were crowded. As the admiral and his wife ascended the stairway a chorus of fifty young ladies, attired in sailor suits, sang: "See! The Conquering Hero Comes." In the rear of the reviewing stand a company of the first ship's crew of the Illinois naval militia was stationed as a bodyguard.

Without further ceremony the people filed past, shaking the hands of the admiral and his wife. The reception terminated at 5 o'clock, at which time Mr. Munger estimated that the admiral had shaken hands with 3,500 people. A feature of the reception was the welcome accorded seventeen members of Commodore Dewey's squadron at Manila, who extended their congratulations to Admiral Schley in writing.

At 6 o'clock the admiral was the guest of honor at a dinner given by the officers of the Chicago naval battalion. The admiral, in thanking his hosts for the hospitality which had been shown him, warmly expressed his gratitude for the kind attention that had been shown him.

From the dinner the admiral was driven directly to the armory of the First infantry on Michigan avenue, where the Chicago naval battalion was paraded for his inspection. The admiral made a short speech to the men, praising their work and encouraging them to persevere in their study of naval matters. He also spoke in flattering terms of the part borne in the Spanish-American war by the naval militia of Illinois. At 9 o'clock the review was over and the admiral was on his way to his hotel. Tomorrow morning at 8:30 he and Mrs. Schley will leave for Louisville.

THE JEWELS LEFT WITH HIM.

Alleged Notorious Diamond Thief Is Returned to Texas.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 27.—(Special.)—J. Flinn, who, it is asserted, is a notorious diamond thief wanted at Fort Worth, Tex., was delivered to a Texas officer today and taken to Fort Worth, Tex., to his victims. Flinn and wife operated together and were captured at Knoxville a few days ago.

Flinn was brought here by strategy to secure information of his wife. A report was spread that Flinn had been taken back to Texas to induce his wife to come out of hiding, but he was too wary.

Flinn and wife passed as palmist and clairvoyant at Fort Worth, securing many valuable diamonds from wealthy people under pretense that they would impart healing power to them. They disappeared with the diamonds.

THEY TAKE NAUGHT BUT CASH.

North Carolina Burglars Scorn Diamonds and Silverware.

Raleigh, N. C., January 27.—(Special.)—Burglars are entering many houses here, and the peculiar feature of their taking of property is that they ignore anything save money. They do not take diamonds or silverware.

Charles J. Parker, a prominent citizen, last night, hearing a noise in an adjoining room in his house, went into it and saw a burglar, whom he seized. The burglar thrust a revolver into his face and told him he would shoot him unless he instantly released his hold. Parker did so and the burglar departed.

MURDER AND ARSON CHARGED.

Covington Now Stares Serious Accusations in the Face.

Raleigh, N. C., January 27.—(Special.)—Joe Covington, now under arrest in Laurinburg, is confronted by the gravest of charges.

It is alleged that he went to the home of Charles Ward, whom he shot. He is also accused of having then set fire to the house to conceal the alleged murder.

McCURRY MAY BE INNOCENT.

Now in Prison Having Been Convicted of Murder.

Raleigh, N. C., January 27.—(Special.)—It is asserted that Elijah McCurry, who in 1890 was convicted of the murder of Robert Ray, in Young county, and given a sixteen-year sentence, is innocent.

Affidavits are now being filed that another man was the murderer, and Governor Aycock is to be asked to look into the case.

He May Be Disqualified.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 27.—(Special.)—Councilman W. J. Jones, who is engaged in the liquor business, filed a petition in bankruptcy today, giving liabilities at $4,300 and assets $5,800. It is said under the new charter he will be disqualified from holding office, as it provides that free holders only shall hold office.

No Contest for Chief Justice.

Raleigh, N. C., January 27.—(Special.)—It appears that there will be no contest for the democratic nomination for chief justice, but that Associate Justice Walter Clark will have a walk over for it. At the same time it is frankly stated that thousands of democrats will not vote for him.

Girl Disappears Mysteriously.

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 27.—(Special.)—Annie Wheeler, a 17-year-old white girl, mysteriously disappeared Sunday night and no trace of her can be found. Her aged mother is almost frantic. Girl was last seen at church.

STATE TREASURY HAS PAID OUT MILLION IN TWO WEEKS

WITHIN less than two weeks just gone by the state treasury has paid out nearly a million dollars. The sum paid out to pensioners and school teachers since the payment of pensions began not quite two weeks ago is a little less than $900,000, but by Wednesday or Thursday, when two weeks have elapsed, the million mark will have been reached and that amount will have gone into circulation in Georgia.

The payment of pensions began about January 14, and up to the present time more than $300,000 has been paid out on this account. State Treasurer Park is now paying out anywhere from $25,000 to $40,000 a day on pensions account, so it can be seen how rapdly the amount accumulates. The total to be paid out on account of pensions is $825,000, and the balance of the pensions money will be paid out during February, so that by the latter part of next month practically every pensoner in the state will have been paid.

The school teachers were paid the other day in a lump the sum of $560,000. This was for the last two months' service of last year, and still left about $50,000 due them, several counties not having drawn all that was coming to them.

The expenses of the state from January 1 to March 1, or rather the amount of money to be paid out within that time, is about $1,500,000. This, however, has not caused any embarrassment to the treasury, as the receipts at this time of the year from taxation are very heavy, and the money is there with which to meet all these obligations, and more too, though there would be a deficit if everything the state owes had to be paid at once.

COULD NOT HAVE ACCEPTED.

HON. E. T. BROWN, vice chairman of the state democratic executive committee and special attorney for the Western and Atlantic railroad, was in no sense a candidate for the appointment as attorney general to succeed Hon. J. M. Terrell, as some might inadvertently been led to believe from the published statement that his was one of the names under consideration by the governor. It was simply intended to convey that Governor Candler thought of him in connection with the position. As a matter of fact, Governor Candler, no doubt, knew of Mr. Brown's attitude, he having stated frequently to his friends that it would be impossible for many reasons for him to accept the appointment, if it were tendered him. Mr. Brown, who is spending some time at Tampa, Fla., for his health, states these reasons in the following card relating to the subject:

Editor Constitution: In your issue of yesterday your reporter, in speaking of the resignation of Hon. J. M. Terrell, as attorney general, and the appointment of Hon. Boykin Wright as his successor, states that Governor Candler had my name, with several other well-known Georgians, under consideration "in connection with this office."

This is a mistake, so far as I am concerned. It was known to the governor that I had repeatedly and in most positive terms stated to numerous friends throughout the state that under no circumstance could I or would I accept the appointment if tendered to me.

While the position is one of such honor and distinction that any lawyer could but feel gratified to receive it, yet it is known to all my friends that there are many matters of such importance to the state in connection with my present position that I would not resign the latter to accept any other position while these are pending.

As I had made these statements not only to my own friends, but to the friends of other gentlemen who were thinking at that time of presenting their names to the governor, you will, in justice to me, publish this card in your next issue Yours sincerely,

E. T. BROWN.

Tampa, Fla., January 23.

TERRELL AND WRIGHT.

THE Nashville South Georgian, published at the county seat of Berrien county, has the following interesting comment relative to the resignation of Attorney General Terrell and the appointment of Hon. Boykin Wright, of Augusta, to succeed him:

The man who will be the next governor of Georgia, Hon. Joseph M. Terrell, has resigned the office of attorney general which he has so ably and acceptably filled for a number of years, and Hon. Boykin Wright has been appointed to fill his unexpired term.

Colonel Terrell is the ablest and most competent man in the field and will be overwhelmingly elected. Able, conservative, incorruptible, he stands the peer of any man in Georgia, and his winning personality makes hosts of friends for him wherever he goes.

Hon. Boykin Wright, who is called to take the office of attorney general, is one of Georgia's ablest lawyers and will fill the position with success.

Colonel Terrell's resignation takes place February 1 and Mr. Wright will assume the duties of the office on that day.

EMPIRE'S ELEVATORS WENT ON A FOUR HOURS STRIKE

Signor Marconi and Senor Santos-Dumont could have done a rattling good business in Atlanta for a little while yesterday. In fact, a system of wireless telegraphy and a balloon attaahment would have paid high dividends around the Empire building between the hours of 10 and 2.

What was the matter? Oh, nothing, except the elevators refused to work for about four hours, and the fourteenth story looked like the summit of Pike's Peak.

The busy man who left the clouds around the weather bureau in the Empire's top story at 9:45 to get a quick shave and back to his desk, wished at 10:15 he had let his whiskers grow a while. Getting back was like crossing the Alps to find Italy, and on a rainy day at that. But the Sunday closing sign was hanging on the elevator doors, and it was a case of climb. When he got back he lost another hour figuring out that that shave had cost him $13.23.

There was only one sign, and it was interesting to see a man enter in a hurry headed for the ninth story, and with a busy air keep his eye on the nearest elevator without noticing it. Then, when he found it out, it was easy to reach the conclusion that the party he wanted to see was not in. So extensive is the business done in the Empire building that there is a constant stream of people to and from the elevators all day, and as they gathered and dispersed all sorts of shots were fired at the stubborn machines that went on a four-hour strike.

It was a lack of wind and water that caused the whole trouble. It seems about 10 o'clock in the morning the pump that supplies these necessary elements to the immense pistons that push cages fourteen stories up in the air blew out its cylinder head or fractured its abdomen in some mysterious manner, and it was all off. The elevators that were in the air came down, but those at the bottom refused to go up, so for a lack of those plentiful elements, air and water, a halt was called and so was the mechanic. One pump supplies the entire series of lifts, and when it quit the game all the lights went out.

One of the elevators was at the twelfth floor when the pump broke. It immediately proceeded to drop to the bottom at lightning speed, while the elevator boy, Alexander Webb, who came here from Lithonia, did everything he knew how to check it. Fortunately, however, he arrived at the bottom uninjured save for a severe shaking up which he got when the bump came. He admitted he was scared almost to death, and he was white as a sheet when he got out at the bottom. Webb is not anxious to repeat the experience. The other elevators fell short distances, but no one was injured.

Some were brave enough to face the toil and climb; business demanded it. But it was like walking up the Washington monument, and this morning, no doubt, the arnica trade is on a boom.

A man in the thirteenth story got a telephone message: "I must see you at once!" "But I can't get down," he said. "Try the mail chute," said his tormentor.

"This deposit must be made before 2 o'clock," said the twelfth story financier to his clerk at 1. The clerk grabbed the bank book and his hat. Oh, for "Cap" Joyner's trap door and brass pole! An hour later he staggered up to the teller's desk just in time, and they thought of calling the ambulance.

Lunch? That just had to wait. It was unfortunate that the mail chute didn't work toward the roof as well as to the cellar. But Uncle Sam don't do things backward, even for accommodation.

Some of the things that were said around the Empire yesterday between these hours would make a dictionary of slang and oaths look like a back number, but it's all over now. The pump was repaired as soon as possible and everything was in shape for the afternoon session.

It won't happen again soon, but maybe it would be well to have a captive balloon on hand in case of accident.

HOW'S THIS?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

DE MOTTE LECTURES TONIGHT

Well-Known Lecturer To Speak on "A Plea for Posterity."

Everywhere Professor John B. DeMotte has delivered his new lecture on "A Plea for Posterity, or the Problem of Heredity," he has been received with great enthusiasm. This lecture will be delivered by Professor DeMotte at the Grand this evening for the Atlanta Lecture Association. The Message has this to say of the lecture:

"Professor John B. DeMotte's illustrated lecture at our state convention, on Saturday evening, set in motion thoughts that will help every thinking person who heard it. In an interesting and fascinating manner he gave the latest research work in brain building and its effect upon character. Professor DeMotte, scientist and lecturer, stands first in the list of popular lecturers today in America and Europe. Few men possess the versatility, persistence and energetic enthusiasm of Professor DeMotte. He is a man with an ideal home life, a practical Christian, a musician of rare ability, a favorite among college students, a scientist, lecturer and famous thinker, possessing a great heart, which seeks ever to help and inspire to higher ideals."

WITHOUT HOME OR FRIENDS.

Young Girl Goes to Police Barracks in the Cold Rain To Beg a Shelter.

A young girl, drenched with the cold rain, went to the police barracks yesterday evening to get shelter and to ask the police matron to assist her to get a place to work.

She told the matron her name was Maggie Whitehead and her home had been near Lithonia.

"My father and mother are both dead," she stated. "I have been working in a family near Lithonia, but I lost my position because there was no further use for a servant. I have no home and no place to go to."

Police Matron Bohnefeld gave the girl dry clothes and a bed for the night. She is about 17 years of age and seems to be worthy of assistance. An effort will be made today to get her a position in some private family. The matron requests any person who needs a house girl to communicate with her at the police barracks.

For a morning nip a bottle of Cook's Imperial Extra Dry Champagne is the thing. It will make a winner of you.

There's money in advertising. Poor advertising is an expense—the other kind a profitable investment. Advertising intelligently prepared and placed in the mediums which pay. Ten years' experience. Geo. S. Lowman, Empire bldg., Atlanta.

Miniatures.

Miniatures have ever struck the chords of romance. There is something so beautiful, so winning and so secretive about a miniature in its dainty setting that it is above all things a lover's gift.

And what a part miniatures have played in history. Cromwell lost his head because Anne of Cleves was not so beautiful as Holbein painted her.

If one is of the miniature mind it is very easy to select a charming keepsake from our collection.

MAIER & BERKELE,

31 Whitehall Street.

COLD WAVE IS COMING SLOWLY

Blizzard Now Raging in the Northwest Will Be Here in Time.

FALL OF TEMPERATURE PREVENTED BY HUMIDITY

Last Night the Mercury Stood at 10 Below at Minneapolis — Cold Wave Is Slowly but Surely Moving East—Atlanta Will Get It.

The cold wave which the weather bureau has promised Atlanta is coming slowly—but it is coming. Last night at 8 o'clock it was 10 below zero at Minneapolis and 30 above in Atlanta. At intermediate points the temperature varies between these extremes.

The officials of the Atlanta station say that the reason the mercury has fallen no lower in Atlanta than it has is the unusual amount of moisture in the atmosphere. Yesterday the humidity was greater in Atlanta than it has been at any time in some months.

A severe blizzard is raging in the northwest, and the south will in all likelihood get her share of it today. Last night the area of high pressure was centered around St. Louis. The barometer is lower at all eastern points and the "high" is slowly moving eastward.

Although no discomfort was experienced from cold in Atlanta yesterday, still between the hours of 8 a. m. and 8 p. m. the mercury fell 27 degrees—from 60 to 33.

After nightfall this decrease in temperature became much slower owing to the increase in humidity, and at 2 o'clock this morning the mercury had only fallen to 29.

However, there is no telling when the thermometer may show a sudden fall of temperature, and when Atlanta wakes up this morning she may find the blizzard upon her people.

The weather officials say that all indications point to a period of very low temperature, that it is surely coming, and that there is no use for the people to become impatient over its delay.

The prediction for today is clear and much colder, while for Wednesday it is clear and continued cold.

Blizzard in Chicago.

The following dispatch to The Constitution from Chicago gives an account of the severe weather conditions in the west:

Chicago, January 27.—Chicago is struggling under the biting blasts of a cold wave that arrived last night, the offshoot of the blizzard that has been raging in the northwest. In the last twenty-four hours the temperature has fallen 46 degrees, having touched 8 degrees below zero at dawn. One death from freezing is reported.

All the northwest is suffering from the extremely cold weather, which covers all the upper lake region of the Mississippi valley with zero temperatures. In the far northwestern states that the range of temperature is from 10 to 24 degrees below zero. Traffic has been generally impeded, and the trains are reported late on all roads. Tonight the wind, which had been blowing a gale all day, died away. Tonight the temperature was 4 below and falling slowly. Cold weather is promised for tomorrow and slowly moderating temperature for Wednesday.

The most severe conditions tonight existed in the Lake Superior region, where the temperature ranged from 8 below to 12 below, and the wind blew a gale.

The blizzard was also felt in the south. At Huntington, W. Va., twenty-four hours of heavy rain has been followed today by the fiercest snowstorm of the season, which prevails throughout the southwest. Trains are delayed on all railroads. Freezing weather is reported as far south as Galveston, Tex. A drop of nearly 50 degrees is reported at Nashville and Memphis, Tenn. Louisville, Ky., was visited by a severe sleetstorm last night, and the thermometer there today registers 13 above zero.

SPREE WITH FATAL ENDING.

Cards and Whisky Result in Fight to the Death.

Greenville, S. C., January 27.—(Special.) John Chapman was shot and instantly killed Sunday morning by Sam Staggs and Eugene Norman.

All three of the parties are young white men. They were out in the neighborhood near Greens, Spartanburg county, Saturday night on a spree and built a fire in the edge of a body of woods where they spent several hours playing cards.

A quarrel arose and Chapman jumped on Staggs and gave him a whipping. As Staggs was getting on his feet he fired at Chapman. Norman, who was Staggs' friend, also shot, one ball entering the left nipple, another entering the back of the head.

Staggs and Norman left the community, but were caught before night by the sheriff of Spartanburg. They are now in jail.

Grand Council Elects Officers.

Nashville, Tenn., January 27.—(Special.) The grand council of Masons today elected officers as follows: Most illustrious grand master, M. F. Fleuniken, of Knoxville; illustrious deputy grand master, Rodney Blake, of Ellis Mills; grand principal conductor of the works, C. H. Goodlett, Nashville; grand treasurer, N. S. Woodward, Knoxville; grand recorder, W. A. Clendenning, Nashville; grand captain of the guard, W. A. Smith, Columbia; grand marshal, J. O. Hart, Livingston; grand sentinel, B. A. Phillips, Nashville; grand conductor of the council, A. P. Trogden, Rives; grand steward, G. W. Chandler, Knoxville.

Coal Company Incorporated.

Birmingham, Ala., January 27.—(Special.)—The Black Shole Coal Company was incorporated by the probate court here today. The corporators are W. H. Killian, Charles A. Killian and L. W. Martin. The capital is $10,000. The company will operate mines in this county.

Durham Charged with Embezzlement

Chattanooga, Tenn., January 27.—(Special.)—Fred L. Durham, former agent of the Belt railroad here, was arrested today on the charge of embezzling about $1,000 of railroad funds. It is said the embezzlement covers small sums taken for several months. Durham is in jail. He belongs to a good family.

Fund for Dormitory.

Adrian Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—Last night Will D. Upshaw lectured at the Baptist church and secured a subscription of $713 toward a fund for the erection of a $25,000 dormitory for Monroe college, at Forsyth, which he intends building there this fall.

To Fill Vacant Presidency.

Montgomery, Ala., January 27.—(Special.)—The governor today called the board of trustees of the Auburn college to meet at the capitol on February 18 to consider the vacancy in the presidency. Professors C. C. Thach and P. H. Mell, of the faculty, are both mentioned in connection with the place.

SHORT ITEMS CONCERNING MEN AND PUBLIC AFFAIRS

M. F. MORRIS, OF ATLANTA, MADE complaint to the department of agriculture yesterday that several of his fine shorthorn and Jersey cattle, which have just been returned from the Charleston exposition, where they have been on exhibition, were infected with Texas fever. A fine shorthorn cow was taken from the stock car dead on the arrival of the cattle at Clarkston, where Mr. Clark's place is located, and several other fine animals are affected with the disease. The agricultural department sent a veterinary surgeon out to Mr. Morris' place to look after the cattle and also notified Dr. Rice P. Steddern, of the bureau of animal industry, United States department of agriculture at Nashville, in the hope that he will send a specialist here. The cow that died took the blue ribbon at Charleston and Mr. Morris says he would not have taken $250 for her.

SECRETARY OF STATE PHIL COOK did not receive the application yesterday for the charter of the Georgia Railway and Electric Company as was expected. The members of council who filed their protest said the application would probably be filed yesterday, and Mr. Cook was in his office during the day in spite of the fact that he is not well, because he thought it possible that the matter might come up. However, there was no application filed nor was any inquiry made about the matter. It may be the parties interested have decided to wait until some determination of the question of taxation is reached between the committees that are now working on the matter.

GOVERNOR CANDLER EXERCISED executive clemency yesterday in two interesting cases. Joe Phelps, who was sent up for life from Randolph county in 1884 for murder, was pardoned on the grounds that he was convicted when quite young on doubtful testimony, and is now threatened with blindness. Cap Oliver, who was sentenced for twenty years from Dooly county in 1895 for voluntary manslaughter, had his sentence commuted to ten years. He has three more years to serve.

REWARDS WERE OFFERED BY Governor Candler yesterday for two unknown criminals. The rewards offered were $150 in each case, and one was for the unknown murderer of Eva Carr in Richmond county, while the other was for the supposed incendiary who burned down the barns of Dr. Joseph E. Green near Augusta a short time ago.

ADJUTANT GENERAL J. W. ROBertson has received replies to the invitation to join the governor's party on the trip to Charleston next month from a large number of members of the governor's staff, and in nearly every case those writing say they will be glad to accept the invitation. The indications are that about fifteen or twenty of the lieutenant colonels of the staff will go to Charleston with the party.

A COMMISSION WAS ISSUED YESterday by Adjutant General Robertson to Captain Lee Anderson Robinson, of company G, First infantry, Brunswick, Ga.

H. B. POHLMAN, FOR A NUMBER of years located at Barnesville and one of the best known and most popular traveling men in Georgia, was in the city yesterday. He has accepted a position of responsibility with one of Cincinnati's prominent manufacturing firms. Mr. Pohlman has many friends here who wish him increased success in the new field he has chosen.

AFTER BUYING A QUART OF WHISky for Sunday, Will Moss, a keeper of a negro restaurant, let a friend have a pint for 25 cents. His friend was a police stool pigeon and turned him up. The recorder bound Moss over to the criminal court for running a tippling house. Moss remarked that he would never let a friend have a dram of whisky on Sunday again if he were perishing for it.

AMONG THE VAGRANTS ARRESTED last Saturday was a negro named Will Smith. In the recorder's court yesterday afternoon the policemen stated that Smith was never known to work. Smith admitted he was on the loaf, but gave as an excuse a bad arm, caused by vaccination. "Let me see that arm," said the recorder. When Smith rolled up his coat sleeve an old scar was found which might have been caused when smallpox broke out in Noah's ark. He was sent to the chaingang for two weeks.

WITH A LOT OF PINCHBECK JEWelry, Albert Moore, a negro, had a goldplated ring. He tried to sell it to a friend for 50 cents, alleging he paid a dollar for it. When the friend said the ring was brass, Moore tried to whip him. Moore was tried by the recorder yesterday and sent to the chaingang for thirty days. He was asked to show the ring, and he stated he had given it to a bicycle boy to deliver a 10-cent message for him.

JACK BURT, THE LITTLE 9-YEAR-old son of Dr. W. P. Burt, proved himself a very bright boy one day last week. It was his birthday and he was at school. The doctor came along and vaccinated him. Later the teacher called upon him for a speech, and he said:

"I'm nine years old today,
But I don't feel very gay.
A vaccinate is all I got,
And that will not be soon forgot."

A COUNTRYMAN CAME TO TOWN yesterday with a load of stove wood. Failing to sell it he undertook to get up a raffle. Eleven persons took a chance at 10 cents each. The wagon and wood were opposite a saloon, where the raffle was to take place. The countryman went off to get some dice and he never came back. He quietly got on his wagon with the $1.10 and drove back home. His victims reported the matter to the police, but the smart jay was too far away to be overtaken.

WILL SEALS, A YOUNG WHITE man, was arraigned in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon for kicking a negro woman. It was shown that Seals had been drinking and kicked the woman without provocation. His mother pleaded in court for him, stating his mind had been so weak ever since he was injured in a railroad wreck that one drink of whisky drove him crazy. Seals was fined $15.75.

THE METHODIST MINISTERS OF the city held their regular weekly meeting yesterday morning in the basement of the First Methodist church. Dr. R. J. Bigham presided. Dr. C. E. Dowman, president of Emory college, was present and stated that work on the new science hall at the college would begin in a short time. It was also reported during the meeting that the members of Grace Methodist church are contemplating building a new church edifice. It is said that a lot has already been purchased.

LEONIDAS WASHINGTON HUFF, 79 years of age, died yesterday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock at his residence on Seaboard avenue, Inman Park. Mr. Huff had been in feeble health for some time, but his condition had been considered serious only during the past few days. He came to Atlanta from Washington, Ga., sixteen years ago. He is survived by a wife, four daughters and one son. They are Mrs. J. L. Wooten, Misses Mamie, Lula and Dozier Huff and Leonidas Huff. The deceased possessed a large number of friends. A short funeral service will be held at the residence this morning at 7 o'clock and at 7:55 o'clock the body will be taken to Washington, Ga., for interment.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE L. A. Millican occurred yesterday. The funeral services were conducted at 12:30 o'clock at the residence, 252 Haynes street. The interment was at Decatur. Mr. Millican died Sunday night.

MRS. BRIDGES SMITH, 42 YEARS OF age, died yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock at her residence, 121 West Baker street. She had been ill for the past month. A husband and one child survive the deceased. The funeral services will be conducted this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the Sacred Heart church. The interment will be in Hollywood cemetery. A car, to carry friends to the cemetery, will leave the corner of Peachtree and Walton streets at 3 o'clock.

CECELIA WEBER, THE 3-YEAR-OLD child of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Weber, died Sunday night at the residence of her parents in Poplar Springs after an illness of two weeks with scarlet fever. The body was interred yesterday afternoon in Westview cemetery, the funeral services being conducted there at 3 o'clock.

MRS. IREENA HEMBRICK, OF Athens, died yesterday morning at the residence of her son, J. J. Hembrick, at the Exposition cotton mills. Mrs. Hembrick was on a visit to her son. She was 60 years of age. The body will be sent to Athens this morning for interment.

THE FUNERAL OF BESSIE MAUreen Cook, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Cook, occurred yesterday morning. The funeral services were conducted at the residence at 9:30 o'clock by Rev. Charles R. Nisbet. The interment was at Sylvester cemetery. The child died Saturday.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE C. A. Rice will occur today. The funeral services will be conducted at the residence, 121 Davis street. The interment will be in Oakland cemetery.

DURING THE MEETING OF COUNcil yesterday afternoon Councilman Fincher introduced a resolution directing the commissioner of public works to pave Peters street from Castleberry to Park with macadam and chert at a cost not to exceed $4,500, and from Castleberry street to the railroad tracks with Belgian blocks, to be taken from Whitehall, at a cost of $500. The paper was referred to the streets committee.

NO ACTION WAS TAKEN BY COUNcil yesterday on the resolution by Alderman Woodward providing that John Malone be made chief clerk in the city tax assessors' office at a yearly salary of $1,200, and that the salaries of the two other clerks remain $1,000. Councilman Glass proposed an amendment putting the salaries of the other clerks up to $1,200. The two papers were called up, but they were displaced by other business. Action will be taken on the resolution and amendment next Monday.

CAM DORSEY, OF ATLANTA, ONE of the undergraduates of the state university, has been added to the list of speakers at the dinner to be given by the university alumni at the Aragon on the night of Tuesday, February 4. He is a member of the class of 1902, and gives promise of being a class leader. He will undoubtedly give the university boys a bright and entertaining speech.

C. T. LADSON, JEROME JONES and W. C. Puckett constitute a party who will go to Macon today to attend a banquet to be given by the Central Labor Union of Macon at the Pythian castle hall on Mulberry street tonight. Messrs. Ladson and Jones will deliver addresses.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF ALL THE lady members and friends of Payne Memorial church, corner Luckie and Hunnicutt streets, has been called for Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock for the purpose of considering plans for improving the interior of the church. A full attendance is specially desired.

J. H. ALEXANDER, THE NEGRO porter who is accused of the theft of $4,769 from Postmaster P. C. Stevens, of the United States army, was yesterday indicted by the United States grand jury for embezzlement. Alexander was put under a bond of $5,000. He could not make this and consequently went to jail.

THE UNITED STATES GRAND jury yesterday found sixteen true bills, the majority of them being for illicit distilling. The grand jury will be in session today from 10 o'clock until 2. Several other moonshine cases are to come before it.

THE REAPPOINTMENT OF POSTmaster William H. Smyth, of Atlanta, was sent to the senate by President Roosevelt yesterday. This is said to be the first important appointment in recent years in which all factions of Georgia republicans have centered on the same man. Major Smyth's administration has been one of success, and none of the politicians could find a charge to make against him. Charles Robinson was also appointed postmaster at Eatonton.

AT THE BAPTIST MINISTERS' conference yesterday morning some criticism was made of the management of the Fulton county jail in that full opportunity was not given the prisoners to hear ministers who wished to preach to them. Some of the ministers wished to wage a fight against the officers of the jail, but in the discussion it developed that no formal request had ever been made for the privilege of preaching to the prisoners. Some time this week the ministers will request the officials to allow the prisoners to be assembled in the chapel at certain times so that ministers may reach them. Several of the ministers present expressed the opinion that the jail officials would gladly grant any reasonable request that the ministers might make.

Gibson in Bankruptcy.

Huntsville, Ala., January 27.—(Special.) Joseph P. Gibson, proprietor of the largest general store at Hillsboro, filed a petition in bankruptcy court here today. His liabilities, $13,000, and assets $20,000.

An Interesting January Sale.

To those who have waited to supply their clothing needs. We have just finished stock taking and will now bend every effort to reducing our stock. Low prices will do the work.

Suits, Overcoats, Pants and Men's Fixings generally.

HIRSCH BROS.,

Men's Outfitters "Head to Foot."

44 Whitehall St.

New Department—Shoes.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Most Famous Remedy in the World It Makes People Well.



The nerves control and determine the health of every function of the brain and body.

More than nine-tenths of all diseases that are not infectious are known by every physician to be merely the local symptoms of a coming break-down of the nervous system.

In one person the diseased condition of the nerves manifests itself in insomnia; in another by indigestion; in another by rheumatism; some organ of the human body becomes affected, and refuses to perform its proper work.

When these symptoms begin to show themselves, medicine today knows but this one remedy, the famous discovery of Professor Edward E. Phelps, M. D., LL. D., whose wonderful achievement has spread the fame of one of this country's greatest universities. No other remedy was ever universally prescribed by physicians. It was by the advice of the most eminent practitioners in the country that this great remedy was first put within the reach of the public. Paine's Celery Compound is not in any way a patent medicine. It is so superior to all the so-called remedies that no serious comparison can be made between them.

The formula of Paine's Celery Compound has been freely furnished from the first to reputable physicians anywhere, and the thousands of authenticated cases that are reported yearly by physicians of every school have proved beyond question that in every case of dyspepsia, biliousness, liver complaint, neuralgia, rheumatism or other diseases that imply impaired nerves Paine's Celery Compound invariably gives lasting relief.

It succeeds again and again in completely curing diseases where everything else has failed. It is the only prepared remedy in the world that is openly and publicly indorsed by medical journals. A single trial of Paine's Celery Compound will convince any one that it accomplishes in every case all that it is claimed to do.

TOBACCO COMBINE IN CUBA.

Trust Buys One of the Largest Factories on Island.

New York, January 27.—The American Tobacco Company, it is announced, has decided to manufacture Cuban cigars and has purchased the oldest and most important factory in the island of Cuba, "The Cabanas y Carvajal." This action, it is said, is taken to head off the reported alliance of the Henry Clay-Bock Company with the Havana company in an effort to secure the control of the Cuban industry.

50c Ties, 39c

3 for $1.00

$1.00 Ties, 75c

$1.50 Ties, $1.15

Just the plain announcement of this cut in price should bring you here today. These prices are for the choicest patterns and qualities to be found in Atlanta, and the selection of a dozen or more for present and future wear would not be out of place. You'll be buying the same ties and paying much more money for them within a month.

This reduction in price is just along the line of reductions made during our Removal Sale on nearly all our goods, some reduced 25%, some 33⅓% and some broken lots upon which we are giving as much as 50% off.

For instance:

A LOT OF SEPARATE PANTS AT HALF PRICE.

Sole agents for Hess Shoes and Stuttgarter Underwear.

Eiseman Bros.,

(THE WHITEHALL STREET CLOTHIERS.)

Temporary Address

Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets.

Half Block from Union Depot.

OUR ONLY ATLANTA STORE.

Eiseman Bros., Washington, D. C. | Eiseman Bros., Atlanta, Ga. | Eiseman Bros., Baltimore, Md.

FOR RENT.

8-r. h., 895 Seaboard ave	$20 00	6-r. h., 68 Smith st	17 50
8-r. h., 116 W. Peachtree st	32 50	7-r. h., 5 Abbott, West End	17 50
8-r. h., 400 Jackson st	20 00	5-r. h., 57 Irwin st	18 00
7-r. h., 88 Ivy st	25 00	5-r. h., 62 W. Peachtree	30 00
7-r. h., 85 Crew st	20 00	5-r. h., 90 Williams	15 00
7-r. h., 482 Courtland ave	30 00	4-r. h., 80 N. Jackson st	12 50
6-r. h., 27 Cooper st	18 00	4-r. h., 42 Mills st	13 50

We publish a weekly Rent Bulletin, giving a full description of everything we have for rent. Call or send for copy. We move tenants free.
JOHN J. WOODSIDE,
The Renting Agent, 50 North Broad Street.

HELP WANTED—Male.

A GOOD HUSTLER to show samples and take orders. You can get money down. Address Photographer, care Constitution.

MEN and women to take orders and sell tickets; salary or commission. Address Publishers, care Constitution.

WANTED—By reliable house salesman who visits cities and towns that use gas to sell staple article as side line. One who sells to hardware, gas companies, gas fitters, etc., preferred. A good profit can be made by a live man. Address "N. W. A.," care Constitution.

ACTIVE specialty salesman to take permanent agency for well-established class of goods used in factories and stables. No capital, but small bond required. Address Viscol Company, East Cambridge, Mass.

ANY PERSON who will distribute circulars for $3 daily should address Standard Co., 4 Wells, Chicago. Steady position; no canvassing. 1-26-28

WE want bookkeepers, salesmen, mechanics, stenographers and all who are seeking positions to call on or write us. We guarantee positions to our applicants. The Empire Business Bureau, 16 Grant building.

SITUATION WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Position as traveling salesman with tobacco or grocery house for Georgia; best references given. Carr, Constitution.

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—A lady stenographer; salary $40. Call at this office. H. M. Ashe, Y. M. C. A.

WANTED—Ladies and men to copy letters, address envelopes at their homes; strictly genuine; inclose self-addressed envelope. Excelsior Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, Ohio, station B.

PLAIN writers, ladies or men, stenographers, clerks, students to copy blanks, rate of $20 thousand; outfit sent prepaid for 20c, which is refunded with first salary. Clerical Promotion Co., South Bend, Ind. 1-28-7t

SITUATION WANTED—Female.

SETTLED WOMAN wants position as nurse for sick people or children; experienced. Terms reasonable. Apply 189 E. Cain.

WANTED—Agents.

WANTED—Sales agents with some ready means in all the large cities in the U. S. to sell four cash registers. Must be men of good moral and financial standing in their community. Chicago Cash Register Co., No. 1250 76th st., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS to sell "Schley and Santiago," by George E. Graham. Autograph introduction and personal account of battle by Rear Admiral Schley. True story of Santiago told for first time by the only eye-witnesses of the fight. Sells faster than "Life of McKinley." Liberal commissions. Free outfit ready. Send seven 2-cent stamps for postage. Books now ready. Beware of imitations. Can be had only from sole publishers. W. B. Conkey Company, Chicago, Ill.

PROFITABLE work offered agents in every town to secure subscriptions to The Ladies' Home Journal and The Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets, and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first-rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with a story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa. 11-22-7st

WANTED—Salesmen.

WANTED—A competent hardware salesman to travel Georgia and South Caroline. Address Salesman, P. O. box No. 749, Augusta, Ga. 1-26-8t

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES.

FOR SALE at a bargain, an up-to-date pants factory plant, with well established business. Can begin work at once. Address Weekes Manufacturing Co., Macon, Ga 1-15-30t

$3,000—Choicest medical practice in the south; actual value in office outfit; collections $500 per mo.; don't answer this unless you mean business and have at least half cash. Address Ethical, care Constitution.

A GOOD paying general merchandise business, nicely located, on R. R., in healthy place, climate as good as can be found in the U. S. Best of reasons for selling. Apply to J. W. I., Ojus, Fla.

WANTED—To buy steam laundry in small town; capacity, $250 to $300 per week. Address C. D., box 771, Fitzgerald, Ga. 1-26-3t

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

$5 FOR SET TEETH—Amalgam fillings, 50c up; gold fillings, $1.50 and up; gold crowns, $3.50 and up. C. W. McCalla, Dentist, Room 4 Grant building.

ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents, and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Southern Architect and Building News" invaluable in securing information in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. tf

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS—Twenty houses corner Butler and Hunter streets will be sold at public outcry Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock on premises, to be removed at once. Shingle and metal roofs, plumbing and gas fixtures, one set coal yard scales. Everything absolutely without reserve. Tuesday at 3 o'clock, p. m.

PERSONAL.

FREE DENTISTRY—Southern Dental College, opposite Grady hospital, 100 Butler street, is open for patients. All work free. Patients pay for material only. Call any afternoon. tf

VISIT the world's greatest life reader, Professor May; offices privately arranged, 178½ Peachtree street, opposite Aragon hotel. 1-28-7t

WANTED—The addresses of persons who have used Swamp Root and have been benefited thereby. Address N. & H., Box 435, Atlanta, Ga. 10-4-tf

VIGNAUX'S RESTAURANT is now located at 15 and 17 South Pryor st.

WANTED—People to have their hands read by Mme. Elrado, the Egyptian palmist; tells past, present and future; restores lost articles and gives good luck to all. 41 S. Pryor st.

LADIES, $500 reward for a case of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve; mail; harmless veg., safe, sure; how long suppressed. Dr. Jackson R. Co., R. 167, Dearborn, Chicago. 1-26-7t

BOARDERS WANTED.

A COUPLE or two gentlemen to occupy desirable front room with board at 183 Whitehall street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Beautifully built, desirably situated suburban cottage; complete in every way and an unusual bargain. Ellis, Constitution.

PEACHTREE ST. HOME—Will take half in other property and give time with low interest on balance. A. J. West & Co., Empire building.



Don't Give Your Order
until you see our stock of new designs in Wall Papers. Rooms papered from $4.00 up.
THE TRIPOD PAINT CO.
37 and 39 North Pryor Street.



For Sale.
Bargain in second-hand No. 6 Remington and Densmore typewriters.
H. M. ASHE.
TYPEWRITERS and LOCOMOBILES
Y. M. C. A. Corner, Atlanta, Ga.

Phone 10 For Bicycle MESSENGER. Any part of city 10c.

WANTED—Ladies to do writing at home; salary $20 per month and upward; prompt weekly payment of salary; permanent position; no tree or newspaper work. A. C. DAVIES, Turin, Ga.



Whittemore Optical Co.
Expert Lens Grinders, Oculists' Prescriptions and Repairing a specialty. Prompt service, best goods, reasonable prices.
49 Peachtree, Opp. Walton St.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

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FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.

FOR RENT—7-room, two-story frame; gas, water and bath; servants' rooms; good location; close in; reasonable rent to good tenant. Keys at 51 West Cain st.

FOR RENT—Houses, stores, offices and rooms in any part of city; call and we will take you to see anything on our list. M. L. Thrower, renting agent, 88 South Forsyth street.

WANTED—Board.

YOUNG man, good address, wants board with business man; private family. Address A., care Constitution.

WATCHES.

WATCHES cleaned 50c, main springs 50c, diamonds reset, jewelry made and repaired; all work first-class. Boley, 141 Peachtree. 12-11-6mo

WALL PAPER.

WE have in stock the fine wall papers that received the gold medal at the Pan-American exposition. See them at 29 E. Hunter. J. M. Quick Co., 'phones 729. 1-26 6m

STORAGE.

SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds. Separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W. & A. R.R. Tel. 1956. 2 calls.

MEDICAL.

LADIES! Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills are the best. Safe. Reliable. Take no other. Send 4c. stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. Ask your druggist. Chichester Chemical Co., Phila., Pa.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Lease and fine boarding business in one of the best locations on Peachtree. Reason for selling, parties have other interests claiming their attention. Direct all communications to No. 7, care Constitution.

FOR SALE or exchange, second-handed cash register as good as new; will sell cheap. L. E. Bishop, Ellijay, Ga.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Tame pet coon and pair white mice. F. B. Glenn, 4 West Ellis st., up stairs.

WANTED—Complete set of American Decisions of 100 volumes. Apply to W. H. Withers, 314 Norcross building.

LOST.

STRAYED—One medium size mule-head Jersey cow; reward for return or information to S. E. Smith, 174 Ira. Bell 'phone 2928.

MONEY TO LOAN.

STRAIGHT loans and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission. E. S. McCandless, Kiser building.

FARM loans negotiated throughout the state. Attorney wanted in every county. J. T. Holleman, 8 West Alabama st.

WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5, 6 and 7 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.

$100,000 TO LEND on city property in sums to suit at 5 and 6 per cent and on farms 6 per cent. Call or write. S. W. Carson, 6½ S. Broad st.

J. T. HOLLEMAN negotiates loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. 8 West Alabama street.

MONEY to lend on real estate, stocks or bonds. Save money by seeing Equitable Loan and Security Company, first floor, Gould building, before borrowing.

R. C. DeSAUSSURE, room 46 Inman building, city loans 5 and 6 per cent.

SALARIED PEOPLE and retail merchants furnished money without security; easy payments. Tolman, 524 Austell building.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

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Great Slump In Stocks.

Now is the time to buy our entire stock of Men's and Young Men's
Suits, Overcoats and Odd Pants, at
25 Per Cent Discount.
This is our usual discount clearance sale, and if you want to save money on reliable merchandise, attend this money-saving sale.
Our goods are marked in plain figures, you take off the discount.
You will find everything in the store just exactly as we tell about it in the papers.
A few more of those
$1.85 HATS
left, worth $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00 at
Essig Bros.,
The Popular Clothiers,
37 Whitehall St.



STATIONERY, TYPEWRITERS, OFFICE-DESKS, CHAIRS.
FIELDER & ALLEN CO.
The Office Outfitters.
ATLANTA.
Write for Catalogue.

POSTAL TO SPEND $500,000

General Superintendent Adams Will Direct Work from Atlanta.

NOW LIVES IN PHILADELPHIA

Built Up Postal's Business There. Is Prominent in Business and Social Affairs.

Charles C. Adams, who will come to Atlanta on March 1 as general superintendent of the Postal company when the headquarters of its southern divisions are moved from Richmond to this city, is now located at Philadelphia as superintendent of the eastern division. He is a prominent citizen of Philadelphia, both socially and in a business way.

Mr. Adams built up the business of the Postal in Philadelphia. He went to that city in 1884, before the Postal had an office there, and has by his efforts built up the magnificent business which the company now controls in the City of Brotherly Love.

Besides performing his duties as an official of the Postal, Mr. Adams has found time to engage in other business ventures. He is now vice president and general manager of the American District Telegraph Company, and since the death of President E. J. Mathews has been acting president. He is president of the New York, Norfolk and Philadelphia Telegraph Company, which operates lines to Cape Charles, Va., over the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. Mr.



C. C. ADAMS,
Who has been appointed general superintendent of the southern division of the Postal Telegraph Company, with headquarters in Atlanta.

Adams serves as a director in a number of Philadelphia concerns and is an active member in several of the most exclusive social organizations of the city.

It is announced that subsequent to the movement of the headquarters of the southern division to Atlanta the Postal company proposes to spend $500,000 in the extension and improvement of its southern lines. Mr. Adams will have charge of this work and will direct it from Atlanta.

Many Free Delivery Routes.

Raleigh, N. C., January 27.—(Special.)—Rural free delivery routes are being rapidly established in this state. The postmaster here says in ninety days there will be two hundred of them. All carriers are now paid from this office.

Before Purchasing
See the New 1902 Model

AMERICAN TYPEWRITER.
PRICE, $40.00.
1,200 parts less than in other high grade Machines. Weight, 11 pounds.
AMERICAN TYPEWRITER SUPPLY CO.
Exclusive Southern Agency.
GRANT BLDG. • • PHONE 1124

SARPY'S TRIAL TODAY

Alleged Swindler Was in Court Yesterday Afternoon.

MANY VICTIMS WERE PRESENT

Defense Was Granted a Continuance Until Today — Several Business Firms Interested.

Edmund J. Sarpy, the young man who is charged with swindling over one hundred business firms in the city, was arraigned in the recorder's court yesterday afternoon. A crowd of alleged victims was present to testify how he presented for payment contracts which had been doctored with acid, the amounts being raised several dollars.

Attorney T. L. Bishop, who represented the defendant, stated he had been employed in the case only a short while.

"I ask for time in which to prepare the defense," said the attorney.

It was agreed to set the case down for 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Sarpy was collecting for advertisements in the Mercantile Commercial Guide, a book said to have been published in Baltimore. Over one hundred business firms in the city contracted for ads in the guide, signing orders for the space to be used and the amount to be paid. When Sarpy presented the bills it is charged that the contracts had been washed with acid and the amounts raised.

Sarpy claims to be an innocent third party. Another man solicited the ads, and Sarpy came behind him with the bills.



"The Deacon's Daughter" was the bill put on by the Mabel Paige Company last night at the Columbia theater to open a week of popular priced amusement. The many friends and admirers of the little favorite were out in force and the talented little actress received an ovation on her first appearance.

Miss Paige is decidedly popular with local theatergoers and the theater is usually packed at every performance during her engagements here. Despite the very disagreeable weather that prevailed last night an audience of remarkable proportions was present. As Mabel Hawthorne Miss Paige has a role that suits her perfectly and she gave the part a bright, snappy and pleasing portrayal. The company is evenly balanced and supported the little star in a thoroughly capable manner. Between acts clever specialties were put on by Irvin Walton, Mabel Paige and Baby Wava.

"The Deacon's Daughter" will be repeated at the matinee Wednesday afternoon. Tonight the company will present "Under Two Flags."

Wednesday night at the Grand will mark the appearance of Richard Mansfield. The great actor is to be seen in his celebrated creation of the French barber prince, Beaucaire. With him he brings the original cast which has been seen with him from the first night of the play, and all the scenery, furniture, horses, costumes and pictorial paraphernalia which have distinguished the lavish production.

In addition to the actors and actresses, musicians and dancers with the Mansfield organization, this cautious artist brings a stage manager and his assistant, a call boy, a groom for the horses, two calcium manipulators, a property man and his assistant, two electricians, a wardrobe mistress and two maids for the ladies. Mr. Mansfield's personal servants are his valet, the chef and porter on his car, his dresser at the theater and his hostler.

From a mechanical standpoint the scenery used by Kirke LaShelle in his production of Augustus Thomas' "Arizona," which comes to the Grand Thursday and Friday, is said to be wonderful. This scenery was all used upon the stage of the Chicago auditorium during "Arizona's" engagement in that city, and yet the same scenery, without lessening the perspective effect, is used upon the smaller stages of other cities. The versatility of Augustus Thomas, who conferred with the scenic artists in elaborating the investiture of "Arizona," is responsible for this fact.

There will be a matinee of "Arizona" Friday afternoon.

"A Capitol Comedy," which Mr. Tim Murphy is to present at the Grand Saturday afternoon and evening, is, as the name implies, a story of Washington life. Though a play full of natural and realistic situations and characters, both, Paul Wilstack, the author, and the quaint comedian who is so successful in he leading role, repudiate the charges made at the capital, that men and women of national prominence are made the central figures of the play. A prominent resident of Washington pursued the theory so far as to prepare an analogy between the initials of the leading characters in "A Capitol Comedy" and the initials of the conspicuous Washingtonians who, he claims, are dramatized in the play. As the list was sent to Mr. Murphy it was promptly destroyed to prevent its reproduction. There may be some relation between the story of "A Capitol Comedy" and the dramatic story of real life well known to gossips in Washington which has caused Mr. Murphy to draw the veil of secrecy over the story of his play.

Few theatrical companies comprise as many artists of prominence as the organization that will be seen in this city in "Molly Pitcher" shortly at the Grand. The cast is headed by Kathryn Kidder, who plays the title role. For years she has ranked among the most prominent stars of America. The leading man in Miss Kidder's support is Lester Lonergan, who occupied a similar position with Mms. Modjeska and other noted stars.

ARRANGE EXHIBIT TODAY.

Atlanta Manufacturers Will Hold Mass Meeting at Chamber of Commerce.

At 4 o'clock this afternoon there will be a mass meeting of manufacturers of Atlanta and vicinity at the chamber of commerce to organize the Atlanta Manufacturers' Association and arrange an exhibit of home-made goods.

As soon as the organization has been perfected a charter will be applied for. In the meantime officers will be elected and the association will be ready to take up the work which will be outlined today.

A large building as near the center of town as possible will be secured and in this the exhibit of products of Atlanta factories will be made. The movement has already aroused considerable interest and the meeting this afternoon will no doubt be largely attended.

ATLANTA'S TEAM ABOUT MADE UP

Manager Pabst Reports Here on March 1st.

A FINE INFIELD HAS SIGNED

Pabst Brings with Him Three Men from the Pacific Slope Whose Names Are So Far Unknown — Frank, of Selma, Is Signed.

Atlanta's team in the southern league for the coming season is now taking shape. Mr. Peter, owner of the franchise, wires from New Orleans that he will be in the city next week and that all arrangements for the opening of the season of 1902 will be completed.

So far a dozen men outside of the manager have been signed and are ready to start for the field the instant Manager Pabst calls for them. The manager is a slope man and is said to be well up in the game. He will cover first base and in addition to being a good infielder is said to be not only a good hitter, but a player well up in all the points of the game. He has signed three men he will bring with him when he reports the first of March. One is a pitcher, another a catcher and the third is a third baseman. Nothing is known of these men in the south except that Manager Pabst vouches for them. He says they are among the best ball players the slope has produced within the past half dozen years. The pitcher he brings stands high in the estimation of those who have cognizance of his work.

Pabst's infield is practically completed. With him on first he will have Stouch, the unknown Californian on third and Ed Bush, a Cincinnati boy, at short. These men are all said to be quick and fast and are not afraid of the pitcher they may face. The record presented by each man indicates that he is up to the average with the stick and that the ball is liable to be lined out every time a hit is needed.

So far only one outfielder has been signed. Frank, a Dayton, Ohio, boy who worked in the southern league last year, has placed his name to a contract and will cover the territory in left. He is said to be fleet, accurate and ambitious. Last year he worked with the Selma team. Before that he played with Jake Wells, in Richmond, Va., and was considered one of the best outfielders in that league.

In the nineties King Bailey, a boy from the Cincinnati mill bottoms, came to Atlanta to make good a contract he had signed with the Macon club. Bailey made his bow to the southern league patrons on the Atlanta diamond and showed decided strength in the box. He was guyed unmercifully, but all through the game was cool. He never lost his head and though his left hand did not have the cunning necessary to land his team victors, it was apparent that Bailey, with the right backing, could do good work Throughout the season the King—that's what Macon dubbed him—kept up a good lick, but unfortunately for Bailey the Macon team that year was not a strong one, and Bailey had little chance of showing what he could do.

For three or four years subsequently Bailey worked in the southern league. He was with Montgomery and Mobile and in each city was successful. Owner Peter has always placed great confidence in Bailey's pitching ability and has signed him for the coming season. It may appear a little odd to him at first to take up the fight for Atlanta, against which he put out his first efforts in his baseball career.

The men will begin arriving about March 1. Manager Pabst, however, will reach here about ebruary 15.

Mardi Gras, Pensacola, Mobile and New Orleans, February 4th-11th, 1902—Low Rates Via A. & W. P. R. R.

For the above occasions round trip tickets will be sold by the A. & W. P. railroad February 4 to 10 inclusive, with final limit February 15, 1902, at the low rate of one fare. An extension of the final limit may be obtained until February 28, 1902, by deposit of ticket with joint agent on or before February 15 and on payment of fee of 50 cents.

Through Pullman drawing room sleepers, dining cars and elegant coach equipment.

Two through trains daily, Atlanta to New Orleans, at 5:30 a. m. and 4:20 p. m.

Make your Pullman reservations early.

For further information call at ticket office, N. 7 Pryor street, 'phone 53, or union depot.

L. H. HILL, Union Ticket Agent.
GEORGE W. ALLEN, City Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. B. BILLUPS, District Passenger Agent.
B. F. WYLY, JR., General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you Eat

Dyspeptics cannot regain health and strength by living upon half rations. They must eat plenty of good food and digest it. To enable them to do this they should use something that will help the stomach do its work. KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE is such a preparation. It digests what you eat and supplies the substances needed to build up the worn out digestive organs.

Prof. J. Ivison, of Lonaconing, Md., says: "For thirteen years I suffered agony from dyspepsia and neuralgia of the stomach. I tried almost everything and doctors drugged me nearly to death with morphine, but temporary relief was all I could obtain till I was advised to use KODOL DYSPEPSIA CURE. The first dose gave me relief. I bought my first bottle in March, 1900, and I have not had a single pain since. It has completely cured me. I cannot endorse it too highly."

It can't help but do you good

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago. The $1. bottle contains 2¼ times the 50c. size.

The favorite household remedy for coughs, colds, croup, bronchitis, grippe, throat and lung troubles is **ONE MINUTE Cough Cure.** It cures quickly.

NEW ORLEANS

ALL SIX FAVORITES WIN TO DELIGHT OF TALENT

New Orleans, January 27.—All six favorites were successful. Jim Breeze was caught in a jam rounding the first turn, fell and broke his leg. The horse was destroyed. Weather showery; track good.

FIRST RACE—Selling, 6 furlongs: Horseshoe Tobacco (Vandusen), 16 to 5, won; Haidee (Dale), 16 to 1, second; Masterful (R. Williams), 25 to 1, third. Time 1:15½.

SECOND RACE—Selling, 1 mile: Henry of Franstamar (J. Miller), 13 to 5, won; Pirate's Queen (Thompson), 5 to 1, second; Ante Up (G. Thompson), 12 to 1, third. Time 1:42½.

THIRD RACE—Steeplechase, handicap, short course: Old Fox (Hayes), even, won; Cantadas (Gaddy), 7 to 1, second; Harve B (Butler), 6 to 1, third. Time 3:06½.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap, 6½ furlongs: Kaloma (Lyne), 2 to 1, won; Maggie Davis (J. Waldo), 13 to 5, second; Andes (T. Dean), 6 to 1, third. Time 1:23½.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and 20 yards: Death (Stack), 9 to 5, won; Handicapper (Brennan), 20 to 1, second; Intrusive (Odom), 11 to 5, third. Time 1:45½.

SIXTH RACE—Mile: Lady Alberta (Lyne), 9 to 5, won; Trentam (Wilkerson), 14 to 5, second; Josie F. (T. Dean), 8 to 1, third. Time 1:46.

Today's Entries at New Orleans.

First Race—Maidens, mile and 70 yards: King Tetlus, Frank Jones, Hayward Hunter, 102; Goldaga, 105; Reflect, 113; Dr. Moore, Carlovingian, 115; Senator Sullivan, 118.

Second Race—Selling, 6 furlongs: Alpaca, 97; Hop Scotch, 99; Ranco, Aaron, 101; Judge Magee, 104; Weldman, 105; Pillardist, 106; Royal Sterling, 107; St. Wood, 108; John Grigsby, St. Cuthbert, 109; Ecome, 114.

Third Race—Selling, mile and a sixteenth: Meme Wastell, 82; Digley Bell, 91; Little Tim, 99; Add, 102; Egyptian Prince, 104; Echodale; St. David, 107; Philma Paxton, Hutch Miller, 108; Bequeath, 109; Admiral Schley, Campus, 112.

Fourth Race—Handicap, mile: Ben Chance, Garter Ban, 93; Nobleman, 100; Petit Maitre, 103; Malay, 104; Lennep, 105.

Fifth Race—Selling, mile and three-sixtenths: Kingstelle, 84; The Jefferson Free Admission, 91; Eva Rice, 92; Pay the Fiddler, 94; Star Cotton, Eighor, 102; Beana, Little Elkin, 105.

Sixth Race—Three-year-olds, 6 furlongs: Sandflea, You You, Somersault, 88; Herodes, 90; James P. Keating, Rose of May, 93; Emma A. M., 98; Crescent City, 100; Ogle, Lingo, 103; The Hoyden, 108; O'Hagan, 113.

AT CHARLESTON

THREE OF THE FAVORITES REACHED HOME IN FRONT

Charleston, S. C., January 27.—Welch Girl, Tambourine II and Ben O'Fallon were the winning favorites at the exposition track this afternoon. Weather fine; track fast.

FIRST RACE—Selling, for 3-year-olds and up, six furlongs: Welch Girl, first; B. O. Reed, second; Seconda, third. Time, 1:20.

SECOND RACE—Selling, for 3-year-olds, five and one-half furlongs: Tambourine II, first; Palms, second; Tout, third. Time, 1:13.

THIRD RACE—Selling, 3-year-olds and up, one mile: Ben O'Fallon, first; Sam Lazarus, Esq., second; Frank B, third. Time, 1:47.

FOURTH RACE—Selling, for 3-year-olds and up, six furlongs: Elsie Venner, first; Custodian, second; Whistling Coon, third. Time, 1:21.

FIFTH RACE—Selling, 4-year-olds and up, seven furlongs: Lady Hayman, first; Incandescent, second; Patchwork, third. Time, 1:34.

AT OAKLAND

DANGEROUS MAID BEATEN BY DR. BOYLE, AT 10 TO 1

San Francisco, January 27.—The surprise of the afternoon at Oakland was the defeat of Dangerous Maid, the 1 to 3 favorite, in the last race. Dr. Boyle, a 10 to 1, shot, won by a head from Quadra. Mounce outrode Knapp.

The 2-year-old event resulted in a close finish, Orfeo winning by a nose from Oro Viva, a 15 to 1 shot. Hudson, who was equal favorite with the winner, did not get away well and was poorly ridden. Plunger Lewis bet on Rey Dare in the fourth race, but he was beaten cleverly by Macgyle, the latter strongly played by Tom Ryan and his friends.

L. Jackson rode three winners.

FIRST RACE—Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile, selling: Ingo, 89 (L. Jackson), 6 to 1, won; Elmido, 104 (Troxter), 12 to 1, second; Light Fall, 104 (O'Connor), 2½ to 1, third. Time, 1:23.

SECOND RACE—Seven-sixteenths of a mile, purse: Orfeo, 111 (L. Jackson), even, won; Ora Viva, 106 (Burns), 15 to 1, second; Hudson, 111 (O'Connor), 6 to 5, third. Time, :42¼.

THIRD RACE—Seven-eights of a mile, selling: Bragg, 110 (Troxter), 8 to 1, won; Tyranus, 107 (O'Connor), 5 to 1, second; Vassalo, 107 (Ransch), 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:28.

FOURTH RACE—Mile, selling: Macgyle, 111 (L. Jackson), 7 to 5, won; Rey Dare, 106 (See), 9 to 5, second; Joe Ripley, 111 (Brodien), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:43½.

FIFTH RACE—Three-fourths of a mile, selling: Duckoy, 104 (O'Connor), 7 to 10, won; Meehanus, 113 (L. Jackson), 2 to 1, second; Captivate, 104 (Redfern), 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:14¾.

SIXTH RACE—Thirteen-sixteenths of a mile, selling: Dr. Boyle, 110 (Mounce), 10 to 1, won; Quadra, 87 (Knapp), 6 to 1, second; Censor, 107 (O'Connor), 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:21¾.

Today's Entries at Oakland.

First Race—Five furlongs: Satchel, Cathello, Lass of Langdon, Knockings, Esternell, Torilla, Montana, Peeress, 112; Sterling Towers, Meteoro, Yrsula, 107.

Second Race—Seven-sixteenths mile: J. T. Bennett, Gold Van, 113; Dottrel, Jennie McGowan, Honiton, Mireina, 105; Young Marlow, 110; Long Reno, 100; Arabo, Fast Master, 108.

Third Race—Thirteen-sixteenths mile, selling: Rubus, 105; Prestano, 100; Huachuca, 108; Shellmount, 106.

Fourth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, handicap: Janice, 105; Grayfeld, 102; Mission, 95; All Green, 120.

Fifth Race—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Rimrock, Picador, Ulloa, Morinet, 104; Bathos, 109; Urchin, Senator Matts, Wolhurst, Lavator, Expedient, 106; The Gaffir, 101.

Sixth Race—Three-quarters mile, selling: Redwald, King Dellis, 102; Sweet Tooth, 99; San Venado, 110; Gusto, Sea Queen, 105; Muress, 94; Orleans, 97; The Pride, Matt Hogan, 107; Captivate, 102.

O'Brien Defeats McKeever.

London, January 27.—"Jack" O'Brien secured a decision over Charley McKeever, both of Philadelphia, at the Leeds Club tonight in a contest for the middleweight championship and a purse of £630. McKeever weighed 151 and O'Brien 158 pounds. The fighting was clever and furious till the end of the third round, when McKeever "back heeled" O'Brien and was disqualified.

DANGEROUS TO NAVIGATION.

Sea Captain Reports Sighting Part of Sunken Wreck.

Wilmington, N. C., January 27.—Captain Thomas Munford, of the schooner Nellie W. Howlett, who arrived here this morning, reports having passed on the 26th instant part of a submerged wreck about 150 feet long about 7 miles northeast of Frying Pan. The wreckage, he says, is dangerous to navigation.

IN THE ARRANGEMENT OF YOUR DINING TABLE

Remember that nothing can give it a more pleasing effect than pretty Knives and Forks and pretty Spoons. and when selecting these articles for your table just ask yourself this plain, practical question: "What can I get that is as GOOD and PRETTY and CHEAP as

Rogers' Silver Plated Goods?"

After thorough search and careful comparison you will find nothing else that comes so near meeting these three requirements—GOOD, PRETTY, CHEAP.

Rogers' Triple Plated Knives and Forks, per set . . **$4.00**
Rogers' Triple Plated Table Spoons, per set **$2.00**
Rogers' Triple Plated Tea Spoons, per set **$1.25**

All triple Silver Plated on Nickel Silver.

The "Eureka," a beautiful Steel Range $15.00
The "King Bee" Cooking Stove ..... $ 6.00
The "King Steel Range," the best on earth for the money $34.00

QUALITY FIRST, THEN PRICE.

KING HARDWARE CO.

FINISH FIGHT, CRY OF MINERS

They Propose To Force the Operators To Recognize Their Union.

ALL MEMBER OF UNION TO PAY AN ASSESSMENT

Purpose of Levy Is in Order To End Strikes Speedily — President Mitchell Speaks of Delegate Mooney in Bitter Terms.

Indianapolis, Ind., January 27.—The United Mine workers today took up what is regarded by many of the delegates as the most important action of the convention. A resolution providing that the convention should levy an assessment on all the members of the organization sufficient for the purpose of carrying to speedy and successful termination all strikes now engaged in by the entire organization was adopted after considerable debate. President Mitchell had an understanding with the convention that the levy was to cover only such strikes as have the indorsement of the national board.

It is the announced purpose of the miners to fight the operators to the finish on the principle of whether or not the organization is to be recognized.

Union in West Virginia.

A resolution calling on national organizers to unionize the miners of West Virginia for the good of the order was referred to the executive committee.

More or less fervor characterized the proceedings of the convention when the committee on appeals and grievances submitted a recommendation that the entrance of Delegate James Mooney, of Missouri district No. 58, be referred back to the convention of that district, which is soon to assemble to hear charges which have been pending for some time against Mooney.

Last Tuesday when the charges preferred by Miss Mollie Meredith against President Mitchell and Secretary-Treasurer Wilson were under discussion, Mooney, while urging the investigation of the Meredith charges, said he had in his possession evidence that President Mitchell, in another matter, had not acted in good faith and had gone so far as to make statements which were not true.

President Mitchell replied that if the delegates knew what he (Mitchell) knew about Mooney they would not care to associate with him in the convention and would not tolerate him in its deliberations.

Mooney then went into a statement of his experiences in his own district convention held last June at Kansas City, in which charges made against him resulted in his being expelled from the convention. He had been placed in a position where he had been unable to secure a job of work in any mine in Missouri.

Mooney Troubled Him.

President Mitchell said he was called to Kansas City last June by a telegram to straighten out a tangle. He found that one of the hardest men he had to handle was not from among the operators, but James Mooney. President Mitchell said he found Mooney in consultation with James Strubble, district president, as to whether it was best to have more Mitchells in the field or more Mooneys. Mooney, after Mr. Mitchell returned to Indianapolis as charged by the president, told Strubble that Mitchell's method of settling their difficulty had been "rotten."

The convention decided to drop the matter, thus leaving Mr. Mooney in the hands of the convention of his own district.

The convention settled the button card controversy by the adoption of a resolution directing the button to be used—the color and number to be changed quarterly in all those districts where the check-off system is not in vogue.

The convention referred to the special committee appointed to arrange scale districts a resolution providing for establishing five scale districts to hold joint conferences with operators.

The fourth district is to consist of Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama, and the fifth of the states west of the Mississippi.

The Scale Demand.

The scale demand was finally disposed of late tonight at a meeting of the committee. The scale as decided upon will demand an increase of 10 per cent, absolute run of the mine and the differential between Hicks machine mining left at 7 cents, the figure fixed by the convention of 1901.

The committee will also include in its report a demand for an increase of 15 cents for inside drivers.

The national executive board met tonight and decided upon the assessment agreed upon by the convention for the raising of a fund with which to bring existing and long-pending strikes in Tennessee and West Virginia to a close. As to the amount of the assessment the members of the board refused to give any information. It was decided, however, as understood, the assessment would be levied monthly.

DEMOCRATS AND PHILIPPINES.

Minority Report on Tariff Bill Submitted by Carmack.

Washington, January 27.—Senator Carmack today submitted a minority report from the committee on Philippines on the Philippine tariff bill. It states that opposition to the measure is not based on any mere question of revenue or any theory concerning forms and principles of taxation, but because it violates constitutional rights and transcends the limits of constitutional power. The objection of the minority is against the whole policy of colonial empire, also to the control by this government of vassal provinces, to the spirit of military aggression and of war for the sake of spoils. The report says that the bill reported by the majority of the committee is a characteristic manifestation of such a policy and spirit.



Don't hand out money for things that are not "the best." Many washing-powders that *seem* to work well are unfit to use. PEARLINE costs only a trifle more than the poor and dangerous. The absolute safety of PEARLINE has been thoroughly tested and proved. Make sure nothing is used to save work at expense of your clothes. 639

Pearline—Safe and Saving

WILL ROOSEVELT ACCEPT

That Present Which the Kaiser Will Send to Him?

QUESTION IS UP IN BERLIN

Believed by the Germans if Roosevelt Accepts, He Will Place Gift in Museum.

Berlin, January 27.—It appears uncertain whether President Roosevelt will accept a present from Emperor William, owing to the traditional belief that the presidents of the United States ought not to accept presents from abroad. A court official, talking of this matter, alluded to the king of Spain who had given General Washington two jacks and a jennet, from which some of the best mule stock in America had descended. An American with whom this official was talking replied that General Grant had caused a tremendous amount of disapprobation in the United States by accepting a dog as a gift.

If President Roosevelt accepts this present, the character of which is as yet a secret, it will probably be deposited in the Smithsonian institution, or accepted pending congressional approval. It is understood here that inquiries are being made in Washington concerning the inclinations of President Roosevelt.

The conservative journals here have been singularly silent over the visit of Prince Henry, who the old aristocracy looks upon coldly. Those newspapers do not see how any especial German object can be served thereby, and fearing some vague way that a warm friendship between the United States and Germany will render more difficult the passage of the German tariff bill. The Deutsche Tages Zeiturg, the great organ of the agrarians, breaks this silence today by treating Prince Henry's approaching visit with a mixture of levity and seriousness, in which fil feeling is scarcely concealed.

"That part of our press which chronically suffers with gushing feelings whenever business interests are involved," says The Tages Zeitung, "has already taken itself into a mood which threatened to grow dangerous. If enthusiasm, the forthcoming exchange of expressions of friendship between the United States and Germany be already aglow what degree of white heat will it reach when the champagne corks are popping in Washington."

NEELY'S SHORTAGE $131,413.

So Inspector Gregory Testifies Before the Cuban Court.

Havana, January 27.—The chief witness today in the trial of the charges growing out of the Cuban postal frauds was Inspector Gregory, who testified to having come to Havana when the frauds were discovered to inspect the department of finance of the Cuban postoffice.

Gregory said that the accounts of C. F. W. Neely were examined from three different standpoints and that, even a credit to Neely of the 392,000 stamps destroyed, there was a shortage in his accounts of $30,600, while with the exact amount debited against him by Washington and shown by the auditor's books, there was a shortage of $100,813. Gregory said the cash account showed a shortage of $110,278 and he estimated the total shortage at $131,413.

Regarding the miscellaneous account kept by Neely, Gregory said he had discovered several charges, the amount of which corresponded to certain private bills of Estes G. Rathbone, which Neely had charged to this account and for which there were no vouchers.

STILL CAPTURING THE BOERS.

Lord Kitchener Reports That He Is Making Many Prisoners.

London, January 27.—Lard Kitchener in a dispatch from Johannesburg, dated Sunday, January 26, announces that Colonel Plumer captured thirty-six Boers Saturday, January 25, in the neighborhood of Spitzkop.

Pretoria, January 27.—General Bruce Hamilton, by a clever night march, surprised a laager between Ermelo and Bethlehem, in the Transvaal colony, and charged the Boers, who fled in all directions and were pursued many miles. As a result of this expedition eighty-two Boers and a quantity of stores were captured. The casualties were small.

NO CHANCE GIVEN TO VOTE.

Danish West Indies To Be Annexed Nolens Volens.

Copenhagen, January 27.—The officials here deny that it has been decided to take a plebiscite of the Danish West Indies after the ratification by the United States of the treaty providing for the sale of those islands to the United States.

London, January 28.—The St. Thomas, Danish West Indies, correspondent of The Daily Mail declares that opinion concerning the transfer of the ownership of the islands is extremely divided. The higher classes are against, but the shopkeepers and artisans are in favor of the sale. On the island of St. Croix feeling is also high. Here the majority of the planters favor the sale, but the public generally is against it.

WAR THREATENED BY BRITAIN

To Prevent a Combination Against the United States.

London, January 28.—The Washington correspondent of The Daily Chronicle says:

"It is learned from an intimate of the late President McKinley that the European coalition against the Spanish-American war was dissolved by the avowed intention of Great Britain to use other means than diplomacy to frustrate interference."

The Chronicle, in an editorial on this dispatch, says:

"America, as a whole, has not shown herself invariably friendly during our troubles in South Africa, but this clear statement of America's debt to England should make an impression even on those classes who have hitherto regarded us askance."

BIRTHDAY OF THE KAISER.

He Conferred Territorial Titles on Many Regiments.

Berlin, January 27.—Emperor William signalized his birthday today by conferring territorial titles on all the regiments which had hitherto born no distinctive names.

After divine service, Emperor William held a "congratulation court" in the white hall, at which all the great dignitaries of state were present. His majesty shook hands with the imperial chancellor, Count Von Buelow, and the foreign representatives, conversed with him and subsequently chatted with the prince of Wales.

Emperor William drove in an open carriage through Unter Den Linden. The great crowds present heartily cheered his majesty. The empress' birthday present to Emperor William was a model of her left hand, executed in marble by Professor Begas. The only ornament on the hand is a wedding ring.

COURT TO PASS ON ALL CLAIMS

Important Project Is Sprung on Congress of Pan-Americans.

ALL PECUNIARY DISPUTES TO BE SETTLE BY COURT

It Is in Reality a Compulsory Arbitration Plan Applied to Money Controversies — Philadelphia Museum Is Indorsed by Congress.

Mexico City, January 27.—The project for an international court of claims was presented at today's session of the Pan-American conference. Though it has not excited any feeling and, therefore, has not attracted the same amount of attention as the arbitration treaty, it is really of even greater practical importance. It is in reality itself a compulsory arbitration plan, applied, however, only to controversies involving nothing but pecuniary claims.

Why Project Is Urged.

In introducing the project to the conference the committee on Pan-American court of claims said in part:

"The reasons for expediency, on which this projected treaty is based, are obvious. The difficulties at present existing in the opposition of some of the delegations to the conference in the way of negotiation of a general treaty of compulsory arbitration do not exist in the case of the subject matter of this proposed convention. The questions enumerated in article first are independent of those political and social issues which arouse the passions of nations or which are connected directly with their vital interests. Moreover, these questions are, as a rule, merely of a legal character. It is now proposed to submit such cases to The Hague tribunal in accordance with the tendencies of which this assembly has given such unanimous evidence. We believe that if this project, the provisions of which we will amply defend before the conference if any of the delegates so desire, is adopted one of the most vaxatious and frequent causes of differences between friendly nations will have been removed.

Provisions of the Articles.

Article 1 of the projected convention is as follows:

"Article 1. The high contracting parties agree to submit to arbitration all claims for pecuniary loss or damage which may be presented by their respective citizens, and which, in accordance with international law, can be submitted through diplomatic channels and cannot amicably adjusted through such channels, provided such claims exceed the sum of $10,000 gold; and provided further that such claimants shall not have voluntarily served or aided, subsequently to the ratification of this protocol, the enemies of the government against which the claim is presented."

Article 2 provides for submitting claims of this character to the permanent court of arbitration established by The Hague convention.

The concluding articles are as follows:

"Article 5. The present convention shall not bind the United States of America, nor the United States of Mexico, except with regard to such nations, whose governments may solicit the adherence to the convention for the peaceful settlement of international conflicts signed at The Hague, July 29, 1899.

"Article 6. This treaty shall be in force without any exchange of ratification, during five years from the time that five states, at least, of those subscribing to it express their approval thereof to the government of the United States of Mexico. Said government shall notify the other governments with regard to the approval it may receive."

Museum Is Recommended.

The Pan-American conference at its session this afternoon passd a resolution recommending the Philadelphia commercial museum, after a sharp discussion based on the contention of the Chilean and other delegates that the museum is not a public institution, but largely a private concern supplying commercial reports in competition with commercial agencies.

A series of declarations as to the rights of foreigners was discussed at this morning's session of the conference. The declarations are intended to offset the proposed treaty for an international court of claims, which is not wholly acceptable even to some of the delegations who will sign it.

BUT HE LEFT ITALY OUT.

Significant Speech by German Ambassador to Austria.

Vienna, January 27.—At the banquet of the German colony here last evening given in honor of the anniversary of the birth of Emperor William, Prince Von Eulenberg, the German ambassador, made an important speech, in which he strongly insisted that the "alliance between the two empires was indissoluble, a union which Germans cling to with all their hearts and a friendship between two noble monarchs."

As Prince Eulenburg is a personal friend of the German emperor, it is believed the latter inspired this speech as a protest against the recent reports of the loosening of the bonds between the two countries.

London, January 28.—The Vienna correspondent of The Times referring to the speech of Prince Von Eulenberg, the German ambassador at Vienna, at the banquet Sunday in honor of the anniversary of the birth of Emperor William, comments upon the fact that the German ambassador did not allude to Italy or the triple alliance and asks if this means that henceforth Italy does not count in this alliance.

Costly Fire at St. Paul.

St. Paul, January 27.—Fire tonight destroyed the Davidson block, a five-story brick structure, at the corner of Fourth and Jackson streets, in the heart of the wholesale district. The total damage is estimated at $200,000, amply covered by insurance.

Douglasville (Ga.) New South: A bachelor at Rome has decided to give at least a little impetus to matrimony. His plan is to give 10 acres of land to the couple that will marry and settle on it. It is a noble Roman that will not take the medicine he seeks to give others.



Chamberlin Johnson DuBose Co

But Four Days More

Of the Blue Tag Sale,

Today, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, in which to improve one of the best money saving opportunities on medium priced and high class furniture we have ever been able to offer. On February 1st the prices positively go back. The advance in Furniture prices all along the line during this month means from 15 to 20 per cent added to the price concessions we had already made, placing real values and the "Blue Tag" prices so far apart that buying becomes irresistible, but take advantage of them during these next four days.

The Blue Tagged Chamber Suits.

Every Chamber Suit on our floors is reduced in price in this pre-inventory sale. Over 100 suits to select from in solid Mahogany, Golden, Flemish and Weathered Oak, Bird's-Eye Maple and Birch Suits, in the newest Colonial, Rococo, Renaissance and L'Art Nouveau designs.

Remember these stock reducing prices will exist only until February 1st, 1902.

90.00 Mahogany Suit at... 76.00
80.00 Mahogany Suit at... 64.00
70.00 Mahogany Suit at... 54.00
65.00 Mahogany Suit at... 49.50
45.00 Birch Suit at..... 33.75
45.00 Bird's-Eye Maple Suit at..... 32.00
100.00 Golden Oak Suit at 68.00
60.00 Golden Oak Suit at.. 47.25
52.00 Golden Oak Suit at 41.85
32.50 Golden Oak Suit at 28.25
25.00 Golden Oak Suit at 18.90
22.00 Golden Oak Suit at 16.80
16.00 Golden Oak Suit at 12.50

Now Is the Time to Buy a Chiffonier.

This Blue Tag Sale includes every Chiffonier upon our floors without reserve. Forty-seven styles to select from, by actual count, left this morning and each a bargain. You cannot afford to miss if you intend buying a Chiffonier. They are in Solid Mahogany, Golden and Weathered Quartered Oak, Bird's-Eye Maple, Curly Birch and Mahoganized Birch, Old Colonial Chippendale, Rococo and L'Art Nouveau styles. Some plain, some richly hand-carved, some with, some without mirrors, but all new patterns and far underpriced.

60.00 Solid Mahogany Chiffonier now 48.00
45.00 Solid Mahogany Chiffonier now 32.00
25.00 Solid Mahogany Chiffonier now 20.70
20.00 Solid Mahogany Chiffonier now 16.20
80.00 Solid Oak Gentlemen's Chiffonier now 67.50
60.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 45.00
35.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 27.00
28.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 23.85
21.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 16.65
17.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 13.50
15.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 11.70
11.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 8.10
8.00 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 6.75
7.50 Solid Oak Chiffonier now..... 5.40

Remember these prices exist only until Feb. 1.

Pedestal and Tabouret Blue Tag Sale.

One hundred and twenty-seven styles from which to select. Solid Mahogany, Mahoganized Birch, Golden, Flemish and Weathered Oak, Vernis Martin, Rookwood, Rose and Teak Wood. Plain, hand-carved, hand painted and L'Art Nouveau. Every pedestal and every Tabouret on our floors reduced in price and included in this Blue Tag Sale. At the reduced prices they range from 69c to 22.50.

1.00 Solid Oak Tabouret at .69
2.00 Solid Oak Tabouret at 1.00
1.75 Oak and Bamboo Tabouret at..... 1.25
3.00 Bamboo India Seats at 2.25
2.00 Mahoganized India Seats at..... 1.00
1.75 Mahoganized India Seats at ..... .98
5.50 Flemish Oak Pedestal at..... 3.60
10.00 Teak Wood Pedestal at..... 6.75
13.00 Teak Wood Pedestal at..... 9.00

GAS CONGESTED HIS LUNGS

Damaging Evidence Given by Physician in Patrick Trial.

RICE'S DEATH NOT NORMAL

Dr. Williams Swears Only Gaseous Irritant Could Have So Affected Lungs.

New York, January 27.—The second day of the trial of Lawyer Albert T. Patrick, accused of the murder of William Marsh Rice, brought it up to the point where the cause of the death of the millionaire is sought to be determined. The first witness along this line of inquiry introduced by the prosecution was Dr. Hamilton Williams, one of the physicians attached to the coroner's staff, who attended the autopsy. He testified that Rice's lungs were congested.

"I believe," Dr. Williams said in replying to a question, "that nothing else than a gaseous irritant could have produced the condition of the lungs. I may say, instead of believing that I know from experience, this to be the fact." Pneumonia, he said, could not produce the condition he found in Mr. Rice's lungs. He found all of Rice's organs normal except for the lung congestion. The only admission the defense received from the witness was that many of the ordinary indications of death from chloroform were absent in the case of Mr. Rice.

Charles Flowright, the undertaker, who was called in by Patrick to prepare the body of Rice for cremation, testified that he had said to Patrick that it would require twenty-four hours to prepare for cremation, and suggested embalming, to which Patrick consented.

John S. Potter, Flowright's assistant, testified that Patrick had shown him a letter signed by Rice expressing the wish that after his death his body should be cremated. The morning of the day set for cremation he had been called on the telephone by Patrick and told that the cremation must be called off, owing to a telegram he had just received from Texas, but that it would probably be held two days later. The letter to which the witness alluded was dated August 13, 1900. It was admitted as evidence.

MOURNED FOR LIVE HUSBAND.

PENSION FOUNDED ON ROMANCE OF CIVIL WAR.

Miss George Wedded Soldier Who Left with Regiment and Married in Another State.

Knoxville, Tenn., January 27.—A peculiar pension case showed up here today.

In civil war days Miss Ollie George, of this city, wedded an Illinois soldier, Eugene Bradfield, while the latter's regiment was stationed in Knoxville. Soon afterwards Bradfield's regiment moved away and the wife was left behind.

Husband and wife corresponded for two years; then the letters ceased and Mrs. Bradfield mourned her husband for dead.

She applied for a pension recently. The department has now found her husband living in Illinois, where he married a second time after the war.

An order has been made to divide the pension between them in future.

KERN SILENT ABOUT PEARL.

Thief Refuses To Reveal Hiding Place of Jewel.

New York, January 27.—Edward Kern, the valet of Paul G. Thebaud, who is accused of having robbed his employer of $50,000 worth of jewelry, reached this city today in custody. Kern told Captain Titus of places in this city where he had pawned small pieces of jewelry, but when asked if he would reveal the hiding place of a $15,000 pearl he said he was not ready and that whether he would or not depended upon the advice of his lawyer.

HIS LEG VALUED AT $15,000.

Brakeman Is Awarded That Sum Against a Railroad.

Springfield, Ills., January 27.—A jury in the United States circuit court awarded Wyley Nash, of Jonesboro, Ark., $15,000 damages in his suit against the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis road for the loss of one leg, which was so badly injured that amputation was necessary. At the time of the accident he was a resident of Springfield and on July 24, 1899, was a rear brakeman on a freight train. His car was thrown from the track. Nash was thrown to the ground.

FACE TO FACE WITH PANIC

Tumble in Oats Made Speculators in Chicago Wild.

BEARS WERE AFTER PATTEN

He Is Credited with a Corner of 10,000,000 Bushels in May Oats.

Chicago, January 27.—Panic stared board of trade speculators in the face when business opened today, for the bottom seemingly had fallen out of oats. It all came about by a bear campaign begun by liquidations in May oats. For some time traders have been predicting that something would happen in oats, and as soon as a stream of May oats began to flow into the pits prices dropped steadily.

At once gossip had it that James Patten, mayor of Evanston, who is credited with a corner of 10,000,000 bushels of May oats, was unloading. Weak holders of margined oats and to let go everything they had. Exuberant bears immediately began to sell short in great quantities and everything went by the board. Millions of bushels were liquidated and in less than half an hour May oats fell 5 cents. Support, however, soon appeared to a marked degree.

The talk changed from Patten liquidation to the other view of it—that an attempt had been made again to squeeze Patten. When it was found Patten was buying and other longs came to the support the early short sellers became frightened, hurried to cover and prices as quickly began to ascend again. In fifteen minutes May had recovered nearly all its loss. The usual weather and crop conditions had practically nothing to do with the onslaught. It was a case of speculative manipulation.

Later developments showed that bears had taken advantage of Patten's absence from the pit to raid the market. Mr. Patten made this statement:

"I have not sold a 'five' of oats this morning. It is a deliberate raid. There is no doubt it was started to force me to sell. The tallers are out, but the people that planned the raid did not get what they were after."

GREAT RAILWAY FOR MEXICO.

Company Formed with Large Capital To Construct Line.

Dover, Del., January 27.—The Mexican Eastern Railway Company, of Mexico, was incorporated here today. It has a capital of $5,000,000 and proposes to operate a railroad from Mereda, state of Yucatan, Mexico, to Zacoalco, Vera Cruz, Mexico; also to construct and operate telegraph, telephone and express lines over the same route. The incorporators are:

John Phelps, Baltimore; Sidney A. Witherbee, Detroit; Josiah Quincy, Boston; Sylvester T. Everett and Leander McBride, Cleveland; John Scott, New York city, and James L. Wolcott, Dover, Del.

Managing Editor Kirkpatrick Out.

Springfield, Ohio, January 27.—(Special.) T. J. Kirkpatrick, for twenty-three years managing editor of Woman's Home Companion and Farm and Fireside, sold his interest tonight as the result of a difference in policy.

ALABASTINE

The best wall coating. Not a cheap Kalsomine, but a durable hard finish for plastered walls. All colors. Not the kind that cracks or peels off.

GEORGIA PAINT AND GLASS CO.,

40 Peachtree Street.

WE GIVE TRADING STAMPS.

COTTON CLOSED BARELY STEADY

Scattering Sales for Both Accounts Caused Decline Late.

SPECULATION VERY TAME

Chicago Market Decidedly Lower on a Panic in Oats—No Relief from See-Saw Conditions of Speculation in Stocks.

New York, January 27.—The cotton market opened steady with prices 1 to 4 points lower, which was about a fair response to disappointing Liverpool cables, the feature of which was a decline of ½ to 1 point in futures, and 1-32d in spot cotton. Shorts in the local ring beat a hasty retreat immediately after the call on estimates for port receipts of but 27,000 bales for the day, this comparing with 33,000 bales same day last year. From 8.10 May stiffened up to 8.17, and for a time the whole ruling of the market was decidedly firm. Liverpool was quick to conform with our advance, and the south sent a fair number of buying orders to representatives here. On the advance reports were in circulation to the effect that spot cotton was firmer throughout the south on active competition between exporters and dealers who last fall had sold cotton for January-February delivery. The latter feared the market would get away from them, inasmuch as holders were very bullish. Heavy rains were reported to have broken the drought over northern Texas and to have put roads in very bad condition over the rest of the western belt, except southern Texas, which remained dry. Intensely cold weather was forecasted by the Washington department for the entire western and much of the central belt for tonight, all of which led to fears of a curtailment of the movement. But a big estimate for tomorrow's Houston receipts and a liberal prediction as to tomorrow's New Orleans receipts, restored the bears to their natural equilibrium later in the day, and under scattering sales for both accounts the market dragged slowly lower. Prices returned to about the opening level. Speculation throughout the afternoon was very tame, and almost wholly professional. Near the close bear pressure helped to force prices off. The market was finally barely steady, with prices net 3 to 6 points lower.

Review of the New Orleans Market.

New Orleans, January 27.—Cloudy and rainy weather today was unfavorable for the movement of spot cotton, and trading was unusually light. Sales 1,500 bales, including 500 to arrive. Quotations unchanged.

The future market opened 2 points down in sympathy with Liverpool, but shortly after the first call the market improved a few points on bad weather reports. This improvement, however, was lost on estimated heavy receipts, and after fluctuating a few points in either direction the market closed with a net loss of 5 points on all positions.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, January 27.—There has been no new feature of moment in the cotton goods division. Buyers keep their purchases of staples well within bounds, but sellers show no disposition to give way in brown bleached or coarse colored cottons. Prints and ginghams are firm. Print cloths unchanged in price, but difficult to buy. Business in cotton hosiery and underwear reported quiet at previous prices.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotations for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Quiet; middling 7⅞c.
Liverpool—Dull; middling 4 15-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 8 5-16c.
New Orleans—Quiet; middling 7⅞c.
Savannah—Quiet; middling 7 13-16c.
Galveston—Steady; middling 7 15-16c.
Norfolk—Quiet; middling 8c.
Mobile—Quiet; middling 7 13-16c.
Memphis—Very steady; middling 7 13-16c.
Augusta—Steady; middling 8 1-16c.
Charleston—Steady; middling 7 13-16c.
Houston—Steady; middling 7 15-16c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling 7⅞c.

Following are the receipts, shipments and stock of cotton at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPMENTS		STOCK.	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday	740	211	800	153	19076	10941
Monday	490	236	...	352	20466	10825
Tuesday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wednesday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thursday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Friday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Totals	1230	447	800	505		

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
January	8 04	8 04	8 02	8 04	7 97-99
February	8 04	8 04	8 04	8 04	7 98-99
March	8 08	8 12	8 04	8 04	8 03-04
April	8 12	8 15	8 12	8 12	8 08-09
May	8 12	8 18	8 09	8 10	8 09-10
June	8 12	8 18	8 12	8 18	8 10-12
July	8 17	8 21	8 13	8 13	8 13-14
August	8 00	8 04	7 96	7 96	7 96-97
September	7 76	7 76	7 72	7 72	7 71-72
October	7 73	7 73	7 70	7 70	7 69-70
November	...	...	...	...	...
December	...	...	...	...	...

Futures closed barely steady.

Following are the receipts, exports and stock at all United States ports yesterday:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS.	
	1902	1901	1902	1901	1902	1901
Saturday	23143	28736	85580	41657	908807	859156
Monday	50700	33245	39624	7232	891895	860884
Tuesday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wednesday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thursday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Friday	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	53843	61981	119504	48889		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

January	7 83	July	8 06
February	7 83	August	
March	7 89	September	
April	7 92	October	
May	7 98	November	
June	8 01	December	

Futures closed barely steady.

The Liverpool Market.

Liverpool, January 27—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot quiet with prices easier; middling uplands 4⅝; sales 7,000 bales; American 6,500; speculation and export 500; receipts 3,400; all American.

Futures opened quiet.

	Open'g.	Closing.	
January	4 27-64	4 26	Buyers
January-February	4 26-64	4 27½	Sellers
February-March	4 26-64	4 26½	Buyers
March-April	4 26-64	4 26½	Buyers
April-May	4 26-64	4 26½	Buyers
May-June	4 26-64	4 26½	Buyers
June-July	4 26-64	4 27	Buyers
July-August	4 26-64	4 27	Buyers
August-September	4 22-64	4 25	Sellers

Futures closed steady.

Movement at the Ports.

New York, January 27.—Cotton quiet; sales 584 bales; middling uplands 8 5-16; gulf 8 9-16; net receipts 225; gross 7,940; stock 117,108.

New Orleans, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞; sales 1,500 bales; receipts 12,329; stock 352,006.

Galveston, January 27.—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16; sales 1,009; receipts 7,244; stock 190,140.

Mobile, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; sales 500; receipts 323; stock 32,129.

Savannah, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 7 13-16; sales 325; receipts 3,949; stock 93,686.

Charleston, January 27.—Cotton steady; middling 7 13-16; receipts 1,708; stock 10,589.

Wilmington, January 27.—Cotton firm; middling 7⅞; receipts 1,281; stock 23,724.

Norfolk, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 8; sales 196; receipts 2,311; stock 45,168.

Baltimore, January 27.—Cotton nominal; middling 8¼; receipts 451; stock 13,090.

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Boston, January 27.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling 8 5-16; receipts, net, 1,294.

Philadelphia, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 8 9-16; receipts 140; stock 8,581.

St. Louis, January 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅞; receipts 7,061; stock 54,201.

Memphis, January 27.—Cotton very steady; middling 7 13-16; sales 1,500 bales; receipts 4,272; shipments 6,227; stock 107,807.

Augusta, January 27.—Cotton steady; middling 8 1-16; sales 692; receipts 984; stock 55,239.

Houston, January 27.—Cotton steady; middling 7 15-16; sales 529; receipts 7,666; stock 87,374.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, January 27.—As a result of the conflict between the heavy movement and the reports of exhaustion the markets have become very dull pending an explanation and the expected effect of the zero weather passing over the south. This is expected to check the movement throughout the cotton belt. Estimates today of the semi-weekly receipts are 67,000 bales, or 10,000 above the largest week on record. Many explanations are received regarding this large movement, all stating the amount remaining behind is very small, and none that it represents a larger crop than expected. Bombay receipts are 6,000 bales larger than last season. It is difficult to find any bullish information on the blackboards, and yet the sentiment is in favor of the market stronger than ever known in the face of such large receipts.

H. & B. Beer's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, January 27.—Notwithstanding Liverpool advices were disappointing our market only opened 2 points lower, improved 6 points later on fresh buying, subsequently declined 9 to 10 points from the top on the heavy interior receipts and liberal estimates for both New Orleans and Houston tomorrow, closing at a net loss of 5 points on the day. The port receipts, while slightly under last year, are offset by the large interior movement. Reports were received from numerous uncounted towns stating that wagon receipts were much larger than last year, and the prospects were for a continuance on that scale for some time to come. It is feared by many that the expected cold wave might check receipts, but the opinion is growing that this crop has been underestimated, and the chances are that increased crop estimates will soon again become current. Manchester cables state that the cloth market was poor, and that the Indian demand has fallen off considerably. There was some demand from China at lower rates and limited to few channels. Merchants are indifferent to placing further orders in view of the easier tendency of cotton. An easier feeling was apparent today, as holders are becoming tired, waiting for that perpendicular drop in receipts, which has been promised for eight weeks, and which fails to materialize, but instead the movement points to a larger crop daily. With the discouraging European textile outlook and far from satisfactory condition in America, it is doubtful whether values can be sustained in the face of the liberal receipts, unless fresh speculation is attracted to the article.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, January 27.—Prices for cotton this morning moved up as rapidly as they moved down. At first they lost 2 to 4 points, all of which was wiped out in very quick order. There was an absence of sellers, just as has been the case when general prepared prices were made for a decline. There was more disposition to buy than sell, which does not signify, however, that anybody was anxious to buy more than moderately. Port receipts were 27,000 against 33,000 last year, and, inasmuch as we are comparing with last year's big movement, selling will not be popular this week. The coldest wave of the season extended all over Texas today, and this, if anything, is a bull factor. A waiting policy was being observed generally. Liverpool showed a slight advance. Traders did more or less around the pit, but the market was about as dull and featureless as can be imagined. Crop views are as wide apart as ever. Bulls stick to small figures with great confidence. Bears show no signs of breaking away from big figures. The movement continues free, but not free enough to cause a stampede to the bear side. The only chance for the bulls is a slack movement. Are we nearing that point? is the question. There is no more evidence of this today than there was six weeks of verification. The question is, Will the movement go off gradually as usual for us to make no remarkable impression on the market, or will there be a sudden collapse of what the bulls term a perpendicular crumbling away? That is the question that confronts the trade.

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, January 27.—There was little or nothing worthy of special mention in the early cotton market. Prices were down 1 to 2 points on the call, but quickly rallied to 8.17 for May and 8.21 for July. Port receipts were estimated at several thousand less than the same day last year, but as receipts were large during the week last year little dependence is placed upon comparisons. The interior movement seems to be dropping off gradually, but there is nothing to justify bull enthusiasm at present. Toward the close prices lost all the morning's advance, and the market closed barely steady 4 to 6 points net lower.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, January 27.—Coffee, spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 6; mild quiet; Cordova 7¼@11. Coffee futures opened steady and unchanged to 5 points lower in keeping with weakness in foreign markets. Selling around the call was quite active and was for both accounts. Longs saw little relief in sight so long as port and interior receipts in Brazil were disposed to anticipate a turn of big long interests to unload. Near the close of the session prices slowly eased off under foreign and local selling; closed barely steady net 5 to 10 points lower; sales 38,250 bags, including February at 5.60; March 5.85@5.70; May 5.90; July 6@6.05; September 6.15@6.25; October 6.25; December 6.35@6.40.

Sugar, raw firm; fair refining 3⅛; centrifugal 96-test 3 11-16; molasses sugar 2⅝. Refined firm.

New Orleans, January 27.—Sugar strong; open kettle 2⅝@2¾; open kettle centrifugal, 2½@3⅜; centrifugal granulated 4¼@4 3-16; whites 3⅜@3⅝; yellows 3 1-16@3⅜; seconds 1⅝@3. Molasses steady; open kettle 10@25; centrifugal 6@15. Sirup steady at 10@22.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, January 27.—Cotton seed oil weak and lower, being affected by the decline in lard products. Prime crude f. o. b. mills 34@34½c; prime summer yellow 41½c; off summer yellow 41c; prime white 47c; prime winter yellow 48@49c. Prime meal $28, nominal.

Memphis, January 27.—Cotton seed oil—Car load lots per gallon, prime crude 35c; prime summer yellow 39c; choice cooking summer yellow, less than car load lots, per gallon 45c. Meal and cake—Prime $24.

New Orleans, January 27.—Cotton seed oil firm; prime refined in barrels 41½c; off refined 40½c; prime crude loose 36c.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, January 27.—Wheat, spot No. 2 red western winter quiet at 6s 1½d; No. 2 northern spring steady at 6s 2d; futures dull; March 6s 3¼d; May 6s 1¼d.

Corn, spot American mixed, new, no stock; American mixed old quiet at 5s 6¼d; futures dull; February 5s 2⅝d; March 5s 2d; May 5s 2d.

The Metal Market.

New York, January 27.—Lake copper steady at $11@11.25.

Tin easier at $23.90@24.

Spelter dull at $4.30.

Lead firm at $4.10.

Pig iron warrants unchanged at $11@12.

St. Louis, January 27.—Lead dull at $3.87½. Spelter dull at $4.10.

Visible Supply of Grain.

New York, January 27.—The visible supply of grain, Saturday, as compiled by the New York produce exchange, is as follows:

Wheat—59,371,000 bushels, increase 98,000.

Corn—11,632,000 bushels, decrease 120,000.

Oats—4,133,000 bushels; decrease 79,000.

Rye—2,441,000 bushels; increase 20,000.

Barley—2,073,000 bushels; decrease 88,000.

Fruits and Confections.

Atlanta, January 27.—Apples, choice, $4@4.50; fancy, $5@6. Oranges, Florida, $2.75@3; Mexican, $2.25@2.50. Bananas, straits $1.75; cults $1@1.25. Nuts: Walnuts, No. 1, 12c; No. 2, 10c. Almonds 13; pecans 11; mixed nuts, 12½; peanuts, Virginia 3@5½; Georgia 2c. Pineapples $3 crate. Dates, 5½c; figs 10@11c. Citron, 15c.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, January 27.—Cattle receipts 21,000, including 280 Texans; market steady to 10c lower; good to prime steers 6.10@7.40; poor to medium 4@6; stockers and feeders 2.25@4.50; cows 1.25@5; heifers 2.50@5.50; canners 1.25@2.30; bulls 2.50@4.50; calves 2.50@6.25; Texas fed steers 4@5.75.

Hog receipts 40,000; market steady at 5@10c lower; good to choice heavy 6.25@6.50; light 5.60@6; bulk 5.90@6.30.

Sheep receipts 22,000; market strong; good to choice wethers 4.30@5; fair to choice mixed 3.75@4.50; western sheep, fed 4@5.25; native lambs 3.50@5.90; western lambs, fed 5@5.80.

St. Louis, January 27.—Cattle receipts 4,100, including 2,000 Texans; market steady; native shipping and export steers 5@6.30; dressed beef and butcher steers 4@6; steers under 1,000 pounds 2.65@5.65; stockers and feeders 2.60@4.50; cows and heifers 2.25@5; canners 2.60@2.85; bulls 2.50@4; Texas and Indian steers 3.25@5.30; cows and heifers 2.60@3.70.

THE DAY IN WALL STREET.

New York, January 27.—There was no relief from the see-saw market conditions of speculation in stocks today. Professional operators continued their attempts to find the market by persistently testing it both by sales and purchases, but they found the great powers in the financial world absolutely quiescent and awaiting some turn of events. The stiffness of money rates which persisted for some time after the turn of the year has yielded entirely, and the ordinary borrower is able to obtain money on call on very easy terms. Returns of gross earnings of railroads, which began to come today for the third week in January, show gratifying increases over last year's high level. Today's break in the grain markets, while due to a condition of over-speculation and attributed ostensibly to the large movement from other countries, warrants a presumption of promising conditions for our winter wheat crop, upon which much hinges. The conditions, however, were powerless to animate the stock market. There is a very general agreement that the ultimate decision of the question of the legal standing of the Northern Securities Company is really awaited for the net general movement in the stock market. There is also importance attached to the definite shaping of the government's financial operations, which is given additional importance by the growth of the surplus in the revenues, the decrease in the available supply of bonds for redemption and the pressure to retire bank note circulation. Legislation for the reduction of the revenues on the one side or for special government expenditures on the other are studied with great attention owing to their bearing upon the market supply of money. The formulating of demands by coal miners has been a cause of some depression. The stiffening of the discount rate in London and the advance in the price of gold may be a symptom of renewed demand for gold from that quarter, as the Bank of England is obviously striving to make its rate effective in the market in preparation for the coming government loan. Of the special movements in today's market, which gave it its whole character, that in Amalgamated Copper was most conspicuous. Raw copper was advanced for the first time since the attempt to maintain the price was abandoned by the Amalgamated Copper Company. The gain which resulted today for Amalgamated Copper was 2¾ points. The advance in the price of lead gave strength to the National Lead stocks and American Smelting. The United States Steel stocks were lethargic. There was a desultory speculation in Sugar with a final net gain of a point. Notable gains in Chicago and Eastern Illinois, the New York, Chicago and St. Louis stock, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis and Rutland preferred were without explanation. The market closed dull and firm.

There was a cessation of last week's activity in a number of semi-speculative bonds, and the market was duller and irregular. Total sales, par value, $3,025,000.

United States 4s advanced ¼ per cent on the last call.

Total sales of stocks for the day were 432,800 shares, including Atchison 17,300; do. preferred 7,100; Erie 24,600; do. first preferred 5,000; Manhattan 5,900; Metropolitan 14,500; New York Central 6,900; Pennsylvania 10,400; Reading 30,700; do. second preferred 8,000; St. Paul 24,300; Southern Pacific 12,200; Southern Railway 3,900; Union Pacific 21,000; Copper 80,500; Smelting 6,200; Anaconda Mining 10,000; Sugar 32,200; United States Steel 10,600; do. preferred 5,700.

Money on call easy at 2½@3 per cent; closed bid and asked 2@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for demand and at $4.84¾ for 60 days; posted rates $4.85@4.88; commercial bills $4.83½@4.84¼.

Bar silver 54⅞c.

Mexican dollars 44¼c.

Government bonds strong.

State bonds inactive.

Railroad bonds irregular.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	75¼	Manhattan L	134½
do. preferred	95⅜	Metro. Street Ry	166¾
Baltimore & Ohio	101⅜	Mexican Central	28¼
do. preferred	96	Mexican National	15⅜
Canadian Pacific	112¾	Minn. & st. Louis	105
Canada Southern	86¼	Missouri Pacific	101⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	45⅛	Mo. Kansas & Tex.	24⅜
Chic. & Alton	33⅜	do. preferred	52¼
do. preferred	76	New Jersey Cent.	190
C. B. & Q.		Northern Central	160½
Chic. Ind. & L.	51	Norfolk & Western	53½
do. preferred	75¼	do. preferred	92
Chicago & East. Ill.	172½	Northern Pacific	
Chic. & Great West.	22¾	do. preferred	
do. pref. A	83	Ontario & Western	33½
do. pref. B	43¼	Pennsylvania	148⅜
Chicago & N. W.	212½	Reading	55
Rock Island	155¼	do. 1st preferred	81
Chic. Term. & Trans	17	do. 2d preferred	61¼
do. preferred	32	St. L. & S. F	60⅜
C. C. C. & St. Louis	97	do. 1st preferred	83
Colo. Sou	14½	do. 2d preferred	73¾
do. 1st preferred	60	St. L. & S. W.	26¾
do. 2d preferred	28½	do. preferred	66¾
Del. & Hudson	172	Southern Pacific	58¼
Del. L. & W.	266	Southern Railway	32
Den. & Rio Grande	42	do. preferred	93⅛
do. preferred	90¼	Texas & Pacific	38½
Erie (new)	38¼	Tol., St. L. & W	19¼
do. 1st preferred	70¾	do. preferred	39
do. 2d preferred	55	Union Pacific	100⅜
Great Nor. pref	185½	do. preferred	87¾
Hocking Valley	68¼	Wabash	22
do. preferred	81¼	do. preferred	41½
Illinois Central	139	Wheel & L. E	17
Iowa Central	38	do. preferred	28
do. preferred	72	Wisconsin Central	19¾
Lake Erie & W	67	do. preferred	39
do. preferred	125		
Louisville & Nash	102½		

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	195	United States	102
American	210	Wells Fargo	190

MISCELLANEOUS.

Amal. Copper	73½	North American	88
Am. Car F'dy	28½	Pacific Coast	73
do. preferred	85	Pacific Mail	45¾
Am. Linseed Oil	15	People's Gas	100¾
do. preferred	47	Pressed Steel Car	39¼
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	47⅛	do. preferred	83
do. preferred	96⅛	Pullman Palace	215
American Tobacco		Republic Steel	16
Anaconda Mining	42¾	do. preferred	68¼
Brook. Rap. Tran	64⅜	Sugar	125⅛
Col. F. & Iron	84¼	T. C. & Iron	61⅜
Consol. Gas	216	Union Bag & Paper	13
Cont. Tobacco		do. preferred	72¼
dopreferred	116⅛	U. S. Leather	11¼
General Electric	277½	do. preferred	80
IncoseSugar	48¾	U. S. Rubber	12
Hocking Coal	14⅜	do. preferred	50¼
InternationalPaper	15¾	U. S. Steel	42⅜
do. preferred	75⅜	do. preferred	92⅜
Intern'l Power	87	Western Union	90⅝
Laclede Gas	90	Va.-Car. Chem Co	60
National Biscuit	44¼	do. preferred	123
National Lead	18¾	Seaboard Air Line	24¼
National Salt	30	do. preferred	49¾
do. preferred	93	do. bonds	84¾

BONDS.

U. S. 2s reg	108¾	F. W. & D. 1st	107¼
do. coupon	108¾	Hocking Val 4½s	108
U. S. 3s reg	108	I. & N. unified 4s	101¼
do. coupon	108¾	Mex. Cent. 4s	82¾
U. S. new 4s, reg	139	do. 1st income	32
do. coupon	140	Min. & St. L. 4s	104¾
U. S. old 4s, reg	111¾	M., K. & T. 4s	99
do. coupon	111¾	M. K. & T. 2ds	83
U. S. 5s, reg	106	N. Y. Central 3½s	103⅜
do. coupon	107¼	do. general 5s	108¾
Atchison gen. 4s	103½	N. J. Cent. gen. 5s	135⅝
do. adj. 4s	92¾	Northern Pac. 4s	105
Balt & Ohio 4s	103⅜	do 3s	74¼
do. 3½s	95⅝	Nor. & West. con. 4s	102⅜
do. conv. 4s	104¼	Reading gen. 4s	98⅜
Canada So. 2ds	109⅛	St. L. & I. M. con 5s	118
Cent. of Ga. 5s	111	St. L. & S. F. 4s	96¼
do. 1st incomes	79	St. L. & S. W. 1sts	90½
do. 2d incomes	35¼	do. 2ds	78¾
Ches & Ohio 4½s	107¼	San. Ant. & Ar. P. 4s	85
Chic. & Alton 3 s	84¼	Sou. Pacific 4s	93⅛
C. B. & Q. new 4s	96	Southern Ry 5s	119¾
C., M. & St. P. 4s	113	Tex. & Pacific 1st	121
Chic. & N. W. con 7s	140¼	Tol., St. L. & W 4s	82⅝
Chic., R. I. & P 4s	103⅜	Union Pacific 4s	104⅛
C., C. C. & St. L. 4s	103⅜	do. conv. 4s	105⅜
Chicago Term 4s	88	Wabash 1sts	119
Col. & Sou 4s	90	do. 2ds	114¼
D. & R. G. 4s	102¾	do. deb.	67⅜
Erie prior lien 4s	99	West Shore 4s	117¾
Erie general 4s	88¼	Wheel. & L. E. 4s	92¾

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, January 27.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The buoyancy of Kaffirs absorbed all attention in the stock market on this, their settlement day. Despite the big speculation in these shares, contangoes were rather easier at 8 per cent. The general markets were cheerful on the war news. Consols were heavy early on the rush for new issues, and the fact that the London county council will presently be announcing £3,000,000 issue at 3 per cent, but they hardened later. There is an unconfirmed rumor that Lord Kitchener is negotiating for peace with General DeWet. Americans were lifeless and sagging, despite the New York bank statement, awaiting a decision on Northern Securities' suit.

The bank of England is tightening its grip on the money market.

Gold is quiet at 77s 10½d on Paris demand.

W. E. Small & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, January 27.—London developed a heavy tone, and was instrumental in declines at the start, which appeared in the rails and coalers, with professionals pressing sales on a belief that Mr. Keene had liquidated his holdings to a large extent while absent from the street. Sugar was sold down early, but made a substantial recovery, due to favorable Washington advices. Copper was a strong feature, it appearing that the stock was being accumulated by wealthy interests. Smelters advanced in sympathy. United States Steels worked off fractionally, but were well absorbed. The Iron Age says 2,350,000 tons of steel rails have been booked for this year's delivery. People's Gas was sold down, but met with support. Wabash was well bought, while Missouri Pacific and St. Paul made recoveries. The banks have gained $835,000 from the subtreasury since Friday. The up-turn in Sugar during the afternoon lent strength to the balance of the market, with shorts covering, while the severe drop in the Chicago grain market was taken as an indication of improving crop prospects and an increased movement. Arguments were begun in the Northern Securities case in the supreme court today, but it is not thought that any decision will be announced until next Monday, if then. There was quite a flurry in Copper, the stock advancing on better trade reports, while Lawson, of Boston, was working his opinion bureau with the time lock off. Realizing appeared in San Francisco, but St. Paul and the Pacific held up well, while selling of Atchison was a feature of the day. Toward the close Copper was very active and advanced under heavy buying to 73⅞. There was more or less talk regarding labor troubles in the anthracite regions, but the Coalers were affected thereby but very little. The close displayed a good bit of strength, with shorts covering freely in Atchison at the high point of the day.

STOCKS	Opening.	High.	Low.	Last sale	Closing bid
Amalg. Copper	71¼	73¾	71⅜	73¾	73¾
Am. Sugar Refin'g	125¼	126¼	123⅜	126	125⅞
Atchison	74¼	75⅛	74¼	75¼	75¼
do. preferred	96¼	96⅞	95⅝	95⅝	95⅝
Am'n Car Foundry	29	29	29	29	28⅞
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	85
Am'n Cotton Oil	.....	.....	.....	.....	31
Brooklyn R. T.	64⅜	66	64¼	65	64⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	101⅝	102	101¼	101⅝	101⅜
do. preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	96
C., C., C. and St. L.	96¼	98	96¼	98	97
Canada Southern	86¼	87	86⅛	87	86⅝
Col. Fuel and Iron	85	85	84	84¼	84¼
Ches. and Ohio	45⅝	45⅝	45¼	45¼	45½
Consolidated Gas	216¼	216¾	216¼	216¼	216
Del. and Hudson	172	172	170¾	172	172
Erie	38¼	38⅜	37⅝	38⅛	38⅜
do. first pref'd	70	70⅝	69⅝	70⅜	70⅛
General Electric	279	279	277	278	277½
Great Western	22⅜	22½	22⅜	22⅜	22⅜
Illinois Central	138⅜	139	138⅜	139	139
International Paper	19¼	19¼	19	19¼	19
do. preferred	52	52¼	52	52¼	52¼
Louisville & Nash	102⅜	102⅜	102⅛	102⅜	102⅜
Missouri Pacific	100⅝	101⅜	100⅝	101⅜	101⅜
Manhattan	135¼	135¾	134¾	134¾	134¾
Metropol. Traction	170⅛	170⅛	168¼	170	169¾
New York Central	160	160¾	159¼	160¼	160¼
Northwestern	212	212¼	210¾	212¼	212¼
National Lead	17⅛	19¼	17⅛	18¾	18¾
Norfolk & Western	55⅜	55⅝	55⅛	55¼	55¼
Ontario & Western	33¾	33¾	33⅛	33¾	33¾
Pennsylvania	148	148¼	147⅜	148¼	148⅜
Pacific Mail	46⅛	46¼	46	46¼	46¼
People's Gas Co	101	101	100¼	101	100⅜
Rock Island	155¼	155¼	155	155¼	155¼
Rep. Iron and Steel	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16
Reading	54⅝	55¼	54⅛	55⅛	55
do. first pref'd	81⅜	81⅜	81⅛	81⅜	81
do. sec. pref'd	60⅜	60⅜	60¼	60⅜	60
Southern Pacific	58⅜	58⅜	58	58⅜	58¼
St. Paul	160⅜	161⅜	160¼	161⅜	161⅜
Southern Railway	32¼	32⅜	31⅞	32	32
do. preferred	92½	93	92¼	93	93⅛
Texas Pacific	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾	26¾
Tenn. Coal and Iron	59	59	58⅜	58⅝	58⅝
U. S. Steel	38	38	38	38	38⅜
do. preferred	92	92	91¾	92	91⅞
Union Pacific	100	100⅜	99⅝	100⅜	100⅛
U. S. Rubber, com.	88	88	87⅜	87⅜	87⅜
U. S. Leather	14¼	14¾	14¼	14¼	13⅜
do. preferred	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼	11¼
Wabash, preferred	80⅛	80¼	80	80	80
Western Union	41⅜	42¼	41⅜	42	41⅜
	90¼	91⅛	90⅜	91¼	90⅜

Local Bonds and Stocks.

CITY BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta 4s, 1923	105	.....
Atlanta 4½s, 1922	114	.....
Atlanta 6s, 1914	120	.....
Atlanta 7s, 1904	105	.....
Atlanta 8s, 1902	102	.....
Savannah 5s, 1909	107	.....
Savannah 5s, 1909	108	109
Macon 4½s, 1926	107½	.....
Macon 6s, 1910	114	.....
Augusta 4s, 1927	102	.....
Augusta 5s, 1921	118	.....
Augusta 6s, 1913	118	.....
Columbus 5s, 1909	104	.....
Columbus 4½s, 1927	107	.....

STATE BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia 3½s, 1915	107	109
Georgia 3½s, 1930	107⅜	.....
Georgia 4s, 1926	103	.....
Georgia 4½s, 1911	111⅛	.....
Georgia 4½s, 1922	115½	116½
Alabama, class A	119	.....
Alabama, class B	108	.....
Alabama, class C	101	.....

RAILROAD BONDS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Georgia railroad 5s, 1922	108	.....
Georgia railroad 6s, 1910	114	.....
Central of Georgia first 5s, 1945	120	.....
Central of Georgia, Col. Trust 5s, 1937	117	.....
Central of Georgia Consol. 5s, 1945	101⅛	103
Central of Georgia first incomes	109	111
Central of Georgia second incomes	78	80
Central of Georgia third incomes	35	36
Southern Ry., first 5s	1994	118	120
Ga. Pacific first 6s, 1922	125	.....
Seaboard 4s, 1950	72	83
Seaboard gua. 5s, 1902	84	88
Seaboard 10 year 5s	102	101½
	102	104

RAILROAD STOCKS.

	Bid.	Asked.
Ga. R. R. and Bkg. Co	235	240
Southeastern	116	118
Augusta and Savannah	114	115½
Augusta and West Point	150	.....
Southern Railway preferred	91½	92½
Southern Railway common	32	33
Seaboard preferred	45	47
Seaboard common	23	25

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, January 27.—Transactions in stocks again were confined within narrow limits. The heavy closing of Saturday operated to prevent the free transmission of outside or professional element at the start sought to depress prices, but its operations were attended with only moderate success. The coal stocks were sold on apprehension of possible labor troubles, while western houses were sellers on rumors that the sharp break in wheat had embarrassed a leading Chicago operator. Reports were also circulated of coming new bond issues and fresh railroad controversies at the west. None of these rumors received any confirmation. In the afternoon the market turned with some vigor and prices in many instances went above Saturday's closing. Much of the improvement was att



CONSIDERABLE social interest is centering in the event of the Floral Carnival in Charleston, which holds February 10, 11 and 12. As was stated in Sunday's Constitution, at the request of Mrs. Joseph Thompson, commissioner from Georgia to Charleston, Governor Candler will appoint a committee of young ladies to act as maid of honor to Miss Alice Roosevelt, who has been invited to be queen of the carnival.

A full list of the young women appointed could not be obtained yesterday, but it is authoritatively stated that among them will be Misses Maud Tompkins, Adelaide Howell, of Atlanta; Martha Johnson, of Macon; Annie Branch, of Augusta; Miss Meldrim, of Savannah; Dillah Emmell, of Columbus, and Isabel Thomas, of Athens.

In recognition of a request made of him by the board of management of the exposition, Mayor Mims appointed as Atlanta's fair flower girl at the carnival Miss Susan Calhoun, of Atlanta. Quite a party of prominent Atlanta people will go to Charleston at the time of the carnival, during which time one of the most brilliant social functions will be a reception by Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Symonds to President Roosevelt.

Mrs. Brown's Address.

THE brilliant event at the meeting of the Atlanta Woman's Club yesterday—and one notable in the club's history—was the address made by Mrs. Edward Brown on the subject, "Woman; Her Machine."

Mrs. Brown's subject was ably handled and her address was a gem of thought, of sentiment and of expression. In it she clearly set forth that woman had as her machine the federation, and that the only influence lacking was a more general cooperation of all women in the acquiring of those objects that were common interests to all women. She instructed, interested and charmed her large audience, and inspired every woman there to do her part individually and earnestly in the great work there is for women, along those lines for which the federated club movement stands.

Previous to Mrs. Brown's address, Mrs. McDowell, a member of one of the leading clubs of Chicago, made a brief and most interesting talk, in which she told of the successful work of her club in departments literary and philanthropic. Under the auspices of the latter department, she stated that a day nursery was successfully operated, the necessary funds secured through a large charity ball given annually.

At the conclusion of the meeting an informal reception and "tea drinking" was enjoyed.

Mrs. Oglesby's Luncheon.

MRS. J. G. OGLESBY was the hostess at a beautiful luncheon given at her home yesterday in compliment to Mrs. Carleton Hillyer, of Augusta.

The decorations were of white and green. The centerpiece was a platter of delicious malaga grapes. Placed about it were cut glass vases of narcissus, and the various appointments of the luncheon were in white and green. The party, besides the hostess and her guest of honor, were Mrs. Howard Van Epps, Mrs. E. L. Connally, Miss Sallie Brown, Mrs. J. W. Fears, Mrs. A. W. Calhoun.

Mrs. Wooley's Luncheon.

MRS. VASSAR WOOLLEY will entertain informally at luncheon Wednesday in compliment to Mrs. Carleton Hillyer, of Augusta, and Miss Stuart, of Montgomery. Carnations will decorate the table and the guests will be Mrs. Prioleau Ellis, Mrs. Edmund Berkeley, Mrs. Howard Van Epps, Mrs. Edward Jones, Mrs. W. A. Wimbish.

Mrs. Nash Broyles' Tea.

MRS. NASH BROYLES and the Misses Nutting will be the charming hostesses at 5 o'clock Friday evening. The house will be handsomely decorated with palms and pink flowers and about seventy-five guests will be entertained. In the receiving party will be Mrs. Edward Van Winkle, Miss Susie Wilson, Miss Estelle Cole, Mrs. Loyd Parks, Mrs. Jarnagin, Mrs. Forrester, Mrs. Peabody, Mrs. Arnold Broyles. Mrs. Broyles will wear a becoming toilet of white silk muslin, lace trimmed. Miss Nutting will wear white lisse, and Miss Effie Nutting pale pink point d'esprit.

To Mrs. Inman Sanders.

MRS. EDWARD S. GAY will be the hostess at 5 o'clock tea Thursday afternoon, the occasion being in honor of her daughter, Mrs. Inman Sanders, who has but recently returned from Bremen. Mrs. Gay will be assisted in receiving by her beautiful daughters, Mrs. Sanders, Mrs. Thomas B. Paine and Miss Louise Gay. Assisting in the entertainment of the guests will be young women who were attendants at the wedding of Mrs. Sanders.

The decorations throughout the house will be of palms, ferns and pink roses and carnations. Two hundred guests have been invited.

Miss Garrett's Tea.

MISS AUGUSTA GARRETT entertained about two hundred guests yesterday afternoon at five o'clock tea, in compliment to her guest, Miss Crass, of Chattanooga. Pink was the prevailing color in the decorations and a profusion of roses and carnations were used in beautifying the house.

In the dining room the mahogany table was covered with a renaissance lace cover, the centerpiece being a tall vase of pink carnations.

Little Misses Nellie Belle Catlett and Helen Ware presided over the punch bowl. Miss Nell O'Donnelly and Miss Nell Phillips served tea, and Miss Emma Belle Lownes chocolates. Miss Garrett was assisted in the entertainment of the guests by Mrs. W. J. Garrett, Miss Helen Black, Miss Eva Wilby, Misses Laura and Barbara Adair, Miss Emma Lou Garrett, Miss Lena Swift and Mrs. Oscar Baker.

Mrs. Ellis Entertains.

MRS. PRIOLEAU ELLIS will be the charming young hostess at an informal five o'clock tea Friday afternoon. The occasion will be a compliment to Miss Stuart, of Montgomery, and Miss Thornton, of Birmingham. Mrs. Ellis will be assisted in doing the honors of the afternoon by a bevy of charming women.

Young Matrons to Meet.

THE Young Matrons' Club will meet this morning at 10:30 o'clock with Mrs Charles Bowen, at her residence, 139 Forrest avenue. The members are Mrs. Harvey Anderson, Mrs. Clifford



MISS MAY McAFEE,
A Beautiful and Talented Young Woman of Dalton, Ga.

Anderson, Mrs. Claud Buchanan, Mrs. James Williams, Mrs. Walter Dobbins, Mrs. Luther Williford, Mrs. Will Spalding, Mrs. M. S. Houser, Mrs. Frank Lester, Mrs. Joseph Raine, Jr., Mrs. John Walters, Mrs. Pritchett, Mrs. Paul Clement, Mrs. George Holliday, Jr., Mrs. Clyde King, Mrs. Charles Whitner, Mrs. Floyd Furlow and Mrs. H. N. Hurt.

To Mr. and Mrs. Kendrick.

MR. AND MRS. ALEX SMITH will entertain in a unique and charming manner Thursday evening in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. John Ryland Kendrick, of Philadelphia. The evening will have many interesting features, among them a "symposium of nonsense," while the concluding part of the programme will be an informal musical programme. There will be sixty guests present, among them many of the friends of Mr. Kendrick during his boyhood days spent in Atlanta. He is the brother of Mrs. Smith.

To Miss Louise Gay.

MRS. THOMAS B. PAINE entertained at an informal and delightful chafing dish party Saturday evening in compliment to her pretty young sister, Miss Louise Gay. The guests present were Miss Jennie English, Miss Josie Stockdell, Miss Janie Speer, Miss Sadie Morris, Miss Lucia Abbott, Miss Nan Payne, Miss Eugenia Oglesby, Mr. and Mrs. John Sanders, Mr. John Waldin, Mr. Charley Ryan, Mr. Hugh Adams, Mr. Ulric Atkinson, Mr. Ed Peeples, Mr. Hugh Robinson, Mr. Charles Crankshaw and Mr. Richard Bell.

To Miss Payne.

ONE of the brilliant social events of the week will be the buffet luncheon which Mrs. Carroll Payne gives on Thursday at 2 o'clock in compliment to her guest, Miss Nan Payne.

The decorations will be in white and green and several hundred guests will be delightfully entertained on this occasion.

Mrs. Payne will be assisted in receiving by Miss Nan Payne, Miss Florence Jackson, Miss Lucia Abbott and Miss Addie Maude.

Mrs. Patty to Entertain.

MRS. HENRY M. PATTY will be the hostess at 5 o'clock, Thursday afternoon, January 30. The guests of honor will be Miss Patty and Miss Robertson, of Jackson, Miss. There will be seventy-five guests calling, and Mrs. Patty will be assisted in the entertainment of her guests by Miss Helen Crew, Miss Susan Calhoun, Miss Julia Porter, Mrs. Louise Foster, Miss Hattie Scales.

Burns' Birthday Party.

MRS. HAMILTON DOUGLAS, in her unique and brilliant entertainment commemmorating the birthday of Robert Burns, has taken the initiative here in a form of entertainment, that will no doubt prove as compensating and popular in Atlanta as it is in the larger cities where clubs similar to the Burns Club, of Atlanta, are organized for literary and social pleasures. Few hostesses are as well capacitated as is Mrs. Douglas to combine as much pleasure of varied kind as she did in her entertainment to the Burns Club.

There was music, literature and art, good fellowship, good feeling and good things to eat, and no social function of the season has given more complete pleasure to as many guests, there being about 150 present.

The incident of the beautiful decorations, palms, ferns and crimson flowers, charmed the eye on entrance to the hospitable home, and Mrs. Douglas was a most interesting figure, when in sweet conversational tone she paid tribute to the great poet whose birthday was celebrated. She talked first of the spirit of Burns' works, his life, his career, his philosophy, and then delightfully interpreted a number of his masterpieces.

At the insistent request of his many friends present, Mr. Douglas gave, with inimitable grace and humor, the famous poem, "Tam O'Shanter."

Mrs. Alex Stirling was the musical artiste who charmed her hearers with a group of favored Scotch songs, and the entire party joined her in singing "Auld Lang Syne."

Delicious refreshments were served, among the unique dilicacies being the tiny Scotch oat cakes served with the tea, and short cakes in thistle design.

These were served by a group of lovely young women, who wore white gowns with corsage bouquets of thistles.

Among the interesting momentoes of the Burns Club shown by Mrs. Douglas was in the nature of a tribute to the late well known journalist, P. J. Moran. It was his picture, about which was a wreath of leaves sent from historic spots in Scotland. Several months previous to his death he wrote to a friend in Scotland asking for momentoes from certain historic monuments. They came in two boxes of plants which arrived in the city two weeks after Mr. Moran's death.

On the programmes which Mrs. Douglas presented to her guests as souvenirs were the beautiful verses by Frank L. Stanton, "A Day With Bobby," a miniature of the poet and the features of the informal programme rendered.

A Unique Entertainment.

MRS. HAMILTON DOUGLAS was the hostess at a unique and enjoyable entertainment yesterday afternoon. The occasion was in commemoration of the birthday of Robert Burns, and was in the nature of an afternoon in the song and verse of that great poet. There were over a hundred guests in attendance, including a large number of the Burns Club, and many were the features of interest introduced by the brilliant hostess.

The house was artistically decorated with palms, potted plants and cut flowers, and a picture, attracting interested attention, was a touching tribute to a deceased member of the Burns Club, the late Mr. P. J. Moran. The picture was framed in a wreath of green leaves, coming from historic spots in Scotland, and were a demonstration of Mr. Moran's interest in Burns and the Burns Club.

Several months ago he wrote to a friend in Scotland to send him mementoes from certain historic spots. They were sent in the form of two boxes of plants, which arrived in the city two weeks after Mr. Moran's death. Mr. Douglas secured specimens from the collection and with these wreathed the photograph of the lamented member of the club, to whom they were sent.

Mrs. Douglas read during the afternoon, with appreciative charm, "A Man's a Man for a' That," and Mr. Douglas was prevailed upon to recite a number of the most beautiful of Burns' poems.

Mrs. Alexander Sterling sang with characteristic brilliancy a group of Scotch songs, as follows: "Flow Gently, Sweet Afton," "Of a' the Airts the Wind Can Blow," "O, Wert Thou in the Cauld Blast," "My Heart is Sair for Somebody," "Gin a Body Meet a Body," "Annie Laurie," "Scots Wha Hae wi' Wallace Bled," "Auld Lang Syne."

At the conclusion of the informal programme the guests in a burst of enthusiasm sang in chorus, "Auld Lang Syne."

The delicious refreshments served included tiny cakes in the form of thistles, while with the tea and punch were served the little oat cakes of Scottish fame.

Souvenirs of the occasion were cardings bearing miniatures of Burns, the programme of the afternoon and Frank Stanton's famous poem, "A Day With Bobby."

Whist Party.

Mrs. James Nunnally will entertain a few friends at a whist party this morning at 11 o'clock at her home on Peachtree.

The invited guests are Mrs. Ralph Van Landingham, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mrs. John M. Moore, Mrs. Hugh McKee, Mrs. John Fitten, Mrs. Archibald Davis, Mrs. Harry M. Atkinson, Mrs. Robert Ridley, Mrs. James English, Jr., Mrs. Louis Gholstin, Mrs. Norwood Mitchell, Mrs. Lowry Arnold, Mrs. Edward C. Peters, Mrs. Albert Howell, Jr., Mrs. Hartley Johnson.

To Mrs. I. Y. Sage.

Mrs. W. P. Pattillo will entertain the Nineteenth Century History Class next week in compliment to Mrs. I. Y. Sage. The occasion will be a notably brilliant one.

Notice to D. A. R.

The regent of the Piedmont Continental chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution, hereby notifies her chapter that the members are invited to attend the reception to be given by Mrs. I. Y. Sage at the Kimball in compliment to the Atlanta chapter Thursday afternoon from 5 to 7 o'clock.

Sheltering Arms.

All the representatives of the organizations and churches which are considering the matter of taking a day at the restaurant to be held by the ladies of the Sheltering Arms are requested to meet with these ladies this morning at 11 o'clock at the home of Mrs. George Howard, 20 Ponce de Leon avenue.

To Miss Robertson.

Mr. and Mrs. John K. Ottley entertained a party of twelve at cards last night in compliment to Miss Lavinia Robertson, of Columbus. Progressive six-handed euchre was the game played and at its conclusion a delicious chafing dish supper was enjoyed. Besides the host, hostess and guest of honor the party included Mrs. McCabe, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Brown, Miss Connally, Miss Ellen Hillyer, Mr. Jewett McKella, Mr. Eugene Ottley, Mr. Paul Mostello.

Gilbert-Stike.

The wedding of Miss Cone Gilbert and Mr. A. L. Stike occurred Thursday evening at the Capitol Avenue Baptist church.

Mr. and Mrs. Stike are both popular young people who have a host of friends interested in their happiness. They are at home to their friends at 174 South Pryor street.

To Mrs. W. F. Vandiver.

Mrs. Prioleau Ellis entertained informally at luncheon yesterday in compliment to Mrs. W. F. Vandiver, of Montgomery, Ala. The table decorations were an artistic combination of white and pink flowers with ferns, and the menu served was delicious. The party included, besides Mrs. Ellis and Mrs. Vandiver, Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Jr., Miss Stuart, Miss Ellis, Mrs. Vassar Woolley, Mrs. W. A. Wimbish.

Equal Suffrage.

At the equal suffrage work convention which will be held in Charleston by invitation of the exposition board, Georgia will be represented by Miss Katherine Koch and Mrs. Mamie Folsom Wynne, of Atlanta.

At the opening session, February 3, Miss Koch and Mrs. Wynne take part in an interesting suffrage symposium, Miss Koch speaking on the topic, "Does the Taxpaying Woman Need the Ballot?" while Mrs. Wynne speaks on the subject, "Does the Wife and Mother Need the Ballot?"

Mrs. Hirsch's Card Party.

Mrs. Henry Hirsch entertained forty-eight young ladies at a beautiful card party yesterday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. Jack Hirsch, Misses Herman, Frank and Binswanger, of Savannah.

The house was beautifully decorated throughout with palms, ferns and pink carnations, and at the conclusion of the game, an elegant luncheon was served. The handsome prizes included a silver envelope holder, a Dresden China figure and every detail of the entertainment was notably handsome.

Meetings.

The usual business meeting of the Atlanta Equal Suffrage Association will be held with Mrs. Mamie Folsom Wynne, 507, the Grand, Wednesday, at 3 o'clock. The newly elected officers will preside, and a number of addresses will be made. The officers for this year are Alice Daniels, president; May Moore, vice president; Emma Lou Garrett, recording secretary; Mamie Folsom Wynne, corresponding secretary; Emma Bennett, treasurer; Mrs. C. E. Hallam, auditor.

After the meeting, Mrs. May Moore will entertain quite informally in honor of the association in her rooms, 714 the Grand.

Minshall-Hemphill.

Abbeville, S. C., January 27.—(Special.) Last night at the home of General R. R. Hemphill, editor of The Abbeville Medium, his fourth daughter, Miss Rachel Hemphill, was married to Mr. Frederick Minshall by Rev. Dr. T. D. Sloan, of the A. R. P. church.

The bride is one of Abbeville's most popular and deserving young ladies and has a reputation as a bright writer in literary circles. Mr. Minshall is a well-known and most successful civil engineer.

Their China Wedding.

Sparta, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—A brilliant social event was the china wedding of Mr. and Mrs. George Pierce Turner on Friday evening at their home, "Sunshine," 4 miles from Sparta. This historic residence of the late Bishop Pierce, now the property of his grandson and namesake, opened wide its hospitable doors to a happy gathering of relatives and friends. House and grounds were splendidly illuminated and a glow of warmth and comfort pervaded the large apartments from blazing logs in the deep, old fireplaces. The decorations were elaborate, the forest contributing treasures of evergreen for the embellishing of walls, doorways and windows, while a wealth of tropical plants and blossoms charmed the eye by every device of artistic arrangement. In the parlor were displayed the numerous and costly presents received by the host and hostess on this twentieth anniversary of wedded life. An elegant course supper was served in the spacious dining room. Mr. and Mrs. Turner were assisted in receiving by Mrs. Mary Foster, Misses Sara Bailey and Sara Davis, of Augusta; Bessie Reynolds, of Mayfield; Florence Wilcon, Sue Lamar, Susie Yarbrough, Mattilu Yarbrough, Lillian Middlebrooks, Minnie Bowen and Mrs. T. M. Jones, of Sparta. Mrs. Turner was strikingly handsome in white silk, carrying a beautiful bouquet of white roses. The ladies that assisted in receiving wore lovely evening dresses. At a late hour the guests took leave, wishing many years of happiness to the host and hostess and their bright young children, Louise and Pierce, Jr.

A Coming Marriage.

Rome, Ga., January 27.—(Special.)—An engagement of more than local interest has just been announced. Mr. Edward H. West, formerly of Rome, will be wedded to Miss Clarine Buell in Birmingham February 5. The marriage will be quietly solemnized at the home of the bride's mother. Mr. West belongs to one of Rome's leading families. About two years ago he moved to Birmingham and entered business, and is now one of that city's most prominent and prosperous young men. Miss Buell is a niece of ex-Secretary Hilary Herbert, and one of the leading social favorites in Birmingham.

Social Items.

Mr. Richard Jordan, of Macon, spent yesterday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. S. F. Spear, of Boston, Mass., arrive in the city in a few days as the guests of their nieces, Mrs. Neta Bentley and Mrs. John E. Tyler, at 220 East Pine street. Mr. Spear is a well-

Miss Sadie Morris entertains the Spinsters this morning.

Miss Harriet Camden has returned to her home in Mississippi.

Miss Louise Todd will go down to Augusta for the Valentine ball, when she will be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gould Barrett.

Miss Rebecca Raoul will entertain at luncheon on Wednesday in compliment to Mrs. John Sanders.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Banks have returned to their home in Asheville, N. C.

Miss Nell Phillips entertains at a large reception this afternoon in compliment to Miss Nell O'Donnelly and Miss Crass.

Dr. Owens will give a box party tomorrow night to Mansfield in compliment to Miss Julia Taylor and Miss Julia Huguenin, of Macon.

Mrs. Paul G. Hausman and son, Jack, of Montgomery, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. B. Arnold, 447 Washington street.

Judge and Mrs. Andrew Calhoun entertained at a chafing dish party last evening in compliment to Lieutenant Grayson Heidt.

Mrs. J. Monroe Britt, of Columbus, Ga., is visiting Mrs. F. L. Stanton in West End.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter J. Redington, of Redington, Pa., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. T. Cash, 291 Peeples street. They are on their way to the Mardi Gras, and have planned an extended trip through California and intend to be gone until May 1.

The Tuesday Afternoon Euchre Club will be entertained today by Miss Nell Howell.

Miss Sallie Maude Jones is the guest of Mrs. Harris in Griffin, Ga.

Miss Elizabeth Barnes has returned from a short visit to friends in Alabama.

Miss Helen Moore, of Maryland, is the guest this week of Miss Maude Fuller.

Mrs. S. H. Daniels has returned to her home in Washington.

Miss Lula Rice, of Augusta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Malone, on Pryor street.

Mrs. Caspar Myers gave a box party at the Grand Saturday in compliment to Misses Hermann, Frank and Binswanger. The other guests were Mrs. Joseph Hirsch, Mrs. Morris, Hirsch and Mrs. Jack Hirsch.

Misses Mary and Helen Morris have returned from Macon.

Mrs. Will Carey and her son are visiting her daughter in Raleigh, N. C.

Misses Alma and Ione Farr will go to St. Louis the middle of February.

The Epworth League will give a musicale this evening at the residence of Mrs. Ella Turner on Nelson street.

Mrs. C. F. Marshall and Miss Edna Marshall leave tonight for St. Augustine.

Mrs. J. D. Ruden leaves the last of the week for Pensacola, Fla., where she will be the guest of Miss Edna Avery during mardi gras.

Miss Eva Wilby and Miss Crass leave Friday for Athens to visit Miss Lumpkin.

Mrs. William Smythe will entertain at luncheon during the week in compliment to Miss Sarah Brown.

Miss Lavonia Robertson, of Columbus Miss., is the guest of Mrs. Frank Foster in Inman Park.

Miss W. F. Vandiver is the guest of Mrs. McAfee.

The friends of Mrs. E. G. McCabe are according her a warm welcome after her long visit to Mississippi.

Miss Julia Huguenin, of Macon, is the guest of Miss Julia Taylor.

Miss Ethel May leaves Wednesday for New York.

Mrs. J. A. Todd and Miss Louise Todd have returned from Philadelphia.

Miss Rosa Davies has returned from a visit to Washington.

Mr. Henry M. Adams, of Virginia, spent Sunday in the city.

Miss Francis Carter leaves this month for Montgomery, Ala.

Miss Lula Rice, of Augusta, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. John N. Malone, 374 Washington street.

Dr. E. C. Gartledge, who has been in St. Augustine for several months, is rapidly recovering from his long illness.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Evans, Jr., of Mexico City, are the guests of the former's father, General Clement A. Evans, on Peachtree street.

Mrs. Ike Parnell Henderson has returned from a visit to Newnan.

Miss Lucia Comer, of Union Point, will visit friends in Atlanta in April.

Mr. and Mrs. Turner, of Knoxville, who have been visiting Mrs. Walters in West End, have returned home.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Sharp are the guests of Mrs. George Sharp.

Mr. and Mrs. James English, Jr., entertained at dinner Sunday evening. The guests present were: Miss Jennie English, Miss Ruth Hallman, Miss Josie Stockdell, Mr. and Mrs. James McKeldin, Mr. Hugh Adams, Mr. Fulton Colville and Mr. Jim Riley.

Mrs. George W. Adair and her little son, Perry, have returned from Macon.

Mrs. Hugh Hagan has returned home.

Miss Helen Clark, of Chicago, is the guest of Miss Janie Speer.

Mr. G. A. Niles spent the day yesterday with friends in Macon.

Mr. Pierce Howell has returned to his home in Warrenton.

Miss Elizabeth Hunter has returned from Columbus, where she was called on account of the illness of her mother.

Miss Gussie Holloway is confined to her room, threatened with pneumonia.

Miss Mattie Cunningham has as her guest for the week Miss Burrows, of Douglasville.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Durand are in Ormond, Fla., at Hotel Ormond.

A brilliant event of the day will be the german which Miss Janie Speer gives this evening in compliment to her guest, Miss Helen Clark.

WAS TAKEN SUDDENLY ILL.

E. J. Childress Fell from His Horse Unconscious Sunday—Reported Improving.

E. J. Childress, a well-known farmer and citizen, who resides near Cascade, was taken suddenly ill Sunday while en route to the home of John Diggs, a neighbor, to attend services. Before reaching there he was seized with a fainting spell and started back toward his home.

He stopped at the residence of Wilson Hornby, where, after a short time, he became better and thought he was able to go on to his home. When about 300 yards from the house he fell from his horse in an unconscious condition. He was carried back to Mr. Hornby's house and Dr. J. M. Suttles, of Ben Hill, was summoned. Later Mr. Childress was removed to his home. He regained consciousness Sunday night and yesterday morning was reported as improving. Mr. Childress is the father of E. F. Childress, the well-known young attorney.

Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given for the creditors of the estate of Charles Glasgow, late of Fulton county, deceased, and all other persons having demands against his estate, to render in an account of their demands. This November 9, 1901. LAVENDER R. RAY, Executor of Charles Glasgow, 314 Temple Court, Atlanta, Ga.

DIAMONDS,
STERLING SILVER,
JEWELRY,
WATCHES,
FINE ART PIECES.
Charles W. Crankshaw,
Diamond Merchant and Jeweler,
55 Whitehall Street.

Your Hotel
will serve
Grape-Nuts
if you ask
Order the food served dry and with cream to pour over it

The Gas Range Means
comfort, cleanliness, convenience, economy, luxury!
Gas is the ideal modern fuel.
Prices $12.00 and $14.00 connected.
The Atlanta Gas Light Co.

Hayden's Cocoa Chocolates
From the Bean
Pure, Healthful

MRS. J. B. LAPSLEY'S
Georgia Boston Biscuits.
115 1-2 Peachtree.
Three dozen for 25 cents. Special shapes for weddings, receptions and luncheons without extra charge. Telephone 165 main. Prompt delivery.
ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THEM.



Although times are good and money easy, we've never raised the price of our $3 50 Derby to four dollars. We still contend that $3 50 pays for all that goes in the make of a hat—but some people have no conscience.
Now, if you want to buy a label or a name, here are other hats at $5.
See
STETSON'S
new spring shapes in Derbies and Alpines in our show window.
Hose, handkerchiefs and all furnishings for men and boys.

EISEMAN & WEIL,
26 Whitehall St.
Exclusive Agents for W. L. Douglas Shoes.

KREIS, 18 Trinity Avenue.
LADIES AND GENTS DYEING, CLEANING, PRESSING.
PHONE 880.

A RED NOSE
CURED AT YOUR HOME

I can positively cure red nose, red face and blotchy, pimply, ugly skin, no matter what the cause. Consultation in person or by letter is free and strictly confidential.
JOHN H. WOODBURY, Dermatologist, 26 W. 23d St., New York.

Tutt's Liver Pills
keep the system in order and prevent morbid conditions of the liver which precede disease.
A Preventative of
sick headache, dyspepsia, dizziness, bad taste in the mouth, heartburn, coated tongue, loss of appetite, constipation and
All Bilious Diseases.

GORHAM'S STERLING SILVER.


These are Kelley's Prices:
Call and be Convinced
Buttercup Teaspoons, set of 6..... $4.50
Buttercup Soup Spoons, set of 6... 7.50
Buttercup Dessert Forks, set of 6.. 8.50
Buttercup Dessert Knives, set of 6 9.75
Buttercup Dinner Knives, set of 6 11.75
Buttercup Dinner Forks, set of 6.. 11.75
Buttercup Table Spoons, set of 6... 11.75
KELLEY, the Jeweler
28 WHITEHALL ST.


A pleased customer is the best advertisement.
Wilbur's Cocoa
cannot afford to have a displeased patron — therefore we say to the grocer, give back to every dissatisfied purchaser his money.
H. O. WILBUR & SONS,
Philadelphia — New York — Chicago.

THE GRAND
10TH LECTURE
1902 Season of Atlanta Lecture Association.
Prof. John B. De Motte
—ON—
"A PLEA FOR POSTERITY;
—OR—
THE PROBLEM OF HEREDITY."
Tuesday, Jan. 28th
At the Grand. Seats to non-members now on sale at box office.

Wednesday Evening, January 29.
One Appearance Only of Mr. Richard
MANSFIELD
...IN...
"BEAUCAIRE."
Sale Opens Monday.

Thursday, Friday—Matinee Friday.
Last Season's Big Success,
ARIZONA
Same Big Company and Production.
Night prices, 25c to $1.50; matinee, 25c to $1.

Special Announcement.
On Friday and Saturday evenings, February 7 and 8, will be seen for the first time in this city, at the Grand, Miss Kathryn Kidder in her much-talked-of success, "MOLLY PITCHER," the heroine of the American Revolution. On account of the large number of inquiries already made at the box office, it has been decided to open the sale of seats Wednesday at 9 a. m. sharp.

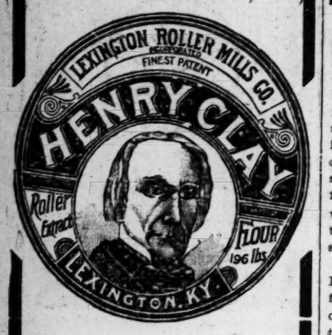
COLUMBIA THEATRE
ALL THIS WEEK.
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday.
MABEL PAIGE
Supported by the SOUTHERN STOCK COMPANY.
Tonight,
"UNDER TWO FLAGS."
Wednesday Matinee,
"THE DEACON'S DAUGHTER."
Prices 10c, 20c and 30c.

DR. J. F. HANEY,
Osteopathic Physician,
SUITE 509 THE GRAND.
Hours 9:30, 12:30, 2:00, 4:30 Sun. 10-11.
Chronic diseases and deformities successfully treated.

RHEUMATISM AND Gout
POSITIVELY CURED BY
LAVILLE'S
LIQUOR OR PILLS.
Used successfully by leading Physicians throughout Europe in treating the MOST COMPLICATED and STUBBORN CHRONIC CASES.
Pamphlet with full information from
E. FOUGERA & CO., 26-30 N. William St., N.Y.

The New and Absolutely Fireproof
HOTEL EARLINGTON.

EUROPEAN PLAN
27th Street, West, Near Broadway, New York City.
The most central and accessible location in the city combined with quiet and refined surroundings.
TARIFF OF RATES: Single rooms (bath), $1.50 to $2.00; Double rooms (bath), 1 person $2.00; Double rooms (bath), 2 persons $3.00. Bath rooms adjoining.
Large double rooms, with private bath rooms, 1 person $3.00. Large double rooms, with private bath rooms, 2 persons $4.00. Suites of parlor, bed room and bath for 1 persons, $3.00; $4.00; $5.00; $7.00. Suites of parlor, bed room and bath for 2 persons, $4.00, $5.00, $6.00, $8.00. Suites of parlor, 2 bed rooms and bath, $7.00, $8.00, $10.00.
E. M. EARLE & SON.
30 years connected with Earle's hotel.



King of Fine Flours

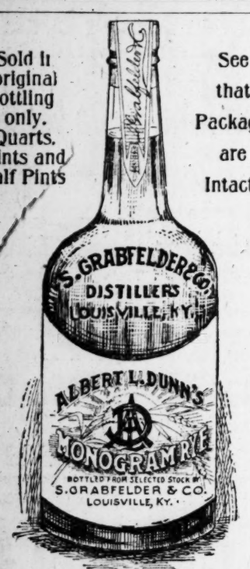
is justly applied to "HENRY CLAY."

If you are not using it, give it a trial and do away with the mishaps that too often occur when using inferior flour.

Your money cheerfully refunded if not perfectly satisfactory is our best recommendation.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

Sold in original bottling only. Quarts, Pints and Half Pints



See that Packages are Intact.

OPIUM COCAINE AND WHISKY Habits Cured at my Sanatorium, in 5 to 8 days. Hundreds of references. 25 years a specialty. Book on Home Treatment sent FREE. Address B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's Business College ATLANTA, GA. The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $35.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dept in the entire civilized world. Graduates Col. free.

SOUTHERN SHORTHAND AND Business University ATLANTA, GA.

8,000 Graduates. Receives from 1 to 5 applications daily for bookkeepers and stenographers. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Telegraphy taught. Refers to Atlanta's business men and bankers. Write for catalogue. Address A. C. Briscoe, Pres., or L. W. Arnold, Vice Pres., Atlanta, Ga.

Wm. LYCETT ATLANTA GA.

It means best of CHINA PAINTING, lessons, materials. White China for painters. Painted China for presents. 30 years in the business. 13 years on Whitehall st. Write for catalogue.

POSITIONS! May deposit money in bank till position is secured or give notes. Car fare paid. Cheap board. Send for 150-p Catalogue. Draughon's PRACTICAL BUSINESS (Write Either Place) Colleges

Cor. Alabama & Whitehall, Atlanta, Nashville St. Louis, Montgomery, Little Rock, Ft. Worth Galveston and Shreveport. Endorsed by business men from Maine to California. Over 1,000 students last year. Author four text books on Bookkeeping; sales on same $25 to $50 per day. No vacation. Enter anytime. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, etc., taught by mail.

TRADE E. W. MARK MOHONK COLLAR

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. YEAL, Manager Lithia Springs Sanitarium. Box 3, Austell, Ga.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.

DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL, Attorneys at Law. Offices 203-204-205-206-207-209-210-211-213 Law Building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

HUGH V. WASHINGTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MACON, GA. Practice in all Courts. 'Phone 329.

PASSING THRONG.

"The tourist business this year demonstrates beyond a doubt that Florida has got to make still more extensive and elaborate preparations to accommodate her winter guests in the near future," remarked W. V. Lifsey, of the Plant system passenger department, who was in the city yesterday. Mr. Lifsey does a great deal of traveling through the state of sunshine and flowers and was for a long time located at Tampa, Fla., where he had an excellent opportunity to watch the travel on that side of the state at least expand and grow.

"I was down on the west coast of Florida the other day," he said, "and I found it almost impossible to get accommodations at one of our own hotels. They are full almost to overflowing now, and the height of the season is yet to come. It is the same way over on the east coast. Mr. Flagler's hotels, I understand, are all crowded, and it is getting so that people who want accommodations have to write ahead two or three weeks for them. Many of those rich people who go down there don't care what they pay. They want comfort and luxury, and they want the best. Cost is a matter of secondary consideration.

"The people of the west—as far west as California—are going to Florida more than ever before. The travel from that section is constantly increasing and to such an extent that it is now taxing the capacity of the extensive hotels that have been constructed, especially for the accommodation of the winter tourists. The result is Florida must build some more big hotels in the near future, or she will have to hang out the S. R. O. sign during the first three months of the year.

"The travel from the west, as you know, has necessitated the putting on within the last few years of two handsomely equipped Pullman trains, while three of these limited trains continue to come down daily from the east. These trains are all crowded every day now and will be for some weeks or until the return movement begins when they will begin to come down comparatively empty and go back with every berth taken. Florida has a still greater future before her, and is fortunate in having moneyed men who know so well how to make the necessary provision for it."

A Massachusetts man, Ex-Mayor Perry Collier, of Beverly, has solved a problem, it would seem, which bids fair to give congress some trouble, that of driving out the rats from the white house. Recently reports were sent out from Washington to the effect that the white house was being overrun with these pests, and all sorts of suggestions were offered, even to putting in steel walls and building an entirely new white house.

According to Mr. Collier's idea, however, the country will not have to go to this expense, for he has just sent President Roosevelt a half dozen Massachusetts cats which are guaranteed to do the work in short order. The cats were shipped by express and tagged to "Theodore Roosevelt, Executive Mansion."

A few days ago Ex-Mayor Collier, of Beverly, Mass., read that the white house was overrun with rats, and he began at once to formulate a plan for their extermination. He asked friends for cats, and out of over 100 offered he picked the six with the best records.

The cats are named after Boston's mayors, past and present.

With the box of cats, Ex-Mayor Collier sent a letter in which he said:

"Having seen in the papers that the executive mansion is overrun with rats, and, as a citizen of this republic, feeling a deep interest in her welfare and her institutions, I have forwarded you six cats. Massachusetts cats are unequaled as rodent hunters, and provided they are not overfed, will clean the rats from the white house in short order."

According to this it looks as if there are more ways than one of preventing a raid on the treasury, even by rats.

B. J. Blakney, of Providence, R. I., is at the Aragon making his first tour of the south. Mr. Blakney is a commercial tourist, and is a close observer.

"It appears to me," he said yesterday, "that the south is the resourceful country of the union. All the way down the Southern I could see nothing but indications of prosperity and happiness. There were no great idle crowds standing about the depot showing idleness and want of occupation on their faces. Everywhere, it appeared to me, were cotton factories, mills or some other kind of industry. If any one goes hungry in this country, it must be his own fault. There seems to be work for all. Where there is work and a willingness to work, prosperity is a certainty."

For years and years the memory of the hotel clerk runs not to the contrary, W. H. Colby has been selling coffees and teas for a New York house. And yet Mr. Colby is not a veteran—there isn't a white hair in his head of jet black to indicate that he has been on the road for years. Mr. Colby placed his name on the Aragon register yesterday, and in a short time was the central figure in a group of traveling men.

"Oh, yes," he said, "I find trade good. But, then, it is never bad with me. You see, the women will have their tea and the men will have their coffee, if not something stronger. Of course, I don't sell anything stronger, but still I see others who do. However, I started to say that just now trade is somehow unusually good in my line. I find the people busy everywhere I go, and, of course, where I find people busy I do business."

A grand masque ball will take place on Tuesday evening, February 4 next, the hosts being the Brewers' Union, No. 108. The Brewers' Union is composed of the best men in that line, and the event is always anticipated with the greatest pleasure by those who are the recipients of invitations. This year the preparations have been unusually extensive for the event.

Lawrence Walker, of Waycross, Ga., has in his possession a cotton receipt which bears date of September 22, 1868. It reads as follows:

"Joseph Vason, Bot W L West, 1 Bale Cotton, 565@22 1-2, $127.12. Sept 22, 1868. Paid."

The cotton for which the receipt was given was of the short-staple variety, and shows that the price was far in excess of the present market price of that staple.

J. R. Kendrix, commissioner of the textile department of the St. Louis exposition, is in the city for a few days visiting his brother in law, Alex W. Smith.

James M. Barnard and W. W. Mackall, of Savannah, are registered at the Aragon.

UNCLE AND NEPHEW CONTEST IN COURT

D. B. Wright Says Steve Jett Assaulted and Beat Him.

IS SEEKING $5,000 DAMAGES

Wright Says He Gave Nephew His Property on Condition He Would Care for Him and Son—Case Tried Yesterday.

An interesting case, in which an uncle is suing his nephew for $5,000 damages for an alleged assault made upon him, was tried yesterday before Judge A. E. Calhoun in the second division of the city court. The evidence and argument of attorneys was concluded, Judge Calhoun will deliver his charge and the case will go to the jury this morning.

The principals in the case of D. B. Wright, the uncle, and Steve Jett, the nephew. Wright claims that Jett assaulted and beat him after he had given him all of his property.

Wright is about seventy years of age, and it seems has an imbecile son. According to the evidence, Wright and his nephew entered into an agreement by which the uncle gave the nephew his property, consisting of 26 acres of land and a house located in the country near Atlanta, on condition that Jett was to provide and care for Wright and his son during their life time. The father and son went to live with Jett and after a time Jett came home drunk, it is said, and committed the assault.

Wright then left the home, secured an indictment charging his nephew with assault with intent to murder; entered suit in the superior court for the recovery of his property, and brought suit in the city court for personal damages. Later he signed a paper, agreeing to quit all of the litigation.

It is this agreement on which the case in the city court hinges. Wright claims that he signed the paper under duress—that Jett threatened to send his son to the asylum unless he signed. On this ground he proceeded to push the case. The defense denies the duress and this question will have to be determined by the jury.

Wright is represented by Attorney Harvey Hill and Lowry Arnold and Jett is represented by Attorney Linton Hopkins. Attorney Hill opened the argument for his client and he was followed by Attorney Hopkins for the defense. Attorney Arnold then closed for the plaintiff. The hour of adjournment had been reached by this time and Judge Calhoun announced that he would not charge the jury until this morning.

$15,000 Suit on Trial.

The trial of the case of John A. Austin against the Western and Atlantic Railroad Company was begun yesterday morning before Judge H. M. Reid in the first division of the city court.

Austin is suing for $15,000 for alleged personal injuries. He was employed by the road in the capacity of coupler and alleges that he was injured on March 27, 1901, by being mashed between an engine and car. He charges negligence to the road.

The plaintiff is represented by Arnold & Arnold and the railroad company is represented by Attorneys Payne & Tye. The trial will probably be concluded today.

William Ledford Acquitted.

William Ledford, a negro, was tried before Judge John S. Candler in the criminal superior court yesterday on the charge of subornation of perjury and was acquitted.

Ledford was charged with attempting to induce witnesses to swear falsely in a damage suit against a railroad company. Several witnesses were introduced during the trial. The case was given to the jury in the afternoon and a verdict of not guilty returned.

Judge Candler disposed of a number of cases yesterday, both jail and bond cases. None of them were of special public interest. Another session of court will be held today and Judge Candler hopes to adjourn for the term this afternoon. Eleven misdemeanor cases were yesterday transferred from the criminal superior to the city court.

The New Champagne Record.

The import in 1901 of 120,359 cases of G. H. MUMM'S EXTRA DRY has never been equaled, exceeding 1-3 of the total nearly 60,000 cases more any other brand. The Extra Dry now imported is similar to the 1889 vintage, being more delicate, breedy and better than the 1893. Immense reserves guarantee the indefinite continuance of this quality.

FIRE IN MARKHAM BLOCK

Firemen Fight Flames in Warehouse of Lamar-Rankin Drug Company—Loss Not Great.

A fire broke out in the warehouse of the Lamar-Rankin Drug Company, at 26 Central avenue, last night about 10:15 o'clock. The store is in the Markham block at the railroad corner.

The fire started on the second floor among a lot of drugs and chemicals and looked serious for a while. The firemen had to work hard and quick and a great deal of water was used.

In half an hour the flames were extinguished. The stock was damaged by water and fire to the value of $400 or $500. The building was not injured.

A disastrous fire occurred in the same building last year, having started in the warehouse of J. J. & J. E. Maddox, in the rear of the building and across an alley. The portion of the building in which the fire started last night had been almost wholly rebuilt.

The origin of the fire last night is not known.

At Hotel Aragon.

The following were among the arrivals at the Aragon yesterday: F. E. McComb, Indianapolis; E. K. Hicks, Philadelphia, Pa.; James M. Banard, Savannah, Ga.; W. W. Mackall, Savannah, Ga.; George A. Pate, New Orleans; Mrs. J. M. Robertson, New Orleans, La.; Mr. and Mrs. William Cooper Porter, Cincinnati; Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Conklin, Chicago; T. Hill Mansfield and wife, Chicago; Mrs. E. Western, Chicago; J. E. Sanders and wife, Chicago; E. B. Hewey, North Carolina; Usher Thomason, Madison; Albert G. Foster, Madison.

Mardi Gras Rates Via A. & W. P. R. R.

Atlanta to Pensacola and return, $10.10.
Atlanta to Mobile and return, $10.60.
Atlanta to New Orleans and return, $14.85.

Tickets on sale February 4 to 10 inclusive, with final limit February 15, 1902. Extension of final limit may be obtained until February 28, 1902, by deposit of ticket with joint agent on or before February 15, and on payment of fee of 50 cents.

Make your sleeping car reservations in advance.

For detailed information call at city ticket office, No. 7 Pryor street, Bell 'phone No. 53, or union depot ticket office.

L. H. HILL, Union Ticket Agent.
GEORGE W. ALLEN, City Ticket and Passenger Agent.
J. B. BILLUPS, District Passenger Agent.
B. F. WYLY, JR., General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

RAILWAY NOTES.

Bonds Sold for New Road.

Birmingham, Ala., January 27.—(Special.)—The latest is that bonds have been sold and the proceeds deposited in New York banks for the building of two railroads from this city, one to Mobile and the other to Pensacola.

In this connection an old story involving a matter of vital importance to this district is reviewed.

It is stated by gentlemen who have recently returned from New York and who decline to allow themselves to be quoted that it is now a recognized fact that the United States Steel Company owns the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway Company and is responsible for its present management. It is asserted that the United States company will no longer conceal its ownership of the Tennessee company, but will very soon commence to utilize the Alabama plants to an enormous extent for the manufacture of steel for the foreign trade.

The two railroads referred to are a necessary part of this great plan. The combination here of raw material properties, plants for the manufacture of pig iron, steel and their finished products and the double lines of roads to the two best ports on the gulf will make this the ideal point for the great steel trust company to conduct its greatest operations.

The West Point's New Move.

The Atlanta and West Point and the Western of Alabama have made an addition to their passenger service between Atlanta and Montgomery in the shape of a cafe and observation car line operated on trains 35 and 36, which leave and reach Atlanta at 5:30 a. m. and 11:40 p. m., respectively.

The cars are elegant in every particular and will add greatly to the comfort of travel on these trains. With the exception of the Atlanta and Macon line of the Southern this is the only line of observation cars operated south out of Atlanta.

The initial run was made from Montgomery last night. The first car of this line to leave Atlanta leaves this morning at 5:30 o'clock.

Wadley & Mount Vernon To Extend.

The Wadley and Mount Vernon is to build an extension of 200 miles, which will carry the line into Valdosta. The present southern terminus of the road is Rixville and it is from this point that the extension will be made. About 12 miles of this extension have already been graded and the officials of the line announce that contracts have been made for the rails necessary to lay the whole 200 miles of track.

Application for an amendment to the charter was filed with Secretary of State Cook yesterday. Ever since the original line was built the Wadley and Mount Vernon has done a considerable business. When the proposed extension is completed the road will have a mileage of 390 miles. Valdosta is now one of the principal railway centers of south Georgia and when the Wadley and Mount Vernon gets into it its chances for business will be greatly improved, as here it will connect with both the Plant system and the Georgia Southern and Florida.

What Judge Reagan Thinks.

Under this caption Leonard's Railway News gives the opinion rendered by Chairman Reagan, of the Texas railroad commission, as to the new freight rates enforced on the roads by the commission. Atlanta railway men think that Judge Reagan has put the case aptly.

Leonard's Railway News says:

Chairman Reagan, of the Texas railroad commission, who dissented from the decision of the majority of the commission in the adoption of the new class freight rates on merchandise not embraced in commodity tariffs, has issued a statement, giving his reason for opposing the new rates. He says in part:

"I think the reductions for distances of 25 miles and less make the rates unreasonably low; I think the rates for distances between 25 and 50 miles are much too low. The increase in the distance at which the maximum rates are reached from 188 miles to 245 miles, make an unnecessary reduction in rates, and is a reversal of the policy and action of this commission from the time of its organization to the present, of so arranging our rates as to preserve competition between dealers and manufacturers in this state and those of other states. This extension of the maximum distance will have the effect of concentrating the jobbing and wholesale business and the manufacturing business of the state in a few of the larger cities of the state, and in drawing these branches of business away from the secondary and minor cities and towns of the state, and thus tend to promote monopoly and to limit necessary competition.

"I fear the adoption of this classification and scale of rates may operate unfavorably on the construction of new railroads in the state, now progressing so satisfactorily, and may delay the improvement of the roadbeds, and the increase of their rolling stock now much needed.

"While I am as anxious as others to protect the people against unnecessary burdens, I do not forget that the material prosperity and welfare of our people greatly depend on the facilities of transportation furnished them by the railroads, and that in all the past it has been the policy of the state to encourage their construction and proper equipment. I think this policy was wise in the past, and ought to be adhered to in the future."

The new rates are effective February 10.

Tifton Case Decided.

The railroad commission has just decided the Tifton petition for a reduction of freight rates, and on the main question Tifton loses, while she gains in some minor points.

About a year ago the people of Tifton petitioned the commission for lower rates and an order was issued directing that the rates at Tifton should not be higher than those at Albany. The railroads then raised certain rates at Albany and lowered others at Tifton, putting them on a parity.

This time the people of Tifton wanted the Albany rates put back and the Tifton rates lowered to them. The commission refused to make this change.

Another feature of the Tifton petition was a request that the rate from Tifton to any certain point be made the same as the rate from that point to Tifton. They wanted the rates in opposite directions equalized. This feature of the petition was granted.

Sparks and Cinders.

R. E. Lutz, of Montgomery, traffic manager of the Atlanta and West Point and the Western of Alabama, was in the city yesterday.

Traveling Freight Agent A. E. Woodell of the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific, returned to the city yesterday after an extended trip over his territory.

The rumors as to the sale of the Chicago and Eastern Illinois have aroused a large amount of interest in Atlanta. It is said that the Louisville and Nashville has made an offer for the road, but it is not known whether or not there is any great probability of a consummation of the deal in the near future.

The Southern has also been mentioned as a possible purchaser, though if it has made an offer no announcement of the fact has been given to the public.

The Chicago and Eastern Illinois is now the Louisville and Nashville's preferred Chicago connection and if the Southern should get control of it the Louisville and Nashville would have a hard fight for northwestern business, in the opinion of the majority of Atlanta railway men.

Traveling Passenger Agent Warren H. Fogg, of the Central of Georgia, returned yesterday from the northwest, where he has been in consultation with the officials of the roads operating the "Chicago and Florida Limited" for the purpose of providing sufficient equipment to handle the increasing business of the Florida flyer.

A GORDON STREET LOT.

We have for sale a lot on Gordon street, near Joel Chandler Harris' residence, for $1,800.

This lot is 60 by 430 and is one of the most eligible lots in that splendid section of Atlanta. Other lots in this locality are held at $50 a foot, which would make this lot bring $3,000. If you want a $3,000 lot for $1,800 let us show you this.

P. S.—Call for our Weekly Rent List when you are in search of anything to rent.

G. W. ADAIR.

The "Best" Office Supplies

Pens, Pencils, Writing-fluids, Mucilage, Erasers, Fasteners, Rubber Bands, Paper Clips and Files, etc., and a large line of Ready-made Blank Books.

THE FOOTE & DAVIES COMPANY

The Best in Printing and the Allied Arts — 65 E. Alabama St. Atlanta, Georgia

COFFEE SELLERS MIX UP IN COURT

Czintz Called Jud Glenn a Liar in Police Court.

GLENN WANTED TO FIGHT

Recorder Fined Czintz Once and Glenn Twice—The Men Are Rivals in Business.

The trial of L. J. Glenn, better known as "Jud" Glenn, a former attorney, resulted in some spicy developments in the recorder's court yesterday.

Glenn was arrested by License Inspector Hunter last Saturday on the charge of doing business without a license. Eugene Czintz, manager of the Oriental Coffee and Tea Company, appeared as a witness and he stated he had employed Glenn to sell his coffee and tea and Glenn had started in business for himself.

"While Glenn was still in my employ," stated Czintz, "he tried to get my customers by telling them my coffee and tea were no good. Now he is selling the tea and coffee for a bogus company which he has called the Orleans Coffee and Tea Company. His business cards are an exact imitation of mine and he used the name Orleans as it is very near like that of Oriental."

Glenn admitted he was working for himself and said he would take out a license.

"I did not know I was liable for a license," he said, "as I sell for a concern which already has a license. I am trying to make an honest living since my profession was taken from me. This man, Czintz, wouldn't raise my salary and he does not parch his coffee fresh every day as he advertises."

"That's a lie," exclaimed Czintz.

"You hear that, your honor?" said Glenn to the court.

"Yes, I do," replied the recorder, "and I will fine Czintz $5.75 for contempt of court. I will fine Glenn $5.75 for doing business without a license."

Glenn and Czintz went down stairs to pay their fines, when Glenn told Czintz he would whip him before the sun went down for calling him a liar in court.

Thereupon Inspector Hunter brought both men back into court.

"I must have protection for my business and my person," stated Czintz.

"Yes, and I will fine Glenn $3.75 more for saying he would whip you," announced the recorder.

"Judge, this man called me a liar in court," said Glenn.

"And I punished him for it," said the recorder. "That's enough of this matter now, and I want it to end."

Glenn paid the additional fine, making $9.25. He will now have to pay $25 for a city license.

A Deep Mystery.

It is a mystery why women endure Backache, Headache, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Melancholy, Fainting and Dizzy Spells when thousands have proved that Electric Bitters will quickly cure such troubles. "I suffered for years with kidney trouble," writes Mrs. Phebe Cherley, of Peterson, Ia., "and a lame back pained me so I could not dress myself, but Electric Bitters wholly cured me, and, although 73 years old, I now am able to do all my housework." It overcomes Constipation, improves Appetite, gives perfect health. Only 50c at all druggists.

NEW JEWISH CONGREGATION

Garnett Street Synagogue Will Be Turned Over to Newly Formed Church.

A new Jewish congregation composed of a number of the worshipers in the Garnett street synagogue has been organized, and efforts will be made to secure the Forsyth street building in which to conduct the services. For several months it is understood that there has been a desire on the part of some members of the congregation to establish a new congregation. The movement took practical shape when they secured the services of the Rev. Dr. E. M. K. Brown, formerly of this city, and a proposition was made to the old congregation whereby the Garnett street synagogue was to be turned over to the use of the newly formed congregation.

The recently formed congregation is composed of conservative Hebrews. The name of the Garnett street synagogue will, if secured by them, be called Skaaray Tikvoh, which in English means "Gates of Hope." Rabbi Brown dedicated the Garnett street synagogue twenty-five years ago, and when the new congregation takes possession he will rededicate it.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes: "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health." They always do. Try them. Only 25c at all druggists.

RUSH AT THE BOX OFFICE

Some Thought To Get Tickets Sunday Afternoon but Were Turned Away Sadly Disappointed.

MAY BE THE RECORD AUDIENCE

Hundreds in Line To Get Tickets To Hear Richard Mansfield.

The sale of tickets for Richard Mansfield's performance of "Beaucaire" at the Grand opera house on Wednesday night began with a rush yesterday morning. Long before the box office in the theater opened at 9 o'clock a crowd began to assemble, and when the ticket seller opened his window over three hundred people were crowding and jostling each other in the arcade.

An erroneous report got out on Sunday that the sale of tickets would begin on that day and many persons who called at the theater to purchase tickets Sunday afternoon were turned away disappointed. Some of these were inclined to demand tickets, and one pretty young woman who was informed by an attache of the theater that tickets would not be on sale until Monday morning, expressed herself in decided tones that "It was just too mean for anything, so there!" Whereupon she swept out of the theater in high dudgeon, her pretty head tilted high in the air.

A slim man with slim black whiskers approached the ticket seller shortly after the box office opened yesterday morning. He evidently contemplated soaring among the ethereal heights of the gallery gods, as the reporter overheard him say: "Well, I was up there to hear Patti and Zangwill, but I don't know about Mansfield." The genial ticket seller assured him that Mr. Mansfield's lungs were quite as strong as Mme. Patti's and Mr. Zangwill's, so the inquirer purchased a ticket and left the building with a satisfied smile on his face, which was partly concealed by his slim black whiskers.

Mr. Mansfield will only give one performance of "Beaucaire" and it is probable that he will appear before the record audience of the season in this city. The management of the Grand opera house believes that today's sale of seats will be even larger than yesterday's.

CHARLESTON TRIP PUT OFF

Mayor and Council Will Visit Exposition in March.

DECISION MADE YESTERDAY

If Atlanta Party Went at This Time Suitable Accommodations Might Not Be Secured.

It has been definitely settled to postpone the visit of the mayor and council to Charleston. As originally decided it was the purpose of the Atlanta party to attend the exposition the second week in February, but at a meeting of the arrangements committee yesterday afternoon this plan was reconsidered.

A majority of the members of the committee were of the opinion that it would be impossible to make all the necessary preparations by the 9th of next month. The desire of the committee was to have the city make as good a showing as possible at Charleston, and to that end it was agreed that plenty of time was needed in which to make all the preparations.

As one of the committeemen expressed it, Atlanta should wish to send such a representative party as would be a compliment to the city of Charleston. It was also stated that, as President Roosevelt would be in attendance on the exposition at the time originally set for the visit of the mayor and council, the city would doubtless be greatly crowded and the members of the party from Atlanta might, in consequence, find some difficulty in securing necessary accommodations.

If the visit is made the latter part of March, it was thought, the hotels would not be so greatly crowded and the accommodations would be better. This decision on the part of the committee will be communicated to the mayor of Charleston and other plans will be arranged for the visit later.

HOME MADE SHIRTS

Ours is the best equipped factory in the country, and our Shirtings comprise every pattern woven in foreign and domestic mills. . . .

Patronize Home Industry.

Swift & Wood

Custom Shirt Makers,

103 N. PRYOR STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES

FUNERAL NOTICES.

HUFF.—Died, yesterday morning, at his residence on Seaboard avenue, Mr. Leonidas Washington Huff, Sr. The friends of his family and of the family of Mr. J. L. Wootten are invited to attend the funeral service to be held at the residence this morning at 7:30 o'clock. Interment at Washington, Ga.

SMITH—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Smith are requested to attend the funeral of the latter from the Sacred Heart church at 2:30 p. m. Pallbearers will meet at 121 W. Baker. James Hanlon, Pat Hanlon, Pat Smith, Charles Mallinson, J. F. Whittle, Charles Mallinson, Jr.

MEETING.

The regular communication of Gate City lodge, No. 2, F. and A. M., will be held in Masonic hall, corner Forsyth and Mitchell streets, this (Tuesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. There will be work in the master's degree. All qualified brethren fraternally invited. By order of SAMUEL E. SMITH, W. M.
VIRGIL JONES, Secretary.

J. A. LeSueur, Architect, wants to do your architectural work and superintend your building. He will make it to your interest. Write to him or call 2388 Bell 'phone, Atlanta, Ga.

M. M. Mauck, 42 Peachtree Street. Paints, paper, painting, paper hanging.

THE WEATHER.

Washington, January 27.—Forecast for Tuesday and Wednesday:

Virginia—Fair, colder Tuesday with a cold wave; Wednesday fair, continued cold; fresh northwest to northerly winds.

North Carolina—Clearing and much colder Tuesday, with a cold wave in central and west portions and at night in eastern portion; brisk northerly winds; Wednesday fair; continued cold.

South Carolina—Rain Tuesday morning, followed by clearing and much colder with a cold wave; Wednesday fair and continued cold; fresh to brisk northerly winds.

Eastern Florida—Showers Tuesday, followed by clearing, colder in north and central portions with a cold wave at night; freezing temperature by Wednesday morning to Tampa, and probably heavy frost in interior of south central portion; Wednesday fair, continued cold; winds becoming northwesterly and brisk.

Western Florida—Fair, much colder Tuesday; freezing temperature; brisk northerly winds; Wednesday fair; continued cold.

Alabama—Fair, much colder Tuesday, freezing temperature to the coast; brisk northerly winds; Wednesday fair; continued cold.

Mississippi—Fair, continued cold Tuesday and probably Wednesday; fresh northeasterly winds.

Louisiana—Generally fair; continued cold Tuesday; Wednesday fair and not so cold; fresh northeasterly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Tuesday; not so cold in northwest portion; probably showers and warmer at night or Wednesday; fresh to brisk northeastly winds on the coast.

Western Texas—Partly cloudy Tuesday, probably rain or snow in extreme west portion, not so cold in extreme north portion; Wednesday generally fair; easterly winds, becoming variable.

Kentucky—Fair, continues cold Tuesday and Wednesday; north to easterly winds.

Tennessee—Fair Tuesday, colder in eastern portion; Wednesday fair, continued cold; north to easterly winds.

From Various Stations.

Station and State of Weather.	Temperature 7 p. m.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 12 hours.
Abilene, Texas	22	24	.00
Augusta, cloudy	56	70	T
Buffalo, part cloudy	14	18	.01
Charleston, part cloudy	64	72	.00
Charlotte, rain	52	56	.16
Chattanooga, part cloudy	30	58	.00
Chicago, clear	0	2	.00
Cincinnati, clear	14	20	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy	32	32	.00
Detroit, clear	6	14	T
Dodge City, clear	16	20	.00
Galveston, cloudy	36	38	.06
Huron, clear	—6	4	.00
Jacksonville, clear	68	74	.00
Kansas City, part cloudy	10	12	.00
Knoxville, cloudy	28	40	.14
Memphis, clear	22	26	.00
Mobile, rain	46	64	.12
Montgomery, rain	42	64	.64
New Orleans, rain	44	46	.26
New York, clear	32	46	.02
Norfolk, rain	44	64	.02
North Platte, part cloudy	8	12	.00
Omaha, clear	4	6	.00
Palestine, clear	20	34	.00
Raleigh, cloudy	46	58	.04
Rapid City, clear	—18	8	.00
St. Louis, cloudy	12	12	.00
St. Paul, clear	—10	—10	.00
Savannah, clear	66	78	.00
Tampa, cloudy	70	78	.00
Vicksburg, cloudy	30	34	.06
Wilmington, cloudy	60	74	.00

T indicates trace of rain or snow.
J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

Arrival and Departure of Trains.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

Arrive From		Depart To	
Jonesboro	6 45 am	*Jonesboro	5 50 am
*Savannah	7 25 am	*Savannah	7 50 am
*Jonesboro	8 05 am	Hapeville	8 30 am
Hapeville	9 40 am	St. Augustine	9 50 am
*Macon	11 20 am	Jonesboro	12 10 pm
Jonesboro	2 05 pm	Hapeville	3 40 pm
Hapeville	4 50 pm	*Macon	4 05 pm
Hapeville	6 15 pm	Hapeville	6 00 pm
Savannah	7 45 pm	Jonesboro	6 10 pm
St. Augustine	7 55 pm	*Savannah	8 30 pm
Jonesboro	8 10 pm	Jonesboro	11 10 pm
Following Trains Sunday Only:		Following Trains Sunday Only:	
Hapeville	10 45 am	Hapeville	9 10 am
Hapeville	2 05 pm	Hapeville	12 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Nashville	7 30 am	*Nashville	8 22 am
Marietta	8 32 am	Marietta	12 10 pm
*Chicago	8 50 am	Chattanooga	5 00 pm
*Chattanooga	10 35 am	Marietta	5 30 pm
Marietta	2 40 pm	*Chicago	8 05 pm
*Nashville	7 30 pm	*Nashville	8 30 pm

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Norfolk	7 50 am	*Clinton	7 40 am
*Washington	3 55 pm	*Washington	12 00 n'n
*Clinton	7 00 pm	*Norfolk	8 00 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Augusta	5 00 am	*Augusta	7 35 am
Conyers	6 45 am	Lithonia	10 05 am
Covington	7 45 am	*Augusta	3 10 pm
*Augusta	12 45 pm	Conyers	5 00 pm
Lithonia	3 25 pm	Covington	6 10 pm
*Augusta	8 00 pm	*Augusta	11 45 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

Arrive From		Depart To	
*Montgomery	11 40 am	*Montgomery	5 30 am
*Selma	7 30 pm	*Montgomery	12 30 pm
*Selma	11 40 pm	*Selma	4 20 pm
LaGrange	9 25 am	Palmetto	12 01 pm
Palmetto	2 15 pm	LaGrange	5 30 pm
Sunday Only.		Sunday Only.	
LaGrange	10 20 am	LaGrange	8 10 am

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN. (Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta).

Leave Atlanta for Knoxville | 8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville | 7 30 pm
*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

SPECIAL NOTICE

Builders and Contractors.

20 Houses, corner Butler and Hunter Sts., will be sold at public outcry,

Tuesday afternoon at 3 o'clock

On premises, to be removed at once. Shingle and metal roofs—plumbing and gas fixtures; 1 set coal yard scales. Everything absolutely without reserve.

Tuesday at 3 o'clock P. M.

Flooring. Laths. Ceiling. Sash. Shingles. Doors. Blinds. Weather Boards. Moldings. etc.

SOUTH GEORGIA LUMBER CO.

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'Phone 532. 62 W. Hunter St., Corner Madison Ave.